

6-1

Anecdote sur Milton.

Il étoit à la fleur de sa jeu-
nesse, de l'école de Saint-
Paul, il passa à l'université de
Cambridge. Sa beauté et sa
modestie le faisoient appeler
la Demoiselle du collège de Christ.
Un jour d'été, s'étant égaré
dans la campagne, auable de
chaleur et de fatigue, il s'endor-
mit au pied d'un arbre. Pendant
son sommeil, deux Dames étran-
gères passent en voiture, dans
le même endroit. La beauté du
jeune écolier les frappe. Elles
mettent pied à terre, et après
l'avoir considéré un tems
l'éveille

jolie et dont la figure annon-
çoit à peine quinze ans, tire un
crayon de sa poche, écrit plusieurs
lignes sur un papier, et le glisse
en tremblant dans sa main. Elle
remonte à l'instant dans la voiture,
et s'éloigne. Les camarades de
Milton, qui le cherchoient de tous
les côtés, avoient vu d'assez loin
cette scène muette, sans pouvoir
encore distinguer les traits du
jeune homme endormi sur l'herbe.
S'étant approchés après le départ
des Dames, ils reconnurent leur
ami et l'éveillèrent, en l'instrui-
sant de ce qui venoit de se passer.
Le billet, que Milton trouva dans
sa main, lui en dit encore de

vantage. il l'ouvrit, et lut ces
paroles de Guarini: Beaux yeux! qu'
astres mortels, auteurs de tous mes
maux! Si, fermés par le sommeil, vous
avez blessé mon cœur; ouverts, quelle
est votre puissance? — Une aventure
aussi étrange rendit le jeune Milton
sensible, en flattant sa vanité. Dès
ce moment, il désira ardemment devoir
de voir cette belle italienne, qu'il chercha
toujours, sans la trouver jamais. il
aima, à cause d'elle, la langue pleine
de charmes. il voyagea, pour elle,
à Gènes, à Naples, à Florence, à
Rome, et dans toute l'Italie.
Enfin, c'est à cette belle inconnue,
que l'Angleterre doit le
Poëme du Paradis perdu, qui
a honoré cette isle, en immortalisant
son auteur.

Occhi belli.

Guarini ne' suoi madrigali.

Occhi, Stelle mortali,
Ministri de' miei mali,
che'n sogno anco mostiate,
ch'il mio morir beamate,
Se chiusi m'uccidete,
Aperti che farete?

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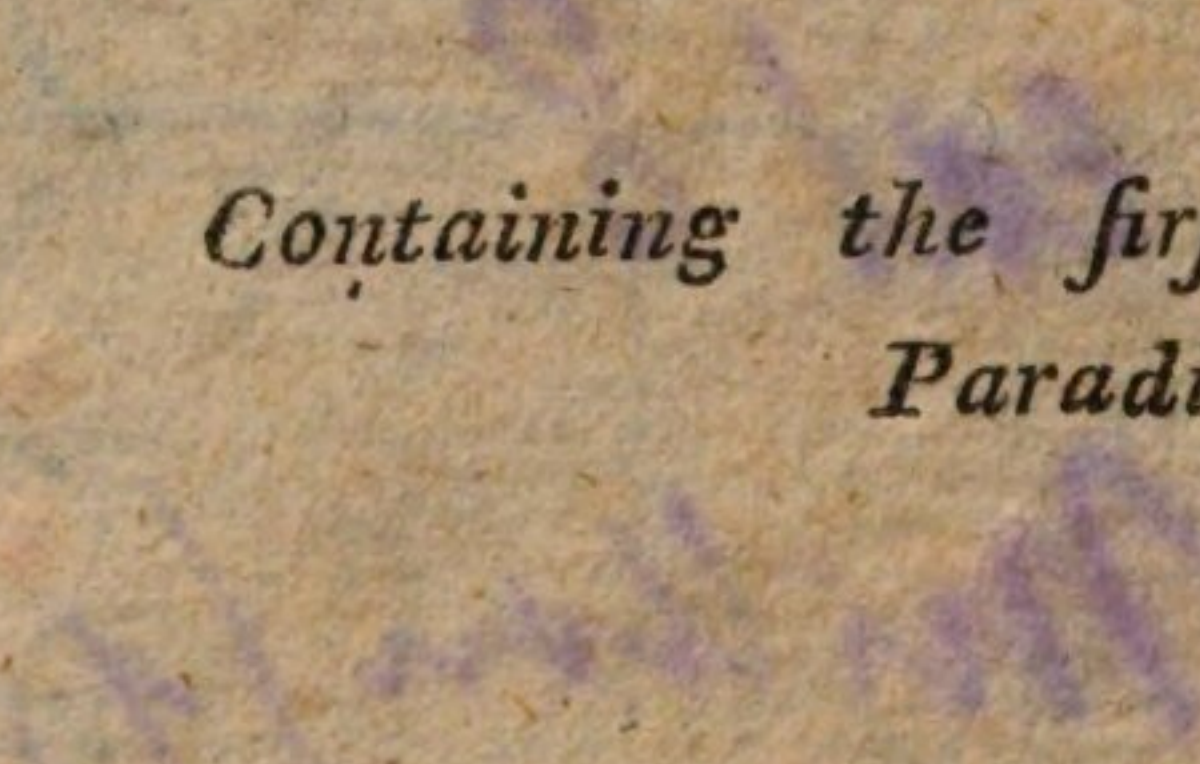
Vol. I.

*Containing the first Part of Miltons
Paradise lost.*

G O T H A

PRINTED FOR STEUDEL AND KEIL.

1805.



PARADISE LOST

A FORM

IN TWELVE BOOKS

BY JOHN MILTON

JOHN MILTON

The first edition of this work was printed in London, 1667.

JOHN MILTON



15864100

PARADISE LOST.

BOOK I.

Of Man's first disobedience, and the fruit
Of that forbidden tree, whose mortal taste
Brought death into the world, and all our woe,
With loss of Eden, till one greater Man
Restore us, and regain the blissful seat, 5
Sing heav'nly Muse, that on the secret top
Of Oreb, or of Sinai, didst inspire
That shepherd, who first taught the chosen seed,
In the beginning how the Heav'ns and Earth
Rose out of Chaos: Or if Sion hill 10
Delight thee more, and Siloa's brook that flow'd
Fast by the oracle of God; I thence
Invoke thy aid to my adventrous song,
That with no middle flight intends to soar
Above th' Aonian mount, while it pursues 15
Things unattempted yed in prose or rhyme.

And chiefly Thou, O Spirit, that dost prefer
Before all temples th' upright heart and pure,
Instruct me, for Thou know'st; Thou from the
first

Wast present, and with mighty wings out-
spread 20

Dove-like sat'st brooding on the vast Abyss,
And mad'st it pregnant: what in me is dark
Illumine, what is low, raise and support;
That to the height of this great argument
I may assert eternal Providence, 25
And justify the ways of God to Men.

Say first, for Heav'n hides nothing from
thy view,

Nor the deep tract of Hell, say first what cause
Mov'd our grand parents, in that happy state,
Favor'd of Heav'n so highly, to fall off 30
From their creator, and transgress his will
For one restraint, lords of the world besides?
Who first seduc'd them to that foul revolt?
Th' infernal Serpent! he it was, whose guile
Stirr'd up with envy and revenge, deceiv'd 35
The mother of mankind, what time his pride
Had cast him out from Heav'n, with all his host
Of rebel Angels, by whose aid aspiring,
To set himself in glory above his peers,
He trusted to have equal'd the most High, 40
If he oppos'd; and with ambitious aim
Against the throne and monarchy of God

Rais'd impious war in Heav'n and battel proud
With vain attempt. Him the almighty Power
Hurl'd headlong flaming from th' ethereal sky, 45
With hideous ruin and combustion, down
To bottomless perdition, there to dwell
In adamant chain and penal fire,
Who durst defie th' Omnipotent to arms. 50
Nine times the space that measures day and
night

To mortal men, with his horrid crew
Lay vanquish'd, rolling in the fiery gulf,
Confounded though immortal: But his doom
Reserv'd him to more wrath; for now the
thought

Both of lost happiness and lasting pain 55
Torments him; round he throws his baleful
eyes,

That witness'd huge affliction and dismay,
Mix'd with obdurate pride and stedfast hate:
At once, as far as angels ken, he views
The dismal situation waste and wild; 60
A dungeon horrible, on all sides round
As one great furnace, flam'd, yed from those
flames

No light, but rather darkness visible
Serv'd only to discover sights of woe;
Regions of sorrow, doleful shades, where
peace 65

And rest can never dwell; hope never comes

That comes to all; but torture without end
Still urges, and a fiery deluge, fed
With ever-burning sulphur unconsum'd:
Such place eternal Justice had prepar'd 70
For those rebellious; here their prison ordain'd,
In utter darkness, and their portion set
As far remov'd from God and light of Heav'n,
As from the centre thrice to th' utmost pole.
O how unlike the place from whence they
fell! 75

There the companions of his fall, o'erwhelm'd
With floods and whirlwinds of tempestuous
fire,

He soon discerns; and welt'ring by his side
One next himself in pow'r, and next in crime,
Long after known in Palestine, and nam'd 80
Beëlzebub. To whom th' Arch-enemy.

And thence in Heav'n call'd Satan, with bold
words

Breaking the horrid silence thus began.

If thou beest He; But O how fall'n! how
chang'd

From him, who in the happy realms of light 85
Cloth'd with transcendent brightness didst
out-shine

Myriads tho' bright! If he whom mutual league,
United thoughts and counsels, equal hope
And hazard in the glorious enterprise,
Join'd with me once, now misery hath joind 90

In equal ruin! Into what pit thou seest
From what height fall'n, so much the stronger
prov'd

He with his thunder: and till then who knew
The force of those dire arms? Yet not for those,⁷⁰
Nor what the potent victor in his rage 95
Can else inflict, do I repent or change,
Though chang'd in outward lustre, that fix'd
mind

And high disdain from sense of injur'd merit,
That with the Mightiest rais'd me to contend,
And to the fierce contention brought along 100
Innumerable force of spirits arm'd,
That durst dislike his reign, and me preferring.
His utmost pow'r with adverse pow'r oppos'd
In dubious battel on the plains of Heav'n,
And shook his throne. What tho' the field be
lost? 105

All is not lost; th' unconquerable will,
And study of revenge, immortal hate,
And courage never to submit or yield,
And what is else not to be overcome;
That glory never shall his wrath or might 110
Extort from me. To bow and sue for grace
With suppliant knee, and deify his pow'r,
Who from the terror of this arm so late
Doubted his empire; that were low indeed,
That were an ignominy and shame beneath 115
This downfall; since by fate the strength of Gods

And this empyreal substance cannot fail,
Since through experience of this great event
In arms not worse, in foresight much advanc'd,
We may with more successful hope resolve, 120
To wage by force or guile eternal war,
Irreconcilable to our grand foe,
Who now triumphs, and in th' excels of joy
Sole reigning holds the tyranny of heaven.

So spake th' apostate Angel, though in
pain, 125

Vaunting aloud, but rack'd with deep despair:
And him thus answer'd soon his bold compeer.

O Prince, O chief of many throned Powers,
That led th' imbattel'd Seraphim to war
Under thy conduct, and in dreadful deeds 130
Fearless, endanger'd Heav'n's perpetual king,
And put to proof his high supremacy,

Whether upheld by strength, or chance, or fate;
Too well I see and rue the dire event, 135
That with sad overthrow and foul defeat
Hath lost us Heav'n, and all this mighty host
In horrible destruction laid thus low,

As far as Gods and heav'nly essences
Can perish: for the mind and spirit remains
Invincible, and vigor soon returns, 140
Though all our glory extinct, and happy state
Here swallow'd up in endless misery.

But what if he our conqu'ror, whom I now
Of force believe almighty, since no less

Than such could have o'er-pow'r'd such force
as ours,

Have left us this our spirit and strength
entire 146

Strongly to suffer and support our pains,
That we may so suffice his vengeful ire,
Or do him mightier service as his thralls
By right of war, whate'er his business be, 150
Here in the heart of Hell to work in fire,
Or do his errands in the gloomy deep;
What can it then avail, though yet we feel
Strength undiminish'd, or eternal being
To undergo eternal punishment? 155
Whereto with speedy words th' Arch-fiend
reply'd.

Fall'n Cherub, to be weak is miserable
Doing or suffering: but of this be sure,
To do ought good never will be our task,
But ever to do ill our sole delight, 160
As being the contrary to his high will
Whom we resist. If then his providence
Out of our evil seek to bring forth good,
Our labour must be to pervert that end,
And out of good still to find means of evil; 165
Which oft-times may succeed, so as perhaps
Shall grieve him, if I fail not, and disturb
His inmost counsels from their destin'd aim.
But see! the angry victor hath recall'd
His ministers of vengeance and pursuit 170

Back to the gates of Heav'n: the sulphurous hail
Shot after us in storm, o'er-blown hath laid
The fiery surge, that from the precipice
Of Heav'n receiv'd us falling; and the thunder,
Wing'd with red lightning and impetuous
rage, 175

Perhaps hath spent his shafts, and ceases now
To bellow through the vast and boundless deep.
Let us not slip th' occasion, whether scorn,
Or satiate fury yield it from our foe.
Seest thou yon dreary plain, forlorn and
wild, 180

The seat of desolation, void of light,
Save what the glimmering of these livid flames
Casts pale and dreadful? Thither let us tend
From off the tossing of these fiery waves,
There rest, if any rest can harbour there, 185
And re-assembling our afflicted Powers,
Consult, how we may henceforth most offend
Our enemy, our own loss how repair,
How overcome this dire calamity,
What reinforcement we may gain from
hope, 190

If not, what resolution from despair.

Thus Satan talking to his nearest mate
With head up-lift above the wave, and eyes
That sparkling blaz'd, his other parts besides
Prone on the flood, extended long and
large, 195

Lay floating many a rood: in bulk as huge
As whom the fables name of monstrous size,
Titanian, or Earth-born, that warr'd on Jove,
Briareus or Typhon, whom the den
By ancient Tarsus held, or that sea-beast
Leviathan, which God of all his works
Created hugest, that swim th' ocean stream:
Him haply flumb'ring on the Norway foam
The pilot of some small night-founder'd skiff
Deeming some island, oft, as sea-men tell,
Whith fixed anchor in his scaly rind
Moors by his side under the lee, while night
Invest the sea, and wished morn delays:
So stretch'd out huge in length the Arch-fiend
lay,

Chain'd on the burning lake, nor ever
thence

210

Had ris'n or heav'd his head, but hat the will
And high permission of all-ruling Heaven
Left him at large to his own dark designs,
That with reiterated crimes he might
Heap on himself damnation, while he
sought

215

Evil to others, and enrag'd might see
How all his malice serv'd but to bring forth
Infinite goodness, grace and mercy shown
On Man by him seduc'd, but on himself
Treble confusion, wrath and vengeance
pour'd.

220

Forthwith upright he rears from off the pool
His mighty stature; on each hand the flames
Driv'n backward slope their pointing spires,
and roll'd

In billows, leave i'th' midst a horrid vale.
Then with expanded wings he steers his
flight 225

Aloft, incumbent on the dusky air
That felt unusual weight, till on dry land
He lights, if it were land that ever burn'd
With solid, as the lake with liquid fire;
And such appear'd in hue, as when the force 230
Of subterranean wind transports a hill
Torn from Pelorus, or the shatter'd side
Of thund'ring Aetna, whose combustible
And fuel'd entrails thence conceiving fire,
Sublim'd with mineral fury, aid the winds, 235
And leave a singed bottom all involv'd
With stench and smoke; Such resting found
the sole

Of unblest feet. Him follow'd his next mate,
Both glorying, to have 'scap'd the Stygian flood
As Gods, and by their own recover'd
strength, 240

Not by the sufferance of supernal Power.

Is this the region, this the soil, the clime,
Said then the lost Arch-Angel, this the seat,
That we must change for heav'n, this
mournful gloom

For that celestial light? Be it so, since he 245
Who now is sov'rain, can dispose and bid
What shall be right: farthest from him is best,
Whom reason hath equall'd, force hath made
supreme

Above his equals. Farewell happy fields,
Where joy for ever dwells! Hail horrors!
hail 250

Infernal world, and thou profoundest Hell,
Receive thy new possessor; one who brings
A mind not to be chang'd by place or time.
The mind is its own place, and in itself
Can make a Heav'n of Hell, a Hell of
Heaven. 255

What matter where, if I be still the same,
And what I should be, all but less than he,
Whom thunder hath made greater? here at least
We shall be free; th' Almighty hath not built
Here for his envy, will not drive us hence: 260
Here we may reign secure; and in my choice
To reign is worth ambition tho' in hell:
Better to reign in Hell, than serve in Heaven,
But wherefore let we then our faithful friends
Th' associates and copartners of our loss, 265
Lie thus astonish'd on th' oblivious pool,
And call them not to share with us their part
In this unhappy mansion, or once more
With rallied arms to try what may be yet
Regain'd in Heav'n, or what more lost in
Hell? 270

So Satan spake, and him Beëlzebub
Thus answer'd: Leader of those armies bright,
Which but th' Omnipotent none could have
foil'd,
If once they hear that voice, their liveliest
pledge

Of hope in fears and dangers, heard so oft 275
In worst extremes, and on the perilous edge
Of battel when it rag'd, in all assaults
Their surest signal, they will soon resume
New courage and revive, tho' now they lie
Groveling and prostrate on yon lake of fire, 280
As we ere while, astounded and amaz'd,
No wonder, fall'n such a pernicious height.

He scarce had ceas'd, when the superior Fiend
Was moving toward the shore; his pond'rous
shield,

Ethereal temper, massy, large and round, 285
Behind him cast; the broad circumference
Hung on his shoulders like the Moon, whose
orb

Through optic glass the Tuscan artist views
At evening from the top of Fesolè,
Or in Valdarno, to descry new lands, 290
Rivers or mountains in her spotty globe.
His spear, to equal which the tallest pine
Hewn on Norwegian hills, to be the mast
Of some great ammiral, were but a wand,
He walk'd with, to support uneasy steps 295

Over the burning marle not like those steps
On heaven's azure, and the torrid clime
Smote on him sore besides, vaulted with fire:
Nathless he so endur'd, till on the beach
Of that inflamed sea he stood, and call'd 300
His legions, Angel-forms, who lay entranc'd
Thick as autumnal leaves, that strow the brooks
In Vallombrosa, where th' Etrurian shades
High over-arch'd embow'r; or scatter'd sedge
Aflote, when with fierce winds Orion arm'd 305
Hath vex'd the Red-Sea coast, whose waves
o'erthrew

Busiris and his Memphian chivalry,
While with perfidious hatred they pursued
The sojourners of Goshen, who beheld
From the safe shore their floating carcases 310
And broken chariot wheels: so thick bestrown
Abject and lost lay these, covering the flood,
Under amazement of their hideous change.
He call'd so loud, that all the hollow deep
Of hell resounded. Princes, Potentates, 315
Warriors, the flow'r of Heav'n, once your's,
now lost,

If such astonishment as this can seize
Eternal Spirits; or have ye chos'n this place
After the toil of battel to repose
Your wearied virtue, for the ease you find 320
To slumber here, as in the vales of Heaven?
Or in this abject posture have ye sworn

To adore the conqueror? who now beholds
Cherub and Seraph rolling in the flood,
With scatter'd arms and ensigns, till anon 325
His swift pursuers from Heav'n gates discern
Th' advantage, and descending tread us down
Thus drooping, or with linked thunderbolts
Transfix us to the bottom of this gulf,
Awake, arise, or be for ever fall'n, 330
They heard, and were abash'd, ^{off} and up they
sprung

Upon the wing, as when men wont to watch
On duty, sleeping found by whom they dread,
Rouse and bestir themselves ere well awake.
Nor did they not perceive the evil plight, 335
In which they were, or the fierce pains not feel;
Yet to their General's voice they soon obey'd
Innumerable. As when the potent' Rod
Of Amram's Son, in Egypt's evil day,
Wav'd round the coast, up call'd a pitchy
cloud 340

Of locusts, warping on the eastern wind,
That o'er the realm of impious Pharaoh hung
Like night, and darken'd all the land of Nile:
So numberless were those bad Angels seen
Hovering on wing under the cope of Hell 345
'Twixt upper, nether, and surrounding fires;
Till, as a signal giv'n, th'up-lifted spear
Of their great Sultan waving to direct
Their course, in even ballance down they light

On the firm brimstone, and fill all the plain; 350
A multitude! like which the populous north
Pour'd never from her frozen loins, to pass
Rhene or the Danaw, when her barbarous sons
Came like a deluge on the south, and spread
Beneath Gibraltar to the Libyan sands. 355
Forthwith from ev'ry squadron and each band
The heads and leaders thither haste, where stood
Their great commander; God-like shapes and
forms

Excelling human, princely Dignities,
And Pow'rs, that earst in heaven sat on
thrones; 360

Though of their names in heav'nly records now
Be no memorial, blotted out and ras'd
By their rebellion, from the books of life,
Nor had they yet among the sons of Eve
Got then new names, till wand'ring o'er the
earth, 365

Thro' God's high sufferance for the tryal of man,
By fallities and lies the greatest part
Of mankind they corrupted to forsake
God their creator, and th'invisible
Glory of him that made them to transform 370
Oft to the image of a brute, adorn'd
With gay religions full of pomp and gold,
And Devils to adore for Deities:
Then were they known to men by various names,
And various Idols thro' the Heathen world. 375

Say, Muse, their names then known; who
first, who last,
Rous'd from the slumber, on that fiery couch,
At their great emperor's call, as next in worth
Came singly where he stood on the bare strand,
While the promiscuous croud stood yet aloof. 380
The chief were those, who from the pit of Hell
Roaming to seek their prey on earth, durst fix
Their seats long after next the seat of God,
Their altars by his altar, Gods ador'd
Among the nations round, and durst abide 385
Jehovah thund'ring out of Sion, thron'd
Between the Cherubim; yea, often plac'd
Within his sanctuary itself their shrines,
Abominations; and with curst things
His holy rites and solemn feasts profan'd 390
And with their darkness durst affront his light.
First Moloch, horrid king, besmear'd with blood
Of human sacrifice, and parents tears,
Though for the noise of drums and timbrels loud
Their children cries unheard, that pass'd
through fire 395
To his grim idol. Him the Ammonite
Worship'd in Rabba and her watry plain,
In Argob and in Basan, to the stream
Of utmost Arnon. Nor content with such
Audacious neighbourhood, the wisest heart 400
Of Solomon he led by fraud, to build
His temple right against the temple of God
On

On that opprobrious hill, and made his grove
The pleasant valley of Hinnon, Tophet thence
And black Gehenna call'd, the type of Hell. 405
Next Chemos, th' obscene dread of Moab's sons,
From Aroar to Nebo, and the wild
Of southmost Abarim; in Hesebon
And Heronaim, Seon's realm, beyond
The flow'ry dale of Sibma clad with vines, 410
And Eleäle to the Asphaltic pool.

Peor his other name, when he entic'd
Israel in Sittim on their march from Nile
To do him wanton rites, which cost them woe.
Yet thence his lustful orgies he enlarg'd
Even to that hill of scandal, by the grove
Of Moloch homicide, lust hard by hate;
Till good Iosiah drove them thence to Hell.

With these came they, who from the bord'ring
Of old Euphrates to the brook, that parts 420
Aegypt from Syrian ground, had general
names

Of Baälim and Ashtaroth; those male,
These feminine. For Spirits when they please
Can either sex assume, or both; so oft
And uncompounded is their essence pure, 425
Not ty'd or manac'd with joint or limb,
Nor founded on the brittle strength of bones,
Like cumbrous flesh; but in what shape they
choose

Dilated or condens'd, bright or obscure,
Can execute their airy purposes, 430
And works of love or enmity fulfil.
For those the race of Israel oft forsook
Their living strength, and unfrequented left
His righteous altar, bowing lowly down
To bestial Gods; for which their heads as
low 435
Bow'd down in battel, sunk before the spear
Of despicable foes. With these in troop
Came Astoreth, whom the Phoenicians call'd
Astarte, queen of Heav'n, with crescent
horns;
To whose bright image nightly by the moon 440
Sidonian virgins paid their vows and songs,
In Sion also not unsung, where stood
Her temple on th' offensive mountain, built
By that uxorious King, whose heart tho' large,
Beguil'd by fair idolatresses, fell 445
To idols foul. Thammuz came next behind,
Whose annual wound in Lebanon allur'd
The Syrian Damsels to lament his fate
In am'rous ditties all a summer's day,
While smooth Adonis from his native rock 450
Ran purple to the sea, suppos'd with blood
Of Thammuz yearly wounded: the love-tale
Infected Sion's daughters with like head,
Whose wanton passions in the sacred porch
Ezekiel saw, when by the vision led 455

His eyes survey'd the dark idolatries
Of alienated Judah. Next came one
Who mourn'd in earnest, when the captive ark
Maim'd his brute image, head and hands lopt off
In his own temple, on the grunsel edge, 460
Where he fell flat, and sham'd his worshippers;
Dagon his name, sea-monster, upward man
And downward fish: yet had his temple high
Rear'd in Azotus, dreaded through the coast
Of Palestine, in Gath, and Ascalon, 465
And Accaron, and Gaza's frontier bounds.
Him follow'd Rimmon, whose delightful seat
Was fair Damascus, on the fertil banks
Of Abbana and Pharphar, lucid streams.
He also against the house of God was bold: 470
A leper once he lost, and gain'd a king,
Ahaz his sottish conqu'rour, whom he drew
God's altar to disparage and displace,
For one of Syrian mode, whereon to burn
His odious offerings, and adore the Gods 475
Whom he had vanquish'd. After these appear'd
A crew, who under names of old renown,
Osiris, Isis, Orus, and their train,
With monstrous shapes and sorceries abus'd
Fanatic Aegypt and her priests, to seek 480
Their wand'ring Gods disguis'd in brutish forms
Rather than human. Nor did Israel 'scape
Th' infection, when their borrow'd gold
compos'd

The calf in Oreb; and the rebel king
Doubled that sin in Bethel and in Dan, 485
Likening his Maker to the grazed ox,
Jehovah, who in one night when he pass'd
From Aegypt marching, equal'd with one stroke
Both her first-born and all her bleating Gods.

Belial came last, than whom a spirit more
lewd 490

Fell not from Heaven, or more gross to love
Vice for itself: to him no temple stood
Or altar smoak'd; yet who more of than he
In temples and at altars, when the priest
Turns atheist, as did Eli's sons, who fill'd 495
With lust and violence the house of God?

In courts and palaces he also reigns
And in luxurious cities, where the noise
Of riot ascends above their loftiest towers,
And injury and outrage: and when night 500
Darkens the streets, then wander forth the sons
Of Belial, flown with insolence and wine.
Witness the streets of Sodom, and that night
In Gibeah, when the hospitable door
Expos'd a matron to avoid worse rape. 505

These were the prime in order and in might;
The rest were long to tell, tho' far renown'd:
Th' Ionian Gods, of Javan's issue held
Gods, yet confess'd later than Heav'n and Earth,
Their boasted parents. Titan, heav'n's first-
born, 510

With his enormous brood, and birthright seiz'd
By younger Saturn; he from mightier Jove
His own and Rhea's son like measure found;
So Jove usurping reign'd: these first in Crete
And Ida known, thence on the snowy top 515
Of cold Olympus rul'd the middle air,
Their highest Heav'n; or on the Delphian cliff,
Or in Dodona, and through all the bounds
Of Doric land; or who with Saturn old
Fled over Adria to the Hesperian fields, 520
And o'er the Celtic roam'd the utmost isles. *Ry.*

All these and more came flocking, but with
with looks

Down-cast and damp, yet such wherein
appear'd

Obscure some glimpse of joy, to have found
their Chief

Not in despair, to have found themselves not
lost 525

ly In loss itself; which on his count'nance cast
Like doubtful hue: but he his wonted pride
Soon recollecting, with high words, that bore
Semblance of worth, not substance, gently rais'd
Their fainting courage, and dispell'd their
fears. 530

Then strait commands that at the warlike sound
Of trumpets loud, and clarions, be uprear'd
His mighty standard: that proud honor claim'd
Azazel as his right, a Cherub tall;

Who forthwith from the glittering staff unfurl'd *up roll* 535

Th' imperial ensign; whith full high advanc'd,
Shone like a meteor streaming to the wind,
With gems and golden lustre rich imblaz'd,
Seraphic arms and trophies: all the while

Sonorous metal blowing martial sounds: 540

At which the universal host up sent

A shout, that tore Hell's concave; and beyond
Frighted the reign of Chaos and old Night.

All in a moment thro' the gloom were seen

Ten thousand banners rise into the air 545

With orient colours waving: with them rose

A forest huge of spears; and thronging helms

Appear'd, and serried shields in thick array,

Of depth immeasurable: anon they move

In perfect Phalanx to the Dorian mood 550

Of flutes, and soft recorders; such as rais'd

To height of noblest temper Heroes old

Arming to battel; and instead of rage,

Deliberate valor breath'd, firm, and unmov'd

With dreath of dead to flight or foul retreat; 555

Nor wanting power to mitigate and swage,

With solemn touches, troubled thoughts, and

chafe

Anguish, and doubt, and fear, and sorrow,

and pain,

From mortal or immortal minds. Thus they

Breathing united force, with fixed thought 560

Mov'd on in silence to soft pipes, that charm'd
Their painful steps o'er the burnt soil: and now
Advanc'd in view, they stand, a horrid front
Of dreadful length, and dazzling arms, in guise
Of warriors old with order'd spear and
shield, 565

Awaiting, what command their mighty Chief
Had to impose: he thro' the armed files *✓, 2d / 1st / 2d / 3d / 4th / 5th / 6th / 7th / 8th / 9th / 10th / 11th / 12th / 13th / 14th / 15th / 16th / 17th / 18th / 19th / 20th / 21st / 22nd / 23rd / 24th / 25th / 26th / 27th / 28th / 29th / 30th / 31st / 32nd / 33rd / 34th / 35th / 36th / 37th / 38th / 39th / 40th / 41st / 42nd / 43rd / 44th / 45th / 46th / 47th / 48th / 49th / 50th / 51st / 52nd / 53rd / 54th / 55th / 56th / 57th / 58th / 59th / 60th / 61st / 62nd / 63rd / 64th / 65th / 66th / 67th / 68th / 69th / 70th / 71st / 72nd / 73rd / 74th / 75th / 76th / 77th / 78th / 79th / 80th / 81st / 82nd / 83rd / 84th / 85th / 86th / 87th / 88th / 89th / 90th / 91st / 92nd / 93rd / 94th / 95th / 96th / 97th / 98th / 99th / 100th*
Darts his experienc'd eye, and soon traverse
The whole battalion views their order due;
Their visages and stature as of Gods; 570
Their number last he sums. And now his heart
Distends with pride, and hard'ning in his
strength

Glories: for never since, created man
Met such imbodied force, as nam'd with these
Could merit more than that small infantry 575
Warr'd on by cranes: tho' all the Giant brood
Of Phlegra with th' Heroic race were join'd,
That fought at Thebes and Ilium, on each side
Mix'd with auxiliar Gods: and what resounds
In fable or romance of Uther's son, 580
Begirt with British and Armoric Knights;
And all who since, baptiz'd or infidel,
Jousted in Aspramont or Montalban,
Damasco, or Marocco, or Trebisond;
Or whom Biserta sent from Afric shore, 585
When Charlemain with all his Peerage fell
By Fontarabbia. Thus far these beyond

Compare of mortal prowess, yet observ'd
Their dread commander: he, above the rest
In shape and gesture proudly eminent, 590
Stood like a tow'r: his form had yet not lost
All her original brightness, nor appear'd
Less than Arch - Angel ruin'd, and th' excess
Of glory obscur'd: as when the Sun new-
ris'n

Looks thro' the horizontal misty air, 595
Shorn of his beams; or from behind the moon,
In dim eclipse, disastrous twilight sheds
On half the nations, and with fear of change
Perplexes Monarchs; darken'd so, yet shone
Above them all th' Arch - Angel: but his
face 600
Deep scars of thunder had intrench'd, and
care

Sate on his faded cheek, but under brows
Of dauntless courage, and considerate pride
Waiting revenge: cruel his eye, but cast
Signs of remorse and passion to behold 605
The fellows of his crime, the followers rather,
Far other once beheld in bliss, condemn'd
For ever now to have their lot in pain;
Millions of spirits for his fault amerc'd {
Of heav'n, and from eternal splendors
flung 610

For his revolt, yet faithful now they stood,
Their glory wither'd: as when Heaven's fire

Hath scath'd the forest oaks, or mountain
pines,

With singed top their stately growth tho' bare
Stands on the blasted heath. He now pre-
par'd 615

To speak, whereat their doubled ranks they
bend

From wing to wing, and half inclose him
round

With all his Peers: attention held them mute:
Thrice he assay'd, and thrice in spite of scorn
Tears, such as Angels weep, burst forth: at
last 620

Words interwove with sighs found out their
way.

O myriads of immortal spirits! O Pow'rs
Matchless, but with th' Almighty, and that
strife

Was not inglorious, tho' th' event was dire,
As this place testifies, and this dire change, 625
Hateful to utter: but what pow'r of mind,
Foreseeing or presaging, from the depth
Of knowledge past or present, could have fear'd,
How such united force of Gods, how such
As stood like these, could ever know re-
pulle? 630

For who can yet believe, tho' after loss,
That all these puissant legions, whose exile
Hath emptied Heav'n, shall fail to re-ascend

Self-rais'd, and re-possefs their native feat?
For me be witness all the host of heav'n, 635
If counfels different, or danger shunn'd
By me, have lost our hopes: but he who
reigns

Monarch in Heav'n, 'till then as one secure
Sate on his throne, upheld by old repute,
Consent or custom, and his regal state 640
Put forth at full, but still his strength con-
ceal'd,

Which tempted our attempt, and wrought
our fall.

Henceforth his might we know, and know
our own;

So as not either to provoke, or dread
New war, provok'd; our better part re-
mains 645

To work in close design, by fraud or guile,
What force effected not: that he no less
At length from us may find, who overcomes
By force, hath overcome but half his foe.

Space may produce new worlds; whereof so
rise 650

There went a fame in Heav'n, that he e'er
long

Intended to create; and therein plant
At generation, whom his choice regard
Should favour equal to the sons of Heav'n:
Thither, if but to pry, shall be perhaps 655

Our first eruption, thither or elsewhere:
For this infernal pit shall never hold
Celestial spirits in bondage, nor th'abyss
Long under darkness cover. But these thoughts
Full counsel must mature; peace is de-
spair'd, 660

For who can think submission? war then, war
Open or understood must be resolv'd.

He spake: and to confirm his words out-
flew

Millions of flaming swords, drawn from the
thighs

Of mighty Cherubim: the sudden blaze 665

Far round illumin'd Hell; highly they rag'd

Against the Highest, and fierce with grasped
arms

Clash'd on their sounding shields the din of
war,

Hurling defiance toward the vault of Heav'n.

There stood a hill not far, whose grisly
top 670

Belch'd fire and rolling smoke; the rest entire

Shone with a glossy scurf, undoubted sign

That in his womb was hid metallic ore,

The work of sulphur. Thither wing'd with
speed

A numerous brigad hasten'd: as when
bands 675

Of pioneers, with spade and pickax arm'd,

Fore run the royal camp, to trench a field,
Or cast a rampart. Mammon led them on,
Mammon, the least erected spirit that fell
From Heav'n; for ev'n in Heav'n his looks
and thoughts 680
Where always downward bent; admiring
more
The riches of Heav'n's pavement, trodden
gold,
Than ought divine or holy else, enjoy'd
In vision beatific: by him first
Men also, and by his suggestion taught, 685
Ransack'd the center, and with impious hands
Rifled the bowels of their mother earth,
For treasures better hid. Soon had his crew
Open'd into the hill a spacious wound,
And dig'd out ribs of gold. Let none ad-
mire 690
That riches grow in Hell; that soil may best
Deserve the precious bane. And here let those
Who boast in mortal things, and wond'ring tell
Of Babel, and the works of Memphian kings,
Learn how their greatest monuments of
fame, 695
And strength and art are easily out-done
By spirits reprobate, and in an hour
What in an age they with incessant toil
And hands innumerable scarce perform.
Nigh on the plain in many cells prepar'd, 700

That underneath had veins of liquid fire
Sluc'd from the lake, a second multitude
With wondrous art found out the massy ore;
Severing each kind, and scumm'd the bullion
drofs;

A third as soon had form'd within the
ground 705

A various mould; and from the boiling cells
By strange conveyance fill'd each hollow nook:
As in an Organ from one blast of wind
To many a row of pipes the sound-board
breathes.

Anon out of the earth a fabric huge 710
Rose like an exhalation, with the sound
Of dulcet symphonies and voices sweet,
Built like a temple, where pilasters round
Were set, and Doric pillars overlaid
Wich golden architrave: nor did there want 715
Cornice or freeze, with bossy sculptures
graven;

The roof was fretted gold. Not Babylon,
Nor great Alcairo such magnificence
Equal'd in all their glories, to inhline
Belus, or Serapis their Gods, or seat 720
Their kings, when Egypt with Assyria strove
In wealth and luxury. Th' ascending pile
Stood fix'd her stately height, and strait the
doors

Opening their brazen folds, discover wide

Within, her ample spaces, o'er the smooth 725
And level pavement: from the arched roof,
Pendent by subtle magic many a row
Of starry lamps and blazing cressets, fed
With Naphtha and Asphaltus, yielded light
As from a sky. The hasty multitude 730
Admiring enter'd, and the work some praise
And some the architect: his hand was known
In Heav'n by many a tow'ring structure high,
Where scepter'd angels held their residence,
And sat as Princes; whom the supreme king 735
Exalted to such power, and gave to rule,
Each in Hierarchy, the orders bright.
Not was his name unheard, or unador'd,
In ancient Greece; and in Ausonian land
Men call'd him Mulciber; and how he fell 740
From Heav'n they fabled, thrown by angry
Jove
Sheer o'er the chrystal battlements; from morn
To noon he fell, from noon to dewy eve,
A summer's day: and with the setting sun
Dropt from the zenith like a falling star: 745
On Lemnos th' Aegean isle; thus they relate,
Erring; for he with this rebellious rout
Fell long before; nor ought avail'd him now
T' have built in Heav'n high tow'rs; nor did
he 'scape
By all his engines, but was headlong sent 750
With his industrious crew to build in Hell.

Mean while the winged heralds by command

Of sov'reign pow'r, with awful ceremony
And trumpets sound, throughout the host proclaim

A solemn council forthwith to be held 755

At Pandemonium, the high capital

Of Satan and his Peers: their summons call'd

From every band and squared regiment

By place or choise the worthiest; they anon

With hundreds and with thousands trooping

came 760

Attended: all access was throng'd, the gates

And porches wide, but chief the spacious hall,

Though like a cover'd field, where champions

bold

Wont ride in arm'd, and at the Soldans chair

Defy'd the best of Panim chivalry 765

To mortal combat, or career with lance,

Thick swarm'd, both on the ground and in

the air

Brush'd with the hifs of rustling winds. As bees

In spring time, when the sun with Taurus

rides,

Pour forth their populous youth about the

hive 770

In clusters; they among fresh dews and flowers

Fly to and fro, or on the smoothed plank,

The suburb of their straw-built citadel,

New rubb'd with balm, expatiate and confer
Their state affairs. So thick the aery croud 775
Swarm'd and were straiten'd; till, the signal
giv'n,
Behold a wonder! they but now who seem'd
In bigness to surpass earth's giant sons,
Now less than smallest dwarfs, in narrow room
'Throng numberless, like that pygmean race 780
Beyond the Indian mount, or fairy elves,
Whose midnight revels by a forest side
Or fountain, some belated peasant sees,
Or dreams he sees, while over-head the moon
Sits arbitress, and nearer to the earth 785
Wheels her pale course; they on their mirth
and dance
Intent, with jocund music charm his ear;
At once with joy and fear his heart rebounds.
Thus incorporeal spirits to smallest forms
Reduc'd their shapes immense, and were at
large, 790
Though without number still amidst the hall
Of that infernal court. But far within,
And in their own dimensions like themselves,
The great Seraphic Lords and Cherubim,
In close recess and secret conclave sat; 795
A thousand Demi-gods on golden seats,
Frequent and full: after short silence then
And summons read, the great consult began.

The End of First Book.

BOOK

B O O K II.

High on a throne of royal state, which far
Oulthone the wealth of Ormus and of Ind,
Or where the gorgeous east with richest hand
Show'rs on her kings barbaric pearl and gold,
Satan exalted sat, by merit rais'd 5
To that bad eminence; and from despair
Thus high uplifted beyond hope, aspires
Beyond thus high, insatiate to pursue
Vain war with Heav'n, and by success un-
taught.

His proud imaginations thus display'd. 10

Powers and Dominions, Deities of Heav'n!
For since no deep within her gulph can hold
Immortal vigor, though oppress'd and fall'n,
I give not Heav'n for lost. From this descent
Celestial virtues rising, will appear 15
More glorious and more dread than from no
fall,

And trust themselves to fear no second fate.

Me though just right, and the fix'd laws of
Heav'n

Did first create your leader, next free choice,
With what besides, in council or in fight, 20

Hath been achiev'd of merit, yet this loss
Thus far at least recover'd, hath much more
Establish'd in a safe unenvied throne,
Yielded with full consent. The happier state
In Heav'n, which follows dignity, might
draw 25

Envy from each inferior; but who here
Will envy whom the highest place exposes
Foremost to stand against the Thunderer's aim
Your bulwark, and condemns to greatest share
Of endless pain? Where there is then no
good 30

For which to strive, no strife can grow up there
From faction; for none sure will claim in Hell
Precedence; none, whose portion is so small
Of present pain, that with ambitious mind
Will covet more! With this advantage then 35
To union, and firm faith, and firm accord,
More than can be in Heav'n, we now return
To claim our just inheritance of old,
Surer to prosper than prosperity
Could have assur'd us; and by what best way, 40
Whether of open war or covert guile,
We now debate; who can advise may speak.

He ceas'd, and next him Moloch, sceptred
king, 45
Stood up, the strongest and the fiercest spirit
That fought in Heav'n, now fiercer by
despair: 45

His trust was with th' Eternal to be deem'd
Equal in strength, and rather than be less
Car'd not to be at all; with that care lost
Went all his fear: of God, or Hell, or worse,
He reck'd not; and these words thereafter
spake: / 50

My sentence is for open war: of wiles,
More unexpert, I boast not: them let those
Contrive who need, or when they need, not
now:

For while they sit contriving, shall the rest,
Millions that stand in arms, and longing wait 55
The signal to ascend, sit ling'ring here
Heav'n's fugitives, and for their dwelling-place
Accept this dark opprobrious den of shame,
The prison of his tyranny who reigns
By our delay? No! let us rather choose, 60
Arm'd with hell flames and fury, all at once
O'er Heav'n's high tow'rs to force resistless way,
Turning our tortures into horrid arms
Against the torturer; when to meet the noise
Of his Almighty engine he shall hear 65
Infernal thunder, and for lightning see
Black fire and horrot shot with equal rage
Among his Angels; and his throne itself
Mix'd with Tartarean sulphur, and strange fire,
His own invented torments. But perhaps 70
The way seems difficult and steep to scale
With upright wing against a higher foe.

Let such bethink them, if the sleepy drench
Of that forgetful lake benumb not still,
That in our proper motion we ascend 75
Up to our native seat: descent and fall
To us is adverse. Who but felt of late
When the fierce foe hung on our broken rear
Insulting, and persued us through the deep,
With what compulsion and laborious flight 80
We sunk thus low? th' ascent is easy then;
Th' event is fear'd; should we again provoke
Our stronger, some worse way his wrath may
find
To our destruction: if there be in Hell
Fear to be worse destroy'd: what can be
worse 85
Than to dwell here, driv'n out from blifs,
condemn'd
In this abhorred deep to utter woe;
Where pain of inextinguishable fire
Must exercise us without hope of end,
The vassals of his anger, when the scourge 90
Inexorably and the torturing hour,
Calls us to penance? More destroy'd than thus
We should be quite abolish'd and expire.
What fear then? what doubt we to incense
His utmost ire? which to the height enrag'd, 95
Will either quite consume us, and reduce
To nothing this essential; happier far
Than miserable to have eternal being:

Or if our substance be indeed divine,
And cannot cease to be, we are at worst 100
On this side nothing; and by proof we feel
Our power sufficient to disturb his Heav'n,
And with perpetual inroads to alarm,
Though inaccessible, his fatal throne:
Which, if not victory, is yet revenge. 105

He ended frowning, and his look denounc'd
Desperate revenge, and battel dangerous
To less than Gods. On th'other side up rose
Belial, in act more graceful and humane:
A fairer person lost not Heav'n; he seem'd 110
For dignity compos'd and high exploit;
But all was false and hollow; though his tongue
Dropt Manna, and could make the worse appear
The better reason, to perplex and dash
Maturest counsels: for his thoughts were
low; 115
To vice industrious, but to nobler deeds
Tim'rous and slothful; yet he pleas'd the ear,
And with persuasive accent thus began.

I should be much for open war, O Peers,
As not behind in hate; if what was urg'd 120
Main reason to persuade immediate war,
Did not dissuade me most, and seem to cast
Ominous conjecture on the whole success:
When he who most excels in fact of arms,
In what he counsels and in what excels, 125
Mistrustful, grounds his courage on despair

And utter dissolution, as the scope
Of all his aim, after some dire revenge.

First, what revenge? the tow'rs of Heav'n
are fill'd

With armed watch, that render all access 130
Impregnable; oft on the bordering deep
Encamp their legions, or with obscure wing
Scout far and wide into the realm of night,
Scorning surprise. Or could we break our way
By force, and at our heels all Hell should
rise 135

With blackest insurrection, to confound
Heav'n's purest light; yet our great enemy
All incorruptible would on his throne
Sit unpolluted, and th' etereal mould
Incapable of stain, would soon expel 140
Her mischief, and purge off the baser fire
Victorious. Thus repuls'd, our final hope
Is flat despair: we must exasperate
Th' Almighty Victor to spend all his rage,
And that must end us, that must be our cure 145
To be no more: sad cure! for who would lose,
Though full of pain, this intellectual being,
Those thoughts that wander through eternity,
To perish rather, swallow'd up and lost
In the wide womb of uncreated night, 150
Devoid of sense and motion? and who knows,
Let this be good, whether our angry foe
Can give it, or will ever? how he can,

Is doubtfull; that he never will, is sure.
Will he, so wise, let loose at once his ire, 155
Belike through impotence, or unaware,
To give his enemies their wish, and end
Them in his anger, whom his anger saves
To punish endless? Wherefore cease we then?
Say they who counsel war, we are decreed, 160
Reserv'd, and destin'd to eternal woe;
Whatever doing, what can we suffer more,
What can we suffer worse? Is this then worst,
Thus sitting, thus consulting, thus in arms?
What! when we fled amain, pursu'd and
struck 165
With Heav'n's afflicting thunder, and besought
The deep to shelter us? this Hell then seem'd
A refuge from those wounds: or when we lay
Chain'd on the burning lake? that sure was
worse.
What if the breath that kindled those grim
fires, 170
Awak'd should blow them into sevenfold rage,
And plunge us in the flames? or from above
Should intermitted vengeance arm again
His red right hand to plague us? what if all
Her stores were open'd, and this firmament 175
Of Hell should spout her cataracts of fire,
Impendent horrors, threatening hideous fall
One day upon our heads, while we perhaps
Designing or exhorting glorious war,

Caught in a fiery tempest shall be hurl'd 180
Each on his rock transfix'd, the sport and prey
Of racking whirlwinds; or for ever sunk
Under yon boiling ocean, wrapt in chains;
There to converse with everlasting groans,
Unrespited, unpitied, unrepriev'd, 185
Ages of hopeless end? this would be worse,
War therefore, open or conceal'd, alike
My voice dissuades; for what can force or guile
With him, or who deceive his mind, whose eye
Views all things at one view? He from
Heav'n's height 190
All these our motions vain sees and derides;
Not more almighty to resist our might,
Than wise to frustrate all our plots and wiles.
Shall we then live thus vile, the Race of Heaven
Thus trampled, thus expell'd, to suffer here 195
Chains and these torments? better these than
worse,
By my advice; since fate inevitable
Subdues us, and omnipotent decree,
The victor's will. To suffer as to do,
Our strength is equal, nor the law unjust 200
That so ordains. This was at first resolv'd
If we were wise, against so great a foe
Contending, and so doubtful what might fall.
I laugh, when those who at the spear are bold
And ventrous, if that fail them, shrink and
fear 205

What yet they know must follow, to endure
Exile, or ignominy, or bonds, or pain,
The sentence of their conqu'ror: this is now
Our doom; which if we can sustain and bear,
Our supreme foe, in time may much remit 210
His anger, and perhaps thus far remov'd
Not mind us not offending, satisfy'd
With what is punish'd; whence these raging
fires

Will flaken, if his breath stir not their flames.
Our purer essence then will overcome 215
Their noxious vapor; or enur'd, not feel;
Or chang'd at length, and to the place
conform'd

In temper and in nature, will receive
Familiar the fierce heat, and void of pain;
This horror will grow mild, this darkness
light; 220

Besides what hope the never-ending flight
Of future days may bring, what chance, what
change

Worth waiting, since our present lot appears
For happy though but ill, for ill not worst,
If we procure not to ourselves more woe. 225

Thus Belial with words cloath'd in reason's
gard

Counsel'd ignoble ease, and peaceful sloth
Not peace: and after him thus Mammon spake.

Either to disenthroned the king of Heav'n
We war, if war be best, or to regain 230
Our own right lost. Him to unthroned we then
May hope, when everlasting Fate shall yield
To fickle Chance, and Chaos judge the strife:
The former vain to hope argues as vain
The latter: for what place can be for us 235
Within Heav'n's bound, unless Heav'n's Lord
supreme

We overpower? suppose he should relent
And publish grace to all, on promise made
Of new subjection: with what eyes could we
Stand in his presence bumble, and receive 240
Strict laws impos'd, to celebrate his throne
With warbled hymns, and to his Godhead sing
Forc'd hallelujahs: while he lordly sits
Our envy'd Sov'reign, and his altar breathes
Ambrosial odors, and ambrosial flowers, 245
Our servile offerings? This must be our task
In Heav'n, this our delight; how wearisome
Eternity to spent in worship paid
To whom we hate! let us not then pursue
By force impossible, by leave obtain'd 250
Unacceptable, though in Heav'n, our state
Of splendid vassalage; but rather seek
Our own good from ourselves, and from our
own
Live to ourselves, though in this vast recess,
Free, and to none accountable, preferring 255

Of order, how in safety best me may 280

Compose our present evils, with regard

Of what we are and where, dismissing quite

All thoughts of war. Ye have what I advise.

He scarce had finish'd, when such murmur

fill'd

Th' assembly, as when hollow rocks retain

The sound of blustering wind's, which all night

long

Had rous'd the sea, now with hoarse cadence

lull

Sea-fearing men o'erwatch'd, whose bark by

chance

Or pinnace anchors in a craggy bay

After the tempest: such applause was heard 290

As Mammon ended, and his sentence pleas'd

Advising peace; for such another field

They dreaded worse than Hell: so much the fear

Of thunder, and the sword of Michaël

Wrought still within them; and no less desire 295

To found this nether Empire, which might rise

By policy, and long process of time,

In emulation opposite to Heaven.

Which when Beëlzebub perceiv'd, than whom,

Satan except, none higher sat, with grave 300

Aspect he rose, and in his rising seem'd

A pillar of state; deep on his front engraven

Deliberation sat, and public care;

And princely counsel in his face yet shone,

Majestic though in ruin? sage he stood, 305
With Atlantean shoulders fit to bear
The weight of mightiest monarchies; his look
Drew audience and attention still as night
Or summer's noon-tide air, while thus he spake.

Thrones, and Imperial Pow'rs, Offspring of
Heav'n,

Ethereal Virtues; or these titles now 310
Must we renounce, and changing style, be call'd
Princes of Hell? for so the popular vote
Inclines, here to continue, and build up here
A growing empire: doubtless; while we
dream; 315

And know not that the king of Heav'n hath
doom'd

This place our dungeon, not our safe retreat
Beyond his potent arm, to live exempt
From Heav'n's high jurisdiction, in new league
Banded against his throne, but to remain 320
In strictest bondage, though thus far remov'd
Under th'inevitable curb, reserv'd

His captive multitude: For he, be sure,
In height or depth, still first and last will reign
Sole King, and of his kingdom lose no part 325
By our revolt; but over Hell extend

His empire, and with iron scepter rule
Us here, as with his golden those in Heav'n
What fit we then projecting peace and war?
War hath determin'd us, and foil'd with loss 330

Irreparable; terms of peace yet none
Vouchsaf'd or sought: for what peace will be
giv'n

To us enslav'd, but custody severe,
And stripes, and arbitrary punishment
Inflicted? and what peace can we return? 335

But, to our power, hostility, and hate,
Untam'd reluctance, and revenge, though slow,
Yet ever plotting how the conqueror least
May reap his conquest, and may least rejoice
In doing what we most in suffering feel? 340

Nor will occasion want, nor shall we need
With dangerous expedition to invade
Heav'n, whose high walls fear no assault or
siege,

Or ambush from the deep. What if we find
Some easier enterprize? there is a place,
If ancient and prophetic fame in Heav'n
Err not, another world, the happy seat
Of some new race call'd Man, about this time
To be created like to us, though less
In pow'r and excellence, but favor'd more 350
Of him who rules above: so was his will
Pronounc'd among the Gods, and by an oath,
That shook Heav'n's whole circumference,
confirm'd.

Thither let us bend all our thoughts, to learn
What creatures there inhabit, of what mold, 355
Or substance, how endu'd, and what their pow'r

And where their weakness, how attempted best,
By force or subtlety. Though Heav'n be shut
And Heav'n's high arbitrator sit secure
In his own strength, this place may lye ex-
pos'd 360

The utmost border of his kingdom, left
To their defence who hold it: here perhaps
Some advantageous act may be atchiev'd
By sudden onset, either with hell fire
To waste his whole creation, or possess 365
All as our own, and drive, as we are driv'n
The puny habitans; or if not drive,
Seduce them to our party, that their God
May prove their foe, and with repenting hand
Abolish his own works. This would surpass 370
Comon revenge, and interrupt his joy
In our confusion. and our joy upraise
In his disturbance, when his darling sons,
Hurl'd headlong to partake with us, shall curse
Their frail original, and faded blifs 375
Faded so soon. Advise if this be worth
Attempting, or to sit in darkness here

Hatching vain empires. — Thus Beëlzebub
Pleaded his devilish counsel, first devis'd
By Satan, and in part propos'd: for whence 380
But from the author of all ill, could spring
So deep a malice to confound the race
Of mankind in one root, and earth with hell
To mingle and involve, done all to spite

The great Creator; but their spite still serves 385
His glory to augment. The bold design
Pleas'd highly those infernal States, and joy
Sparkl'd in all their eyes; with full assent
They vote: whereat his speech he thus renews.

Well have ye judg'd, well ended long de-
bate 390

Synod of Gods! and, like to what ye are,
Great things resolv'd; which from the lowest
deep

Will once more lift us up, in spite of fate,
Nearer our ancient seat; perhaps in view 394
Of those bright confines, whence with neigh-
bouring arms,

And opportune excursion, we may chance
Re-enter Heav'n: or else in some mild Zoone
Dwell not unvisited of Heav'n's fair light
Secure, and at the brightning orient beam
Purge off this gloom: the soft delicious air, 400
To heal the scar of these corrosive fires
Shall breathe her balm. But first whom shall
we send

In search of this new world! whom shall we
find

Sufficient? who shall tempt with wandring feet
The dark unbottom'd infinite abyss, 405
And through the palpable obscure find out
His uncouth way, or spread his aery flight
Upborn with indefatigable wings

Over

Over the vast abrupt, e'er he arrive
The happy isle? What strength, what art
can then 410

Suffice, or what evasion bear him safe
Through the strict senteries, and stations thick
Of Angels wathching round? here he had need
All circumspection; and we now no less
Choice in our suffrage: for on whom we
send, 415

The weight of all and our last hope relies.

This said, he sat; and expectation held
His look suspense, awaiting who appear'd
To second, or oppose, or undertake
The perilous attempt: But all sat mute, 420
Pondering the danger with deep thoughts;
and each

In others count'nance read his own dismay
Astonish'd: none, among the choice and prime
Of those hea'n-warring champions, could be
found

So hardy, as to proffer or accept 425
Alone the dreadful voyage: till at last
Satan, whom now transcendent glory rais'd
Above his fellow's, with monarchal pride
Conscious of highest worth, unmov'd thus spake

O Progeny of Heav'n, empyreal Thrones! 430
With reason hath deep silence and demur
Seiz'd us, though undismay'd: long is the way
And hard, that out of Hell leads up to light.

Our prison strong, this huge convex of fire.
Outragious to devour, immures us round 435
Ninefold: and gates of burning adamant
Barr'd over us prohibit all egress
These pass'd, if any pass, the void profound
Of unessential night receives him next
Wide gaping, and with utter loss of being 440
Threatens him, plung'd in that abortive gulf,
If thence he scape into whatever world,
Or unknown region, what remains him less
Than unknown dangers, and as hard escape?
But I should ill become this throne, O Peers, 445
And this imperial sov'reign'ty, adorn'd
With splendor, arm'd with pow'r if ought
propos'd
And judg'd of public moment, in the shape
Of difficulty or danger could deter
Me from attempting. Wherefore do I assume 450
These Royalties, and not refuse to reign,
Refusing to accept as great a share
Of hazard as of honor, due alike
To him who reigns, and so much to him due
Of hazard more, as he above the rest 455
High honor'd sits? Go therefore mighty Pow'rs
Terror of Heav'n, though fall'n; intend at home
While here shall be our home, what best may
ease
The present misery, and render Hell
More tolerable; if there be cure or charm 460

To respite or deceive, or slack the pain
Of this ill mansion. Intermit no watch
Against a wakeful foe, while I abroad
Through all the coast of dark destruction seek
Deliverance for us all: this enterprize 465
None shall partake with me. — Thus saying
rose

The Monarch, and prevented all reply;
Prudent, lest from his resolution rais'd
Others among the chief might offer now,
Certain to be refus'd, what erst they fear'd; 470
And so refus'd might in opinion stand
His rivals, winning cheap the high repute
Which he through hazard huge must earn.

But they
Dreaded not more th'adventure than his voice
Forbidding; and at once with him they
rose: 475

Their rising all at once was as the sound
Of thunder heard remote. Towards him they
bend

With awful reverence prone; and as a God
Extol, him equal to the highest in Heav'n:
Nor fail'd they to express, how much they
prais'd, 480

That for the general safety he despis'd
His own: for neither do the spirits damn'd
Lose all their virtue; lest bad men should boast

Their specious deeds on earth, which glory
excites;

Or close ambition varnish'd o'er with zeal. 485

Thus they their doubtful consultations dark

Ended, rejoicing in their matchless Chief:

As when from mountain tops the dusky clouds

Ascending, while the north-wind sleeps,

o'er-spread

Heav'n's chearful face, the lowring element 490

Scowls o'er the darken'd landscape snow, or

shower;

If chance the radiant sun with farewell sweet

Extend his ev'ning beam, the fields revive,

The birds their notes renew, and bleating herds

Attest their joy, that hill and valley rings. 495

O shame to men! Devil with Devil damn'd

Firm concord holds; men only disagree

Of creatures rational, though under hope

Of heav'nly grace: and God proclaiming peace,

Yet live in hatred; enmity and strife 500

Among themselves, and levy cruel wars,

Wasting the earth, each other to destroy:

As if, which might induce us to accord,

Man had not hellish foes enow besides,

That day and night for his destruction wait. 505

The Stygian council thus dissolv'd, and forth

In order came the grand infernal Peers:

'Midst came their mighty Paramount, and

seem'd

Alone th' antagonist of heav'n, nor less
Than Hell's dread Emperor, with pomp
supreme, 510

And Goh-like imitated state: him round
A globe of fiery Seraphim inclos'd
With bright imblazonry, and horrent arms.
Then of their session ended they bid cry
With trumpets regal sound the great result: 515
Tow'rds the four winds four speedy Cherubim
Put to their mouths the sounding alchemy
By heralds voice explain'd: the hollow Abyss
Heard far and wide, and all the host of Hell
With deaf'ning shout return'd them loud
acclaim. 520

Thence more at ease their minds, and
somewhat rais'd

By false presumptuous hope, the ranged Powers
Disband, and wand'ring, each his several way
Pursues, as inclination or sad choice
Leads him perplex'd, where he may likeliest
find 525

Truce to his restless thoughts, and entertain
The irksome hours, till his great chief return.
Part on the plain, or in the air sublime
Upon the wing, or in swift race contend,
As at th' Olympian games or Pythian fields:
Part curb their fiery steeds, or shun the goal 531
With rapid wheels, or fronted brigads form.
As when, to warn proud cities, war appears

Wag'd in the troubl'd sky, and armies rush
To battel in the clouds, before each van 535
Prick forth the aery Knights, and couch their
spears

Till thickest legions close; with feats of arms
From either end of heav'n the welkin burns.
Others, with vast Typhoean rage, more fell
Rend up both rocks and hills, and ride the
air 540

In whirlwind: Hell scarce hold the wild
uproar,

As when Alcides, from Oechalia crown'd
With conquest, felt th' invenom'd robe, and
tore

Through pain up by the roots Thessalian pines,
And Lichas from the top of Oeta threw 545
Into th' Euboic sea. Others more mild,
Retreated in a silent valley, sing

With notes angelical to many a harp
Their own heroic deeds and hapless fall
By doom of battel; and complain that fate 550
Free virtue should inthrall to force or chance.

Their song was partial, but the harmony,
What could it less when spirits immortal sing?
Suspended Hell, and took with ravishment
The thronging audience. In discourse more
sweet, 555

For eloquence the soul, song charms the sense,
Others apart sat on a hill retir'd,

In thoughts more elevate, an reason'd high
Of providence, foreknowledge, will and fate,
Fix'd fate, free will, foreknowledge abso-
lute, 560

And found no end, in wand'ring mazes lost.

Of good and evil much they argued then,

Of happiness and final misery,

Passion and apathy, and glory and shame,

Vain wisdom all, and false philosophy: 565

Yet with a pleasing sorcery could charm

Pain for a while, or anguish; and excite

Fallacious hope, or arm th' obdured breast

With stubborn patience, as with triple steel.

Another part, in squadrons and gross bands, 570

On bold adventure to discover wide

That dismal world, if any clime perhaps

Might yield them easier habitation, bend

Four ways their flying march, along the banks

Of four infernal rivers, that disgorge 575

Into the burning lake their baleful streams;

Abhorred Styx, the flood of deadly hate;

Sad Acheron, of sorrow black and deep;

Cocytus, nam'd of lamentation loud

Heard en the rueful stream; fierce Phle-

geton, 580

Whose waves of torrent fire inflame with rage.

For off from these a flow and silent stream,

Lethe the river of oblivion rolls

Her watry labyrinth; whereof who drinks,

Forthwith his former state and being for-
gets, 585
Forgets both joy and grief, pleasure and pain.
Beyond this flood a frozen continent
Lies dark and wild, beat with perpetual
storms
Of whirlwind and dire hail; which on firm
land
Thaws not, but gathers heap, and ruin
seems 590
Of ancient pile; or else deep snow and ice,
A gulf profound, as that Serbonian bog
Betwixt Damietta and mount Casius old,
Where armies whole have sunk: the parching
air
Burns froze, and cold performs th' effect of
fire. 595
Thither by harpy-footed furies hal'd
At certain revolutions all the damn'd
Are brought; and feel by turns the bitter
change
Of fierce extremes, extremes by change more
fierce,
From beds of raging fire to starve in ice 600
Their soft ethereal warmth, and there to pine
Immoveable, infix'd, and frozen round,
Periods of time, thence hurried back to fire,
They ferry over this Lethéan sound
Both to and fro, their sorrow to augment, 605

And wish and struggle as they pass, to reach
The tempting stream, with one small drop
to lose

In sweet forgetfulness all pain and woe,
All in one moment, and so near the brink:
But fate withstands, and to oppose th' at-
tempt 610

Medusa with Gorgonian terror guards
The ford, and of itself the water flies
All taste of living wight, as once it fled
The lip of Tantalus. Thus roving on
In confus'd march forlorn, th' advent'rous
bands 615

With shudd'ring horror pale, and eyes aghast,
View'd first their lamentable lot, and found
No rest: through many a dark and dreary vale
They pass'd, and many a region dolorous,
O'er many a frozen, many a fiery Alp, 620
Rocks, caves, lakes, fens, bogs, dens, and
shades of death,

A universe of death, which God by curse
Created evil, for evil only good,
Where all life dies, death lives, and nature
breeds,

Perverse, all monstrous, all prodigious
things, 625

Abominable, inutterable, and worse
Than fables yet have feign'd, or fear conceiv'd,
Gorgons, and Hydra's, and Chimera's dire.

Mean while the Adversary of God and Man,
Satan, with thoughts inflam'd of highest
design, 630
Puts on swift wings, and tow'rd the gates of
Hell
Explores his solitary flight; sometimes
He scours the right-hand coast; sometimes the
left,
Now shaves with level wing the deep; then
soars
Up to the fiery concave towring high 635
As when far off at sea a fleet descry'd
Hangs in the clouds, by equinoctial winds
Close sailing from Bengala, or the isles
Of Ternate and Tidore, whence merchants
bring
Their spicy drugs: they on the trading flood 640
Through the wide Ethiopian, to the Cape
Ply stemming nightly tow'rd the pole. So
seem'd
Far off the flying Fiend. At last appear
Hell bounds high reaching to the horrid roof,
And thrice threefold the gates; three folds
were brass 645
Three iron, three of adamantin rock,
Impenetrable, impal'd with circling fire,
Yet unconsum'd. Before the gates there sat
On either side a formidable shape;

The one seem'd woman to the waste, and
fair, 650

But ended foul in many a scaly fold,
Voluminous and vast, a serpent arm'd
With mortal sting: about her middle round
A cry of hell-hounds never ceasing bark'd
With wide Cerberian mouths full loud, and
rung 655

A hideous peal: yet, when they list, would
creep,

If ought disturb'd their noise, into her womb,
And kennel there, yet there still bark'd, and
howl'd

Within, unseen. Far less abhorr'd than these
Vex'd Scylla bathing in the sea that parts 660
Calabria from the hoarse Trinacrian shore:

Nor uglier follow the night-hag, when, call'd
In secret, riding through the air she comes,

Lur'd with the smell of infant blood, to dance
With Lapland witches, while the lab'ring
Moon 665

Eclipses at their charms. The other shape,
If shape it might be call'd that shape had none
Distinguishable in member, joint, or limb,
Or substance might be call'd that shadow
seem'd,

For each seem'd either; black it stood as
Night, 670

Fierce as ten Furies, terrible as Hell,

And shook a dreadful dart; what seem'd his
head

The likeness of a Kingly crown had on.

Satan was now at hand, and from his seat

The monster moving onward came as fast 675

With horrid strides. Hell trembled as he
strode.

Th' undaunted Fiend what this might be
admir'd;

Admird'd, not fear'd; God an his Son except,

Created thing not valued he nor shunn'd;

And with disdainful look thus first began. 680

Whence and what art thou, execrable shape,
That dar'st, though grim and terrible, ad-
vance

Thy miscreated front athwart my way

To yonder gates? through them I mean to
pass,

That be assur'd, without leave ask'd of
thee. 685

Retire, or taste thy folly, and learn by proof,

Hell-born; not to contend with spirits of
Heav'n.

To whom the goblin full of wrath reply'd,

Art thou that traitor-Angel, art thou He,

Who first broke peace in Heav'n, and faith,
till then

Unbroken, and in proud rebellious arms 691

Drew after him the third part of Heav'n's sons,

Conjur'd against the Highest; for which both
thou

And they, outcast from God, are here con-
demn'd

To waste eternal days in woe and pain? 695

And reckon'st thou thyself with spirits of
Heav'n,

Hell-doom'd! and breath'st defiance here and
scorn

Where I reign King, and, to enrage thee
more,

Thy King and Lord? Back to thy punishment,
False fugitive! and to thy speed add wings; 700

Left with a whip of scorpions I pursue

Thy lingring; or with one stroke of this dart
Strange horror seize thee, and pangs unfelt
before.

So spake the grievly terror, and in shape,
So speaking and so threatning, grew tenfold 705
More dreadful and deform. On th' other side
Incens'd with indignation Satan stood

Unterrify'd, and like a comet burn'd,

That fires the length of Ophiuchus huge

In th' arctic sky, and from his horrid hair 710

Shakes pestilence and war. Each at the head

Level'd his deadly aim; their fatal hands

No second stroke intend; and such a frown

Each cast at th' other, as when two black
clouds,

With Heav'n's artill'ry fraught, come rattling
on 715

Over the Caspian; then stand front to front
Hov'ring a space, till winds the signal blow
To join their dark encounter in mid air:
So frown'd the mighty combatants, that Hell
Grew darker at their frown: so match'd they
stood:

For never but once more was either like 721
To meet so great a foe. And now great deeds
Had been achiev'd, whereof all Hell had rung,
Had not the snaky forceres that sat
Fast by Hell-gate, and kept the fatal key, 725
Ris'n, and with hideous outcry rush'd bet-
ween.

O father! what intends thy hand, she cry'd,
Against thy only son? What fury, O son,
Possesses thee to bend that mortal dart
Against thy father's head? and know'st for
whom; 730

For him who sits above, and laughs the while
At thee ordain'd his drudge, to execute
Whate'er his wrath, which he calls justice,
bids;
His wrath, which one day will destroy ye
both.

She spacke, and at her words the hellish
pest 735
Forbore; then these to her Satan return'd.

So strange thy outcry, and thy words so
strange

Thou interposest, that my sudden hand
Prevented spares to tell thee yet by deeds
What it intends; till first I know of thee, 740
What thing thou art, thus double-form'd;
and why

In this infernal vale first met, thou call'st
Me father, and that phantasm call'st my son:
I know thee not, nor ever saw till now
Sight more detestable than him, and thee. 745
T' whom thus the portress of hell-gate re-
ply'd:

Hast thou forgot me then, and do I seem
Now in thine eye so foul? once deem'd so
fair

In Heav'n, when at th' assembly, and in sight
Of all the Seraphim, with thee combin'd 750
In bold conspiracy against Heav'n's King,
All on a sudden miserable pain
Surpriz'd thee, dim thine eyes, and dizzy
swum

In darkness, while thy head flames thick and
fast

Threw forth, till on the left side op'ning
wide, 755

Likest to thee in shape and count'nance bright,
Then shining heav'nly fair, a Goddess arm'd,
Out of thy head I sprung: amazement seiz'd

All th' host of Heav'n; back they recoil'd
afraid

At first, and call'd me Sin; and for a sign 760
Portentous held me; but familiar grown,
I pleas'd, and with attractive graces won
The most averse, thee chiefly, who full oft,
Thy self in me thy perfect image viewing,
Becam'st inamour'd, and such joy thou
took'st 765

With me in secret, that my womb conceiv'd
A growing burthen. Mean while war arose,
And fields were fought in Heav'n; wherein
remain'd,

For what could else, to our almighty foe
Clear victory; to our part loss and rout, 770
Through all the empyréan: down they fell
Driv'n headlong from the pitch of Heaven,
down

Into this deep; and in the gen'ral fall
I also: at which time this powerful key
Into my hand was giv'n, with charge to
keep 775

These gates for ever shut, which none can pass
Without my op'ning. Pensive here I sat
Alone, but long I sat not, till my womb
Pregnant by thee, and now excessive grown,
Prodigious motion felt and rueful throes: 780
At last this odious offspring whom thou seest,
Thine own begotten, breaking violent way
Tore

Tore through my entrails, that with fear and
pain

Distorted, all my nether shape thus grew
Transform'd: but he my inbred enemy 785
Forth issued, brandishing his fatal dart,
Made to destroy: I fled, and cry'd out Death!
Hell trembled at the hideous name, and sigh'd
From all her caves, and back resounded,
Death!

I fled, but he pursued, though more, it
seems, 790

Inflam'd with lust than rage, and swifter far,
Me overtook his mother, all dismay'd,
And in embraces forcible and foul
Ingendring with me, of that rape begot
These yelling monsters, that with ceaseless
cry 795

Surround me, as thou saw'st, hourly conceiv'd
And hourly born, with sorrow infinite
To me; for when they list, into the womb
That bred them they return, and howl and
gnaw

My bowels, their repast; then bursting
forth 800

Afresh with conscious terrors vex me round,
That rest or intermission none I find,
Before mine eyes in opposition sits
Grim Death my son and foe; who sets them
on,

This uncouth errand sole; and one for all
Myself expose, with lonely steps to tread
Th' unfounded deep, and through the void
immense

To search with wand'ring quest a place fore-
told 830

Should be, and, by concurring signs, ere now
Created vast and round, a place of bliss

In the pourlieus of Heav'n, and therein plac'd
A race of upstart creatures, to supply

Perhaps our vacant room; though more re-
mov'd, 835

Left Heav'n surcharg'd with potent multitude
Might hap to move new broils. Be this or
ought

Than this more secret now design'd, I haste
To know, and this once known, shall soon
return,

And bring ye to the place, where Thou and
Death 840

Shall dwell at ease, and up and down unseen
Wing silently the buxom air, imbalm'd

With odors: there ye shall be fed, and fill'd
Immeasurably, all things shall be your prey.

He ceas'd, for both seem'd highly pleas'd,
and Death 845

Grinn'd horrible a ghastly smile, to hear
His famine should be fill'd, and blest his
maw

Destin'd to that good hour: no less rejoic'd
His mother bad, and thus bespake her fire:

The key of this infernal pit by due, 850
And by command of Heav'n's all-powerful
king

I keep; by him forbidden to unlock
These adamantine gates; against all force
Death ready stands to interpose his dart,
Fearless to be o'ermatch'd by living might, 855
But what owe I to his commands above
Who hates me, and hath hither thrust me
down

Into this gloom of Tartarus profound,
To sit in hateful office here confin'd,
Inhabitant of Heav'n, and heav'nly-born 860
Here in perpetual agony and pain,
With terrors and with clamors compass'd
round

Of mine own brood, that on my bowels feed?
Thou art my father, thou my author, thou
My being gav'st me; whom should I obey 865
But thee? whom follow? thou wilt bring
me soon

To that new world of light and bliss, among
The Gods who live at ease, where I shall
reign

At thy right hand voluptuous, as beseems
Thy daughter and thy darling, without
end 870

Thus faying, from her fide the fatal key,
Sad instrument of all our woe! fhe took;
And towards the gate rolling her beftial train
Forth with the huge Portcullis high up-drew;
Which but herfelf, not all the Stygian
Pow'rs 875

Could once have mov'd: then in the key-hole
turns

Th' intricate wards, and every bolt and bar
Of mafly iron, or folid rock, with eafe
Unfaftens: on a fudden open fly
With impetuous recoil and jarring found 880
Th' infernal doors, and on their hinges grate
Harfh thunder, that the loweft bottom fhock
Of Erebus. She open'd, but to fhut
Excell'd her pow'r; the gates wide open flood,
That with extended wings a banner'd hoft, 885
Under fpread enfings marching, might pafs
through

With horfe and chariots rank'd in loofe array;
So wide they flood, and like a furnace mouth
Caft forth redounding fmoke and ruddy flame!
Before their eyes in fudden view appear 890
The fecrets of the hoary deep, a dark
Illimitable ocean, without bound,
Without dimension, where lenght, breadth,
and height,
And time, and place are loft; where eldeft
Night

And Chaos, ancestors of Nature, hold 895
Eternal anarchy, amidst the noise
Of endless wars, and by confusion stand.
For hot, cold, moist, and dry, four champions
fierce,
Strive here for mast'ry, and to battel bring
Their embryon atoms; they around the flag 900
Of each his faction, in their sev'ral clans,
Light-arm'd or heavy, sharp, smooth, swift
or flow,
Swarm populous, un-number'd as the sands
Of Barca or Cyrene's torrid soil,
Levied to side with warring winds, and
poise 905
Their lighter wings. To whom these most
adhere,
He rules a moment; Chaos umpire sits,
And by decision more embroils the fray,
By which he reigns: next him high arbiter
Chance governs all. Into this wild abyss, 910
The womb of Nature, and perhaps her grave,
Of nether sea, nor shore, nor air, nor fire,
But all these in their pregnant causes mix'd
Confus'dly, and which thus must ever fight,
Unless th' almighty Maker them ordain 915
His dark materials to create more worlds;
Into this wild abyss the wary Fiend
Stood on the brink of Hell, and look'd a while,
Pond'ring his voyage: for no narrow frith

As when a gryphon through the wilderness
With winged course, o'er hill or moory dale,
Pursues the Arimaspean, who by stealth 945
Had from his wakeful custody purloin'd
The guarded gold: so eagerly the Fiend
O'er bog, or steep, through strait, rough,
dense, or rare,
With head, hands, wings or feet pursues his
way,

And swims, or sinks, or wades, or creeps,
or flies: 950

At length a universal hubbub wild
Of stunning sounds and voices all confus'd,
Borne through the hallow dark, assaults his
ear

With loudest vehemence: thither he plies,
Undaunted to meet there whatever Power 955
Or spirit of the nethermost abyss
Might in that noise reside, of whom to ask
Which way the nearest coast of darkness lies
Bordering on light; when strait behold the
throne

Of Chaos, and his dark pavilion spread 960
Wide on the wasteful deep: with him inthron'd
Sate sable-vested Night, eldest of things,
The consort of his reign; and by them stood
Orcus and Ades, and the dreaded name
Of Demogorgon: Rumor next and Chance, 965
And Tumult and Confusion all imbroil'd,

And Discord with a thousand various mouths.
T' whom Satan turning boldly, thus. — Ye
Powers,

And spirits of this nethermost abyfs,
Chaos and ancient Night, I come no spy, 970
With purpose to explore or to disturb
The secrets of your realm, but by constraint
Wand'ring this darksome defart, as my way
Lies through your spacious empire up to light,
Alone, and without guide, half lost, I seek 975
What readiest path leads where your gloomy
bounds

Confine with Heav'n: or if some other place,
From your dominion won, th' ethereal king
Possesses lately, thither to arrive
I travel this profound, direct my course; 980
Directed no mean recompense it brings
To your behoof, if I that region lost,
All usurpation thence expell'd, reduce
To her original darkness, and your sway,
Which is my present journey, and once
more 985

Erect the standard there of ancient Night;
Yours be th' advantage all, mine the revenge.

Thus Satan; and him thus the Anarch old,
With falt'ring speech and visage incompos'd,
Answer'd. I know thee, stranger, who thou
art, 990

That mighty leading Angel, who of late

Made head against Heav'n's King, though
overthrown.

I saw and heard, for such a num'rous host
Fled not in silence through the frightened deep
With ruin upon ruin, rout on rout, 995
Confusion worse confounded: and Heav'n
gates

Pour'd out by millions her victorious bands
Pursuing. I upon my frontiers here
Keep residence; if all I can will serve
That little which is left so to defend, 1000
Encroach'd on still through our intestine broils,
Weakning the scepter of old Night: first Hell,
Your dungeon, stretching far and wide
beneath;

Now lately Heav'n and Earth, another world,
Hung o'er my realm, link'd in a golden
chain, 1005

To that side Heav'n from whence your legions
fell:

If that way be your walk, you have not far;
So much the nearer danger: go and speed!
Havoc, and spoil, and ruin are my gain.

He ceas'd; and Satan staid not to reply, 1010
But glad that now his sea should find a shore,
With fresh alacrity and force renew'd
Springs upward like a pyramid of fire
Into the wild expanse, and through the shock
Of fighting elements, on all sides round 1015

Environ'd, wins his way: harder beset
And more endanger'd, than when Argo pass'd
Through Bosporus, betwixt the jostling rocks:
Or when Ulysses on the larboard shunn'd
Charybdis; and by th' other whirlpool
steer'd. 1020

So he with difficulty and labour hard
Mov'd on, with difficulty and labour he;
But he once past, soon after when man fell,
Strange alteration! Sin and Death amain
Following his track, such was the will of
Heaven! 1025

Pav'd after him a broad and beaten way,
Over the dark abyss, whose boiling gulf
Tamely endur'd a bridge of wond'rous length,
From Hell continued reaching th' utmost orb
Of this frail world; by which the spirits per-
verse 1030

With easy intercourse pass to and fro
To tempt or punish mortals, except whom
God and good Angels guard by special grace.

But now at last the sacred influence
Of light appears, and from the walls of
Heaven 1035

Shoots far into the bosom of dim Night
A glimmering dawn: here Nature first begins
Her farthest verge, and Chaos to retire
As from her outmost works a brocken foe
With tumult less and with less hostile din; 1040

That Satan with less toil, and now with ease
Wafts on the calmer wave by dubious light,
And like a weather-beaten vessel holds
Gladly the port, though shrouds and tackle
torn :

Or in the emptier waste, resembling air, 1045
Weighs his spread wings, at leasure to behold
Far off th' empyreal Heav'n, extended wide
In circuit, undetermin'd square or round :

With opal tow'rs, and battlements adorn'd
Of living saphir, once his native seat; 1050
And fast by hanging in a golden chain
This pendent world, in bigness as a star
Of smallest magnitude, close by the moon.

Tither full fraught with mischievous revenge,
Accurs'd, and in a curst hour he hies. 1055

The End of the Second Book.

B O O K I I I.

Hail holy Light, offspring of Heav'n first-
born,
Or of th' Eternal coeternal beam,
May I express thee unblam'd? since God is
light,
And never but in unapproach'd light
Dwelt from eternity, dwelt then in thee, 5
Bright effluence of bright essence increate.
Or hear'st thou rather pure ethereal stream,
Whose fountain who shall tell? before the Sun,
Before the heav'ns thou wert, and at the voice
Of God, as with a mantle didst invest 10
Thee rising world of waters dark and deep,
Won from the void and formless infinite.
Thence I re-visit now with bolder wing,
Escap'd the Stygian pool, though long detain'd
In that obscure sejour; while in my flight 15
Through utter and through middle darkness
borne
With other notes than to th' Orphéan lyre,
I sung of Chaos and eternal Night,
Taught by the heav'nly Muse to venture down

The dark descent, and up to re-ascend, 20
Tho' hard and rare. Thee I revisit safe,
And feel thy sov'reign vital lamp: but thou
Revisit'st not these eyes, that roll in vain
To find thy piercing ray, and find no dawn;
So thick a *drop serene* hath quench'd their
orbs, 25

Or dim suffusion veil'd. Yet not the more
Cease I to wander, where the Muses haunt,
Clear spring, or shady grove, or sunny hill,
Smit with the love of sacred song: but chief
Thee, Sion, and the flow'ry brooks beneath, 30
That wash thy hallow'd feet, and warbling
flow,

Nightly I visit: nor sometimes forget
Those other two equal'd with me in fate,
So were I equal'd with them in renown,
Blind Thamyras and blind Maeonides, 35
And Tiresias, and Phineus Prophets old.
Then feed on thoughts, that voluntary move
Harmonious numbers; as the wakeful bird
Sings darkling, and in shadieft covert hid
Tunes her nocturnal note. Thus with the
year 40

Seasons return, but not to me returns
Day, or the sweet approach of ev'n or morn,
Or sight of vernal bloom, or summer's rose,
Or flocks, or herds, or human face divine:
But cloud instead, and ever-during dark 45

Surrounds me; from the chearful ways of men
Cut off; and for the book of knowledge fair
Presented with an universal blank
Of nature's works, to me expung'd and ras'd,
And wisdom at one entrance quite shut out. 50
So much the rather thou, coelestial Light,
Shine inward, and the mind through all her
powers

Irradiate; there plant eyes, all mist from
thence

Purge and disperse; that I may see and tell
Of things invisible to mortal sight. 55

Now had th' almighty Father from above,
From the pure empyréan, where he sits
High thron'd above all height, bent down his
eye,

His own works and their works at once to
view:

About him all the Sanctities of Heaven 60
Stood thick as stars, and from his sight receiv'd
Beatitude past utterance: on his right

The radiant image of his glory sat,
His only Son. On earth he first beheld

Our two first parents, yet the only two 65
Of mankind, in the happy garden plac'd,
Reaping immortal fruits of joy and love,
Uninterrupted joy, unrival'd love

In blissful solitude. He then survey'd
Hell and the gulf between, and Satan there 70

may
Coasting the wall of Heav'n on this side Night,
In the dun air sublime, and ready now
To stoop with wearied wings, and willing
feet

On the bare outside of this world, that seem'd
Firm land imbosom'd, without firmament, 75
Uncertain which, in ocean or in air.

Him God beholding from his prospect high,
Wherein past, present, future he beholds,
Thus to his only Son foreseeing spake.

Only begotten Son, see'st thou what rage 80
Transports our Adversary? whom no bounds
Prescrib'd, no bars of Hell, nor yet the chains
Heap'd on him there, nor yet the main abyss
Wide interrupt can hold; so bent he seems
On desperate revenge, that shall redound 85
Upon his own rebellious head. And now
Through all restraint broke loose he wings his
way

Not far off Heav'n, in the percincts of light,
Directly towards the new created world,
And Man there plac'd; with purpose to assay, 90
If him by force he can destroy, or worse,
By some false guile pervert, and shall pervert,
For man will hearken to his glozing lies,
And easily transgress the sole command,
Sole pledge of his obedience: so will fall, 95
He and his faithless progeny. Whose fault?
Whose but his own? Ingrate! he had of me

All

All he could have : I made him just and right,
Sufficient to have stood, though free to fall.

Such I created all th' ethereal Powers 100
And Spirits, both them who stood and them
who fail'd;

Freely they stood who stood, and fell who fell.
Not free, what proof could they have giv'n
sincere

Of true allegiance, constant faith or love,
Where only, what they needs must do ap-
pear'd, 105

Not what they would? what praise could
they receive?

What pleasure I from such obedience paid,
When will and reason, reason also is choice,
Useless and vain, of freedom both despoil'd,
Made passive both, had serv'd necessity, 110

Not me? They therefore as to right belong'd,
So were created, nor can justly accuse
Their maker, or their making, or their fate,
As if predestination over-rul'd

Their will, dispos'd by absolute decree 115
Or high foreknowledge. They themselves
decreed

Their own revolt, not I; if I foreknew,
Foreknowledge had no influence on their fault,
Which had no less prov'd certain unforeknown.
So without least impulse or shadow of fate 120
Or ought by me immutably foreseen,

They trespass, authors to themselves in all,
Both what they judge and what they choose;
for so

I form'd them free, and free they must remain,
'Till they inthrall themselves; I else must
change 125

Their nature, and revoke the high decree
Unchangeable, eternal, which ordain'd
Their freedom, they themselves ordain'd
their fall.

The first sort by their own suggestion fell,
Self-tempted, self-deprav'd: Man falls, de-
ceiv'd 130

By th' other first: Man therefore shall find
grace,

The other none: in mercy and justice both,
Through Heav'n and Earth, so shall my glory
excel,

But mercy first and last shall brightest shine.

Thus while God spake, ambrosial fragrance
fill'd 135

All Heav'n, and in the blessed Spirits elect
Sense of new joy ineffable diffus'd:

Beyond compare the Son of God was seen
Most glorious; in him all his Father shone
Substantially express'd; and in his face 140

Divine compassion visibly appear'd
Love without end, and without measure grace,
Which uttering, thus he to his Father spake.

To whom the great Creator thus reply'd:
O Son, in whom my soul hath chief delight,
Son of my bosom, Son who art alone
My word, my wisdom, and effectual might, 170
All hast thou spoken, as my thoughts are, all
As my eternal purpose hath decreed.

Man shall not quite be lost, but sav'd who will,
Yet not of will in him, but grace in me
Freely vouchsaf'd: once more I will renew 175
His laps'd pow'rs, though forfeit and in-
thrall'd

By sin to foul exorbitant desires;
Upheld by me, yet once more he shall stand
On even ground against his mortal foe,
By me upheld, that he may know, how frail 180
His fall'n condition is, and to me owe
All his deliverance, and to none but me.
Some I have chosen of peculiar grace
Elect above the rest: so is my will:
The rest shall hear me call, and oft be
warn'd 185

Their sinful state, and to appease betimes
Th' incens'd Deity, while offer'd grace
Invites: for I will clear their senses dark,
What may suffice, and soften stony hearts
To pray, repent, and bring obedience due. 190
To pray'r, repentance, and obedience due,
Though but endeavour'd with sincere intent,
Mine ear shall not be slow, mine eye not shut.

And I will place within them as a guide
My umpire conscience: whom if they will
hear, 195

Light after light well us'd they shall attain,
And to the end persisting, safe arrive.

This my long sufferance, and my day of
grace,

They who neglect and scorn, shall never taste;
But hard be harden'd, blind be blinded
more, 200

That they may stumble on, and deeper fall:
And none but such from mercy I exclude.

But yet all is not done: Man disobeying,
Disloyal breaks his fealty, and sine

Against the high supremacy of Heav'n, 205
Affecting God-head, and so losing all,

To expiate his treason hath nought left,
But to destruction sacred and devote,

He with his whole posterity must die,
Die he or justice must; unless for him 210

Some other able, and as willing, pay
The rigid satisfaction, death for death.

Say heav'nly Pow'rs, where shall we find
such love?

Which of ye will be mortal to redeem
Man's mortal crime, and just, th' unjust to

save? 215
Dwells in all Heaven charity so dear?

He ask'd, but all the heav'nly quire stood
mute,
And silence was in Heav'n; on man's behalf
Patron or intercessor none appear'd,
Much less that durst upon his own head
draw

220

The deadly forfeiture, and ransom set.
And now without redemption all mankind
Must have been lost, adjudg'd to Death and
Hell

By doom severe, had not the Son of God,
In whom the fulness dwells of love divine, 225
His dearest mediation thus renew'd.

Father, thy word is past. Man shall find
grace;
And shall grace not find means, that finds her
way,

The speediest of thy winged messengers,
To visit all thy creatures, and to all 230
Comes unprevented, unimplor'd, unsought?

Happy for Man, so coming; he her aid
Can never seek, once dead in sins and lost;
Atonement for himself or offering meet,
Indebted, and undone, hath none to bring: 235

Behold me then; me for him, life for life
I offer, on me let thine anger fall;

Account me Man: I for his sake will leave
Thy bosom, and this glory next to thee

Freely put off, and for him lastly die 240

Well pleas'd, on me let Death wreak all his
rage;

Under his gloomy pow'r I shall not long
Lie vanquish'd; thou hast giv'n me to possess
Life in myself for ever; by thee I live,
Though now to Death I yield, and am his
due 245

All that of me can die: yet that debt paid,
Thou wilt not leave me in the loathsome grave
His prey, nor suffer my unspotted soul
For ever with corruption there to dwell;
But I shall rise victorious, and subdue 250
My vanquisher, spoil'd of his vaunted spoil;
Death his death's wound shall then receive,
and stoop

Inglorious, of his mortal sting disarm'd.
I through the ample air in triumph high
Shall lead Hell captive, maugre Hell; and
show 255

The Pow'rs of darkness bound. Thou at the
sight

Pleas'd, out of Heaven shalt look down and
smile,

While by thee rais'd I ruin all my foes,
Death last, and with his carcass glut the grave:
Then with the multitude of my redeem'd 260
Shall enter Heav'n long absent, and return,
Father, to see thy face, wherein no cloud
Of anger shall remain, but peace assur'd

And reconcilment; wrath shall be no more
Thenceforth, but in thy presence joy entire. 265

His words here ended, but his meek aspect
Silent yet spake, and breath'd immortal love
To mortal men, above which only shone
Filial obedience: as a sacrifice

Glad to be offer'd, he attends the will 270
Of his great Father. Admiration seiz'd
All Heav'n, what this might mean, and whither tend

Wond'ring; but soon th' Almighty thus
reply'd.

O Thou in Heav'n and Earth the only peace
Found out for mankind under wrath, O
Thou 275
My sole complacence! well thou know'st how
dear

To me are all my works, nor Man the least
Though last created; that for him I spare
Thee from my bosom and right hand, to save,
By losing thee a while, the whole race lost. 280
Thou therefore, whom thou only canst
redeem,

Their nature also to thy nature join;
And be thyself man among men on earth,
Made flesh, when time shall be, of virgin
seed,

By wondrous birth: be thou in Adam's
room 285

The head of all mankind, though Adam's son.

As in him perish all men, so in thee,

As from a second root, shall be restor'd

As many as are restor'd, without thee none.

His crime makes guilty all his sons; thy

merit 290

Imputed shall absolve them, who renounce

Their own both righteous and unrighteous

deeds:

And live in thee transplanted, and from thee

Receive new life. So Man, as is most just,

Shall satisfy for man, be judg'd and die; 295

And dying rise, and rising with him raise

His brethren, ransom'd with his own dear life.

So heav'nly love shall outdo hellish hate,

Giving to death, and dying to redeem,

So dearly to redeem what hellish hate 300

So easily destroyd, and still destroys

In those who, when they may, accept not

grace.

Nor shalt thou, by descending to assume

Man's nature, lessen or degrade thine own.

Because thou hast, tho' thron'd in highest

bliss 305

Equal to God, and equally enjoying

God-like fruition, quitted all to save

A world from utter loss, and hast been found

Beneath thy sentence; Hell, her numbers full,
Thenceforth shall be for ever shut. Mean

while

The world shall burn, and from her ashes
spring

New Heav'n and Earth, wherein the just shall
dwell, 335

And after all their tribulations long

See golden days, fruitful of golden deeds,

With joy and love triumphing, and fair truth,

Then thou thy regal sceptre shalt lay by,

For regal sceptre then no more shall need, 340

God shall be all in all. But all ye Gods,

Adore him, who to compass all this dies,

Adore the Son, and honor him as me.

No sooner had th' Almighty ceas'd, but all
The multitude of Angels with a shout 345

Loud as from numbers without number, sweet

As from blest voices, uttering joy, Heav'n
rung

With jubilee, and loud hosanna's fill'd

Th' eternal regions. Lowly reverent

Tow'rds either throne they bow, and to the
ground 350

With solemn adoration down they cast

Their crowns, inwove with amarant and gold,

Immortal amarant! a flow'r which once

In Paradise fast by the tree of life

Began to bloom; but soon for man's offence 355

To Heav'n remov'd, where first it grew,
there grows,

And flow'rs aloft shading the fount of life,
And where the river of bliss thro' midst of
Heaven

Rolls o'er Elysian flow'rs her amber stream:
With these that never fade the spirits elect 360
Bind their resplendent locks, inwreath'd
with beams,

Now in loose garlands thick thrown off the
bright

Pavement, that like a sea of jasper shone,
Impurpled with coelestial roses smil'd.

Then crown'd again, their golden harps they
took, 365

Harps ever tun'd, that glitt'ring by their side
Like quivers hung, and with preamble sweet
Of charming symphony they introduce

Their sacred song, and waken raptures high,
No voice exempt; no voice but well could
join 370

Melodious part, such concord is in Heav'n.

Thee, Father, first they sung, Omnipotent,
Immutable, Immortal, Infinite,

Eternal King; Thee Author of all Being,
Fountain of Light, thyself invisible 375

Amidst the glorious brightness, where thou sit'st
Thron'd inaccessible, but when thou shad'st
The full blaze of thy beams, and thro' a cloud

Drawn round about thee like a radiant shrine,
Dark with excessive bright thy skirts ap-
pear, *S. P. M.* 380

Yet dazle Heav'n, that brightest Seraphim
Approach not, but with both wings veil their
eyes.

Thee next they sung of all creation first,
Begotten Son, Divine similitude!
In whose conspicuous count'nance, without
cloud 385

Made visible, th' almighty Father shines,
Whom else no creature can behold: on thee
Impress'd, th' effulgence of his glory abides;
Transfus'd on thee him ample Spirit rests.
He Heav'n of Heav'ns, and all the pow'rs
therein 390

By thee created; and by thee drew down
Th' aspiring Dominations. Thou that day
Thy Father's dreadful thunder didst not spare,
Nor stop thy flaming chariot wheels, that
shook

Heav'n's everlasting frame, while o'er the
necks 395

Thou drov'st of warring Angels disarray'd.
Back from pursuit thy Pow'rs with loud
acclame

Thee only extoll'd, Son of thy Father's
might,

To execute fierce vengeance on his foes.

Not so on man: him thro' their malice
fall'n, 400
Father of mercy and grace! thou didst not
doom

So strictly; but much more to pity incline.
No sooner did thy dear and only Son,
Perceive thee purpos'd not to doom frail man
So strictly, but much more to pity inclin'd, 405
He to appease thy wrath, and end the strife
Of mercy and justice in thy face discern'd,
Regardless of the bliss, wherein he sat
Second to thee, offer'd himself to die
For man's offence. O unexampled love! 410
Love, no where to be found less than Divine!
Hail Son of God, Saviour of men! thy
name

Shall be the copious matter of my song
Henceforth, and never shall my harp thy
praise
Forget, nor from thy Father's praise disjoin. 415
Thus they in Heav'n, above the starry
sphere,

Their happy hours in joy and hymning spent.
Mean while upon the firm opacous globe
Of this round world, whose first convex di-
vides

The luminous inferior orbs inclos'd 420
From Chaos, and th' inroad of Darkness old,
Satan alighted walks. A globe far off

It seem'd, now seems a boundless continent
Dark, waste, and wild, under the frown of
Night

Starless expos'd, and ever-threat'ning storms 425

Of Chaos blustering round, inclement sky! ✓ 430

Save on that side which from the well of

Heaven,

Tho' distant far, some small reflection gains
Of glimmering air, less vex'd with tempest
loud.

Here walk'd the Fiend at large in spacious
field. 430

As when a Vultur on Imaus bred,

Whose snowy ridge the roving Tartar bounds, R 435

Dissodging from a region scarce of prey

To gorge the flesh of lambs, or yeanling kids,

On hills where flocks are fed, flies tow'rd the

springs 435

Of Ganges or Hydaspes, Indian streams;

But in his way lights on the barren plains

Of Sericana, where Chineses drive

With sails and wind their cany waggons light:

So on this windy sea of land, the Fiend 440

Walk'd up and down alone, bent on his prey;

Alone, for other creature in this place

Living or lifeless to be found was none;

None yet, but store hereafter from the earth

Up hither like aerial vapors flew, 445

Of all things transitory and vain, when sin

With vanity had fill'd the works of men:
Both all things vain, and all who in vain
things

Built their fond hopes of glory or lasting fame,
Or happiness in this or th' other life: 450

All who have their reward on earth, the fruits
Of painful superstition and blind zeal,

Nought seeking but the praise of men, here
find

Fit retribution, empty as their deeds:

All th' unaccomplish'd works of Nature's
hand, 455

Abortive, monstrous, or unkindly mix'd,

Dissolv'd on earth, fleet hither, and in vain,

Till final dissolution, wander here,

Not in the neighb'ring moon, as some have
dream'd;

Those argent fields more likely habitants, 460

Translated Saints, or middle Spirits hold

Betwixt th' angelical and human kind.

Hither, of ill-join'd sons and daughters born,

First from the ancient world those giants came,

With many a vain exploit, tho' then re-
nown'd: 465

The builders next of Babel on the plain

Of Sennaar, and still with vain design

New Babels, had they wherewithal, would
build:

Others came single; he who to be deem'd

A God, leap'd fondly into Aëna flames, 470
 Empedocles: and he who to enjoy
 Plato's Elysium, leap'd into the Sea,
 Cleombrotus: and many more too long,
 Embryoes and idiots, Eremites, and Friars
White, Black and Gray, with all their trum-
 pery. 475

Here Pilgrims roam, that stray'd so far to seek
 In Golgotha him dead, who lives in Heav'n:
 And they who, to be sure of Paradise,
 Dying put on the weeds of Dominic
 Or in Franciscan think to pass disguis'd; 480
 'They pass the Planets seven, and pass the fix'd,
 And that crystalline sphere, whose ballance
 weighs

The trepidation talk'd, and that first mov'd;
 And now Saint Peter at Heav'n's wicket seems
 To wait them with his keys, and now at
 foot 485

Of Heav'n's ascent they lift their feet, when lo!
 A violent cross-wind from either coast
 Blows them transverse, ten thousand lea-
 gues awry

Into the devious air: then might ye see
 Cowls, hoods, and habits, with their wea-
 rers tost 490

And flutter'd into rags; then reliques, beads,
 Indulgences, Dispenses, Pardons, Bulls,
 The sport of winds. All these upwhirl'd aloft

Polity died, garry dish
JaJa!
W

ay!
Fly o'er the backside of the world far off
Into a Limbo large and broad, since call'd 495
The Paradise of Fools, to few unknown
Long after: now unpeopled; and untrod.
All this dark globe the Fiend found as he
pass'd,

And long he wander'd, till at last a gleam
Of dawning light turn'd thither - ward in
haste 500

His travel'd steps; far distant he descries
Ascending by degrees magnificent
Up to the wall of Heav'n a structure high;
At top whereof, but far more rich appeard
The work as of a kingly palace-gate, 505
With frontispiece of diamond and gold
Embellish'd; thick with sparkling orient gems
The portal shone, inimitable on earth
By model, or by shading pencil drawn.

The stairs were such as whereon Jacob
saw 510

Angels ascending, and descending, bands
Of guardians bright, when he from Esau fled
To Padan-Aram, in the field of Luz,
Dreaming by night under the open sky,
And waking cry'd *This is the gate of*
Heav'n. 515

Each stair mysteriously was meant, nor stood
There always, but drawn up to Heav'n
sometimes

Viewless; and underneath a bright sea flow'd
Of jasper, or of liquid pearl, whereon
Who after came from earth, sailing arriv'd, 520
Wafted by Angels, or flew o'er the lake
Rap'd in a chariot drawn by fiery steeds.

The stairs were then let down, whether to dare
The Fiend by easy ascent, or aggravate
His sad exclusion from the doors of bliss: 525
Direct against which open'd from beneath,
Just o'er the blissful seat of Paradise,
A passage down to th' earth, a passage wide,
Wider by far than that of after-times
Over mount Sion, and, though that were
large, 530

Over the Promis'd Land to God so dear,
By which, to visit oft those happy tribes,
On high behests his Angels to and fro
Pass'd frequent, and his eye with choice regard,
From Paneas the fount of Jordan's flood 535
To Beërsaba, where the Holy Land
Borders on Egypt and th' Arabian shore;
So wide the opening seem'd, where bounds
were set

To darkness, such as bound the ocean wave.
Satan from hence, now on the lower stair 540
That scal'd by steps of gold to Heaven gate,
Looks down with wonder at the sudden view
Of all this world at once. As when a scout
Thro' dark and desert ways with peril gone



All night, at last by break of chearful dawn 545
Obtains the brow of some high-climbing hill,
Which to his eye discovers unaware
The goodly prospect of some foreign land
First seen, or some renown'd metropolis
With glistering spires and pinnacles adorn'd 550
Which now the rising Sun gilds with his
beams:

Such wonder seis'd, though after Heaven seen,
The spirit malign; but much more envy seis'd
At sight of all this world beheld so fair.
Round he surveys, and well might, where
he stood 555

So high above the circling canopy
Of night's extended shade, from eastern point
Of Libra, to the fleecy star that bears
Andromeda far off Atlantic seas
Beyond th' horizon: then from pole to pole 560
He views in breadth, and without longer pause
Down right into the world's first region throws
His flight precipitant, and winds with ease
Through the pure marble air his oblique way
Amongst innumerable stars, that shone 565
Stars distant, but nigh hand seem'd other
worlds;

Or other worlds they seem'd, or happy isles,
Like those Hesperian gardens fam'd of old,
Fortunate fields, and groves, and flow'ry
vales,

Thrice happy ifles, but who dwelt happy
there 570

He stay'd not tho inquire. Above them all
The golden sun, in splendor likest Heav'n,
Allur'd his eye: thither his course he bends
Through the calm firmament: but up or down,
By centre, or eccentric, hard to tell, 575

Or longitude, where the great luminary
Aloof the vulgar constellations thick,
That from his lordly eye keep distance due,
Dispenses light from far; they as they move
Their starry dance in numbers that com-
pute 580

Days, months and years, tow'rds his all chea-
ring lamp

Turn swift their various motions, or are
turn'd

By his magnetic beam, that gently warms
The universe, and to each inward part
With gentle penetration, though unseen, 585
Shoots invisible virtue even to the deep;
So wondrously was set his station bright.

There lands the Fiend, a spot like which
perhaps

Astronomer in the sun's lucent orb
Through his glaz'd optic tube yet never
saw. 590

The place he found beyond expression bright,
Compar'd with ought on earth, metal or stone:

Not all parts like, but all alike inform'd
With radiant light, as glowing iron with fire;
If metal, part seem'd gold, part silver clear: 595
If stone, carbuncle most or chrysolite,
Ruby or topaz, or the twelve that shone
In Aaron's breast-plate; and a stone besides,
Imagin'd rather oft than elsewhere seen,
That stone, or like to that, which here be-
low 600

Philosophers in vain so long have sought,
In vain, though by their pow'rfoul art they
bind

Volatil Hermes, and call up unbond
In various shapes old Proteus from the sea,
Drain'd through a limbec to his native form. 605
What wonder then if fields and regions here
Breathe forth elixir pure, and rivers run
Potable gold, when with one virtuous touch
Th' arch-chemic sun, so far from us remote,
Produces, with terrestrial humor mix'd, 610
Here in the dark so many precious things
Of color glorious, and effect so rare?

Here matter new to gaze the Devil met
Undazled; far and wide his eye commands,
For sight no obstacle found here, nor shade 615
But all sun-shine, as when his beams at noon
Culminate from th' equator, as they now
Shot upward still direct, whence no way
round

Shadow from body opaque can fall, and
th' air

No where so clear, sharpen'd his visual ray 620
To objects distant far, whereby he soon
Saw within ken a glorious Angel stand,
The same, whom John saw also in the sun:
His back was turn'd, but not his bright-
ness hid;

Of beaming sunny rays a golden tiar 625
Circled his head, nor less his locks behind
Illustrious on his shoulders fledge with wings
Lay waving round: on some great charge em-
ploy'd

He seem'd, or fix'd in cogitation deep.

Glad was the spirit impure as now in
hope 630

To find, who might direct his wandring flight
To Paradise the happy seat of Man,
His journey's end, and our beginning woe
But first he casts to change his proper shape,
Which else might work him danger or de-
lay: 635

And now a stripling Cherub he appears,
Not of the prime, yet such as in his face
Youth smiled celestial, and to ev'ry limb
Suitable grace diffus'd, so well he feign'd.

Under a coronet his flowing hair 640
In curls on either cheek play'd; wings he wore
Of many a color'd plume, sprinkled with gold,

His habit fit for sped succinct, and held
Before his decent steps a silver wand.

He drew not nigh unheard, the Angel bright, 645
Ere he drew nigh, his radiant visage turn'd,
Admonish'd by his ear, and straight was known
Th' Arch - Angel Uriel, one of the sev'n,
Who in Gods presence, nearest to his throne
Stand ready at command, and are his eyes 650
That run thro' all the Heav'ns, or down to
th'earth

Bear his swift errands over moist and dry,
O'er sea and land: him Satan thus accosts.

Uriel, for thou of those sev'n spirits that
stand

In sight of God's high throne, gloriously
bright, 655

The first art wont his great authentic will
Interpreter through highest Heav'n to bring,
Where all his sons thy embassy attend:
And here art likeliest by supreme decree
Like honor to obtain, and as his eye 660
To visit oft this new creation round:

Unspeakable desire to see, and know
All these his wondrous works, but chiefly
Man,

His chief delight and favor, him for whom
All these his works so wondrous he or-
dain'd 665

Hath brought me from the quires of Cherubim

Alone thus wand'ring. Brightest Seraph, tell
In which of all these shining orbs bath Man
His fixed seat, or fixed seat hath none,
But all these shining orbs his choice to
dwell 670

That I may find him, and with secret gaze,
Or open admiration him behold,
On whom the great Creator hath bestow'd
Worlds, and on whom hath all these graces
pour'd;

That both in him and all things, as is
meet, 675

The Universal Maker we may praise;
Who justly hath driven out his rebel foes
To deepest Hell, and to repair that loss
Created this new happy race of Men
To serve him better: wise are all his ways. 680

So spake the false dissembler unperceiv'd;
For neither Man nor Angel can discern
Hypocrisy, the only evil that walks
Invisible, except to God alone,
By his permissive will, through Heav'n and
Earth: 685

And oft, though wisdom wake, suspicion
sleeps

At wisdom's gate, and to simplicity
Resigns her charge, while goodness thinks no ill
Where no ill seems: Which now for once
beguil'd

Uriel, though regent of the sun, and held 690
The sharpest-sighted spirit of all in Heaven:
Who to the fraudulent impostor foul
In his uprightness answer thus return'd.

Fair Angel, thy desire, which tends to know
The works of God, thereby to glorify 695
The great Work-master, leads to no excess
That reaches blame, but rather merits praise
The more it seems excess, that led thee hither
From thy empyreal mansion thus alone,
To witness with thine eyes what some per-
haps 700

Contented with report hear only in Heavn:
For wonderful indeed are all his works,
Pleasant to know, and worthiest to be all
Had in remembrance always with delight;
But what created mind can comprehend 705
Their number, or the wisdom infinite
That brought them forth, but hid their cau-
ses deep?

I saw, when at his word the formless mass,
This world's material mould, came to a heap:
Confusion heard his voice, and wild uproar 710
Stood rul'd, stood vast infinitude confin'd
Till at his second bidding darkness fled,
Light shone, and order from disorder sprung:
Swift to their several quarters hasted then
The cumbrous elements, earth, flood, air,
fire: 715

And this ethereal quintessence of Heav'n
 Flew upward, spirited with various forms,
 That roll'd orbicular, and turn'd to stars,
 Numberless, as thou seest, and how they
 move;

Each had his place appointed, each his
 course; 720

The rest in circuit walls this universe.

Look downward on that globe, whose hi-
 ther side

With light from hence, tho' but reflected,
 shines:

That place is Earth, the seat of man, that
 light

His day, which else as th' other hemisphere 725
 Night would invade; but there the neigh-
 b'ring moon,

So call that opposite fair star, her aid
 Timely interposes, and her monthly round
 Still ending, still renewing, through mid
 Heav'n

With borrow'd light her countenance tri-
 form 730

Hence fills and empties, to enlighten th' earth,
 And in her pale dominion checks the night.

That spot, to which I point is Paradise,
 Adam's abode, those lofty shades his bower.

Thy way thou canst not miss, me mine re-
 quires. 735

Thus said, he turn'd; and Satan bowing
low,
As to superior spirits wont in Heav'n,
Where honor due and reverence none ne-
glects,
Took leave, and toward the coast of earth
beneath,
Down from th' ecliptic, sped with hop'd
success 740
Throws his steep flight in many an aëry
wheel,
Nor stay'd, till on Niphates top he lights.

The End of the Third Book.

B O O K I V.

O for that warning voice, which he who saw
Th' Apocalyps heard cry in Heav'n aloud,
Then when the Dragon, put to second rout,
Came furious down to be reveng'd on men,
Woe to th' inhabitants on earth! that now 5
While time was, our first parents had been
warn'd

The coming of their secret foe, and scap'd,
Haply so scap'd his mortal snare; for now
Satan, now first inflam'd with rage, came
down,

The tempter e're th' accuser of mankind, 10
To wreck on innocent frail man his loss
Of that first battel, and his flight to Hell:
Yet not rejoicing in his speed though bold,
Far off and fearless, nor with cause to boast,
Begins his dire attempt, which nigh the
birth 15

Now rolling boils in his tumultuous breast,
And like a devilish engine back recoils
Upon himself; horror and doubt distract

His troubled thoughts, and from the bot-
tom stir

The Hell within him; for within him hell 20
He brings, and round about him, nor from
hell

One step no more than from himself can fly
By change of place: now conscience wakes
despair

That slumber'd, wakes the bitter memory
Of what he was, what is, and what must
be 25

Worse; of worse deeds worse sufferings must
ensue.

Sometimes tow'rds Eden, which now in his
view

Lay pleasant, his griev'd look he fixes sad;
Sometimes tow'rds Heav'n and the full bla-
zing sun,

Which now sat high in his meridian tow'r: 30
Then much revolving, thus in sighs began.

O thou that with surpassing glory crown'd,
Look'st from thy sole dominion like the God
Of this new world, at whose sight all the stars
Hide their diminished heads; to thee I call 35
But with no friendly voice, and add thy name
O Sun! to tell thee how, I hate thy beams,
That bring to my remembrance from what
state

I fell, how glorious once above thy sphere;

Till pride and worse ambition threw me
down 40

Warring in Heav'n against Heav'n's match-
less king.

Ah wherefore! he deserv'd no such return
From me, whom he created what I was
In that bright eminence, and with his good
Upbraided none; nor was his service hard. 45
What could be less than to afford him praise,
The easiest recompense, and pay him thanks;
How due! yet all his good prov'd ill in me,
And wrought but malice; lifted up so high
I 'sdein'd subjection, and thought one step
higher 50

Would set me highest, and in a moment quit
The debt immense of endless gratitude,
So burdensome still paying, still to owe,
Forgetful what from him I still receiv'd,
And understood not that a grateful mind 55
By owing owes not, but still pays, at once
Indebted and discharg'd: what hurden then?
O had his pow'rful destiny ordain'd
Me some inferior Angel! I had stood
Then happy; no unbounded hope had rais'd 60
Ambition. Yet why not? some other Power
As great might have aspir'd, and me though
mean

Drawn to his part; but other Pow'rs as great
Fell not, but stand unshaken, from within

Or from without, to all temptations arm'd 65
Hadst thou the same free will and pow'r to
stand?

Thou hadst: whom hast thou then, or what
t'accuse,

But Heav'n's free love dealt equally to all?

Be then his love accurs'd, since love or hate,
To me alike, it deals eternal woe. 70

Nay curs'd be thou; since against his thy will
Chose freely what it now so justly rues.

Me miserable! which way shall I fly

Infinite wrath, and infinite despair?

Which way I fly is Hell; myself am Hell; 75

And in the lowest deep a lower deep

Still threat'ning to devour me opens wide,

To which the Hell I suffer seems a Heaven.

O then a last relent! is there no place

Left for repentance, none for pardon left? 80

None left but by submission; and that word

Disdain forbids me, and my dread of shame

Among the Spirits beneath, whom I seduc'd

With other promises and other vaunts

Than to submit, boasting I could subdue 85

Th' Omnipotent. Ay me! they little know,

How dearly I abide that boast so vain;

Under what torments inwardly I groan,

While they adore me on the throne of Hell.

With diadem and sceptre high advanc'd, 90

The lower still I fall, only supreme

In

In misery; such joy ambition finds!
But say I could repent, and could obtain
By act of grace my former state; how soon
Would hight recall high thoughts, how soon
unley 95

What feign'd submission swore! ease would
recant

Vows made in pain, as violent and void,
For never can true reconcilment grow,
Where wounds of deadly hate have pierc'd
so deep:

Which would but lead me to a worse re-
lapse 100

And heavier fall: so should I purchase dear
Short intermission bought with double smart.
This knows my punisher; therefore as far
From granting he, as I from begging peace.

All hope excluded thus, behold in stead 105
Of us out-cast, exil'd, his new delight,
Mankind created, and for him this world.
So farewell hope, and with hope farewell
fear,

Farewel remorse! all good to me is lost;
Evil be thou my good! by thee at least 110
Divided empire with Heav'n's king I hold;
By thee, and more than half perhaps will
reign:

As Man e're-long, and this new world shall
know.

Thus while he spake, each passion dimm'd
his face
Thrice chang'd with pale, ire, envy and
despair; 115
Which marr'd his borrow'd visage and betray'd
Him counterfeited, if any eye beheld.
For heav'nly minds from such distempers foul
Are ever clear. Whereof he soon aware,
Each perturbation smoothe'd with outhward
calm, 120
Artificer of fraud; and was the first
That practis'd falsehood under faintly show,
Deep malice to conceal, couch'd with reven-
ge;
Yet not enough had practis'd to deceive
Uriel once warn'd; whose eye persued him
down 125
The way he went, and on th' Assyrian mount
Saw him disfigur'd, more than could befall
Spirit of happy sort: his gestures fierce
He mark'd, and mad demeanour, then alone.
As he suppos'd, all unobserv'd, unseen. 130
So on he fares, and to the border comes
Of Eden, where delicious Paradise,
Now nearer, crowns with her enclosure green,
As with a rural mound, the champaign head
Of a steep wilderness, whose hairy sides 135
With thicket overgrown, grotesque and wild,
Access deny'd: and over head up grew

Insuperable hight of loftiest shade,
Cedar, and pine, and fir, and branching
palm,

A sylvan scene, and as the ranks ascend 140

Shade above shade, a woody theatre

Of stateliest view. Yet higher than their tops

The verdurous wall of Paradise up-sprung:

Which to our general sight gave prospect large

Into his neather empire, neighb'ring round, 145

And higher than that wall a circling row

Of goodliest trees, loaden with fairest fruit,

Blossoms and fruits at once of golden hue,

Appear'd, with gay enamel'd colors mix'd:

On which the Sun more glad impress'd his

beams 150

Than in fair evening cloud, or humid bow,

When God hath shew'r'd the earth; so lovely

seem'd

That landscape! and of pure now purer air

Meets his approach, and to the heart inspires

Vernal delight and joy, able to drive 155

All fadness but despair: now gentle gales

Fanning their odoriferous wings dispense

Native perfumes, and whisper whence they

stole

Those balmy spoils. As when to them who

sail

Beyond the Cape of Hope, and now are

past 160

H 2

Mozambic, off at sea north-east winds blow
Sabeian odors from the spicy shore
Of Araby the blest; with such delay
Well pleas'd they flak their course, and many
a league

Chear'd with the grateful smell old Ocean
smiles: 165

So entertain'd those odorous sweets the Fiend,
Who came their bane; though with them
better pleas'd

Than Asmodæus with the fishy fume
That drove him, though enamour'd, from the
sponse

Of Tobit's son, and with a vengeance sent 170
From Media post to Egypt, there fast-bound.

Now to th' ascent of that steep savage hill
Satan had journey'd on, pensive and slow;
But further way found none, so thick
entwin'd,

As one continu'd brake, the undergrowth 175
Of shrubs and tangling bushes had perplex'd
All path of man or beast that pass'd that way:

One gate there only was, and that look'd east
On th' other side: which when th' Arch-felon
saw,

Due entrance he disdain'd, and in con-
tempt, 180

At one flight bound high over-leap'd all
bound

Of hill or highest wall, and sheer within
Lights on his feet. As when a prowling wolf,
Whom hunger drives to seek new haunt for
prey,
Watching where shepherds pen their flocks at
eye 185
In hurdled cotes amid the field secure.
Leaps o'er the fence with ease into the fold:
Or as a thief bent to unhoard the cash
Of some rich burgher, whose substantial
doors
Cross barr'd and bolted fast, fear no assault, 190
In at the window climbs, or o'er the tiles:
So clomb this first grand thief into God's fold;
So since into his Church lewd hirelings climb.
Thence up he flew, and on the tree of life,
The middle tree and highest there that
grew, 195
Sat like a cormorant; yet not true life,
Thereby regain'd, but sat devising death
To them who liv'd: nor on the virtue
thought
Of that life-giving plant, but only us'd
For prospect, what well us'd had been the
pledge 200
Of immortality. So little knows
Any, but God alone, to value right
The good before him, but perverts best things
To worst abuse, or the to meanest use.

Beneath him with new wonder now he
views 205

To all delight of human sense expos'd
In narrow room Natures whole wealh, yea
more,

A Heav'n on Earth! for blissful Paradise
Of God the garden was, by him in th' east
Of Eden planted; Eden stretch'd her line 210
From Auran eastward to the royal towers
Of great Seleucia, built by Grecian kings,
Or where the sons of Eden long before
Dwelt in Telassar. In this pleasant soil
His far more pleasant garden God ordain'd: 215
Out of the fertile ground he caus'd to grow
All trees of noblest kind for sight, smell, taste;
And all amid them stood the tree of life,
High eminent, blooming ambrosial fruit
Of vegetable gold: and next to life, 220
Our death the Tree of knowledge, grew fast
by;

Knowledge of good bought dear by knowing
ill!

Southward through Eden went a river large,
Nor chang'd his course, but through the shaggy
hill

Pass'd underneath ingulf'd, for God had
thrown 225

That mountain as his garden mold high rais'd
Upon the rapid current, which through veins

Of porous earth with kindly thirst up drawn,
Rose a fresh fountain, and with many a rill
Water'd the garden; thence united fell 230
Down the steep glade; and med the nether
flood,
Which from his darksome passage now
appears,
And now divided into four main streams,
Runs diverse, wand'ring man a famous realm
And country, whereof here needs no
account; 235
Buth rather to tell how, if Art could tell,
How, from that sapphire fount, the crisped
brooks,
Rolling on orient pearl and sands of gold,
With mazy error under pendent shades
Ran nectar, visiting each plant, and fed 240
Flow'rs worthy of Paradise, which not nice
art
In beds and curious knots, but Nature boon
Pour'd forth profuse on hill, and dale, and
plain,
Both where the morning sun first warmly
smote
The open field, and where the unpierc'd
shade 245
Imbrown'd the noon-tide bow'rs. Thus was
this place
A happy rural seat of various view:

Groves whose rich trees wept odorous gums,
and balm

Others, whose fruit burnish'd with golden
rind,

Hung amiable, Hesperiam fables true, 250

If true, here only, and of delicious taste.

Betwixt them lawns, or level downs, and
flocks

Grazing the tender herb, were interpos'd,

Or palmy hillock, or the flow'ry lap

Of some irriguous valley spread her store; 255

Flow'rs of all hue, and thorn without the rose.

Another side, umbrageous grots and caves

Of cool recess, o'er which the mantling vine

Lays forth her purple grape, and gently creeps

Luxuriant: mean-while murm'ring waters

fall 260

Down the slope hills, dispers'd, or in a lake,

That to the fringed bank with myrtle crown'd

Her chrystal mirror holds, unite their streams.

The birds their quire apply; airs, vernal airs,

Breathing the smell of field and grove,

attune 265

The trembling leaves, while universal Pan,

Knit with the Graces and the Hours in dance,

Led on th' eternal spring. Not that fair field

Of Enna, where Proserpine gathering flowers,

Herself a fairer flow'r by gloomy Dis 270

Was gather'd, which cost Ceres all that pain

To seek her thro' the world; nor that sweet
grove

Of Daphne by Orontes, and th' inspir'd
Castalian spring, might with this Paradise
Of Eden strive: nor that Nyseian isle 275

Girt with the river Triton, where old Chan,
Whom Gentiles Ammon call and Libyan Jove,
Hid Amalthea, and her florid son

Young Bacchus, from his stepdame Rhea's eye:
Nor where Abassin kings their issue guard, 280

Mount Amara, though this by some suppos'd
True Paradise, under the Ethiop line

By Nilus' head, inclos'd with shining rock,
A whole day's journey high, but wide remote

From this Assyrian garden; where the
Fiend 285

Saw undelighted all delight, all kind
Of living creatures new to sight and strange.

Two of far nobler shape erect and tall,
Godlike erect; with native honor clad

In naked majesty, seem'd Lords of all, 290
And worthy seem'd: for in their looks divine,

The image of their glorious maker shone,
Truth, wisdom, sanctitude severe and pure,

Severe, but in true filial freedom plac'd,
Whence true authority in men; though

both 295
Not equal, as their sex not equal seem'd;

For contemplation he and valor form'd,

For softness she and sweet attractive grace;
He for God only, she for God in him.
His fair large front and eye sublime declar'd 300
Absolute rule; and hyacinthin locks
Round from his parted forelock manly hung
Clustering, but not beneath his shoulders broad.
She, as a veil, down to the slender waist
Her unadorned golden tresses wore, 305
Dishevel'd, but in wanton ringlets wav'd,
As the vine curls her tendrils, which imply'd
Subjection, but requir'd with gentle sway,
And by her yielded, by him best receiv'd,
Yielded with coy submission, modest pride, 310
And sweet reluctant amorous delay.
Nor those mysterious parts were then conceal'd;
Then was not guilty shame, dishonest shame
Of nature's works; honor dishonorable,
Sin-bred! how have ye troubled all man-
kind 315
With shows instead, mere shows of seeming
pure
And banish'd from man's life his happiest life,
Simplicity and spotless innocence?
So pass'd they naked on, nor shunn'd the sight
Of God or Angel, for they thought no ill: 320
So hand in hand they pass'd, the loveliest pair
That ever since in love's embraces met;
Adam the goodliest man of men since born
His sons the fairest of her daughters Eve.

Under a rust of shade, that on a green 325
Stood whisp'ring soft, by a fresh fountain side
They sat them down: and after no more toil
Of their sweet gard'ning labor than suffic'd
To recommend cool Zephyr, and made ease
More easy, wholesome thirst and appetite 330
More grateful, to their supper fruits they fell,
Nectarine fruits, which the compliant boughs
Yielded them, side-long as they sat recline
On the soft downy banck damask'd with
flowers.

The savoury pulp they chew, and in the rind 335
Still as they thirsted scoop the brimming stream;
Nor gentle purpose, nor endearing smiles
Wanted, nor youthful dalliance as beseems
Fair couple, link'd in happy nuptial league,
Alone as they. About them frisking play'd 340
All beasts of th'earth, since wild, and of all chase
In wood or wilderness, forest or den;
Sporting the lion ramp'd, and in his paw
Dandled the kid; bears, tigers, ounces, pards,
Gambol'd before them, th'unwieldy ele-
phant, 345
To make them mirth us'd all his might, and
wreath'd

His lithe proboscis; close the serpent fly
Insinuating, wove with gordian twine
His braided train, and of his fatal guile
Gave proof unheeded; others on the grass 350

Couch'd, and now fill'd with pasture gazing fat,
Or bedward ruminating: for the sun
Declin'd was hasting now with prone career
To th'ocean isles, and in th'ascending scale
Of Heav'n the stars that usher evening rose: 355
When Satan still in gaze, as first he stood,
Scarce thus at length fail'd speech recover'd sad.

O Hell! what do mine eyes with grief be-
hold!

Into our room of bliss thus high advanc'd
Creatures of other mold; earth-born per-
haps, 360

Not spirits, yet to heav'nly spirits bright
Little inferior; whom my thoughts pursue
With wonder, and could love, so lively shines
In them divine resemblance, and such grace
The hand that form'd them on their shape hath
pour'd. 365

Ah gentle pair, ye little thinck how nigh
Your change approaches, when all these delights
Will vanish, and deliver you to woe,
More woe, the more your taste is now of joy;
Happy, but for so happy ill secur'd 370
Long to continue; and this high seat your
Heav'n

Ill fenc'd for Heav'n, to keep out such a foe
As now is enter'd: yet no purpos'd foe
To you, whom I could pity thus forlorn,
Though I unpitied. League with you I seek, 375

And mutual amity so strait, so close,
That I with you must dwell, or you with me
Henceforth: my dwelling haply may not please,
Like this fair Paradise, your sense, yet such
Accept your maker's work; he gave it me, 380
Which I as freely give: Hell shall unfold,
To entertain you two, her widest gates,
And send forth all her kings: there will be room,
Not like these narrow limits, to receive
Your numerous offspring: if no better place, 385
Thank him who puts me loath to this revenge
On you, who wrong me not for him who
wrong'd.

And should I at your harmless innocence
Melt, as I do, yet public reason just,
Honor and empire with revenge enlarg'd, 390
By conqu'ring this new world compels me now
To do, what else, though damn'd, I should
abhor.

So spake the Fiend, and with necessity,
The tyrant's plea, excus'd his devilish deeds.
Then from his lofty stand on that high tree 395
Down he alights among the sportful herd
Of those four-footed kinds, himself now one,
Now other, as their shape serv'd best his end
Nearer to view his prey, and unespied
To mark, what of their state he more might
learn 400
By word or action mark'd: about them round

A lion now he stalks with fiery glare;
Then as a tiger, who by chance hath spy'd
In some purlieu two gentle fawns at play,
Straight couches close, then rising changes
oft 405

His couchant watch, as one who chose his
ground,

Whence rushing he might surest seize them
both

Grip'd in each paw: when Adam first of men
To first of women Eve thus moving speech,
Turn'd him, all ear, to hear new utterance
flow. 410

Sole partner and sole part of all these joys,
Dearer thyself than all! needs must the Pow'r
That made us, and for us this ample world,
Be infinitely good, and of his good
As liberal and free as infinite; 415
That rais'd us from the dust, and plac'd us here
In all this happiness, who at his hand
Have nothing merited, nor can perform
Ought whereof he hath need, he who requires
From us no other service than to keep 420
This one, this easy charge, of all the trees
In Paradise that bear delicious fruit
So various, not to taste that only tree
Of knowledge, planted by the tree of life;
So near grows death to life, whate'er death
is, 425

Some dreadful thing no doubt: for well thou
know'st

God hath pronounc'd it death to taste that tree,
The only sign of our obedience left

Among so many signs of pow'r and rule
Conferr'd upon us, and dominion giv'n 430

Over all other creatures that possess
Earth, air, and sea. Then let us not think
hard

One easy prohibition, who enjoy
Free leave so large to all things else, and choice
Unlimited of manifold delights; 435

But let us ever praise him, and extoll
His bounty, following our delightful task
To prune these growing plants, and tend these
flow'rs,

Which were it toilsome, yet with thee were
sweet.

To whom thus Eve reply'd. O thou, for
whom 440
And from whom I was form'd, flesh of thy
flesh,

And without whom am to no end, my guide
And head, what thou hast said is just and right.

For we to him indeed all praises owe,
And daily thanks; I chiefly, who enjoy 445

So far the happier lot, enjoying thee
Praeeminent by so much odds, while thou
Like consort to thyself canst no where find.

That day I oft remember, when from sleep
I first awak'd, and found myself repos'd 450
Under a shade of flow'rs, much wondring,
where

And what I was, whence thither brought and
how.

Not distant far from thence a murmuring
sound

Of waters issu'd from a cave, and spread
Into a liquid plain, then stood unmov'd 455
Pure as th' expanse of Heav'n: I thither went
With unexperienc'd thought, and laid me down
On the green bank, to look into the clear
Smooth lake, that to me seem'd another sky,
As I bent down to look, just opposite 460
A shape within the watry gleam appear'd,
Bending to look on me. I started back,
It started back; but pleas'd I soon return'd;
Pleas'd it return'd as soon with answering looks
Of sympathy and love: there I had fix'd 465
Mine eyes till now, and pin'd with vain desire
Had not a voice thus warn'd me. "What thou
seest,

"What there thou seest, fair Creature, is thyself;
"With thee it came and goes: but follow me,
"And I will bring thee where no shadow
stays 470

"Thy coming, and thy soft embraces, he
"Whose image thou art; him thou shalt enjoy
"Inse-

"Inseparably thine, to him shalt bear
 "Multitudes like thyself, and thence be call'd
 "Mother of human race." What could I do, 475
 But follow straight, invisibly thus led?
 Till I espyd' thee, fair indeed and tall,
 Under a plantain, yet methought less fair,
 Less winning soft, less amiably mild,
 Than that smooth watry image: back I
 turn'd; 480

Thou following cry'dst aloud, Return fair Eve,
Whom fly'st thou? whom thou fly'st, of him
thou art,

His flesh, his bone; to give thee being I lent
Out of my side to thee, nearest my heart
Substantial life, to have thee by my side 485
Henceforth an individual solace dear.

Part of my soul, I seek thee, and thee claim
My other half! ——— with that thy gentle hand
Seis'd mine, I yielded, and from that time see
How beauty is excell'd by manly grace 490
And wisdom, which alone is truly fair.

So spake our general mother, and with eyes
Of conjugal attraction unprov'd,
And meek surrender, half embracing lean'd
On our first father; half her swelling breast 495
Naked met his under the flowing gold
Of her loose tresses hid: he in delight
Both of her beauty and submissive charms
Smil'd with superior love, as Jupiter

On Juno smiles, when he impregns the
clouds 500

That shed May flow'rs; and press'd her ma-
tron lip

With kisses pure: aside the Devil turn'd

For envy, yet with jealous leer malign

Ey'd them askance, and to himself thus plain'd.

Sight hateful, sight tormenting! thus these
two 505

Imparadis'd in one another's arms,

The happier Eden, shall enjoy their fill

Of bliss on bliss, while I to Hell am thrust,

Where neither joy nor love, but fierce desire,

Among our other torments not the least, 510

Still unfulfill'd with pain of longing pines.

Yet let me not forget, what I have gain'd

From their own mouths: all is not theirs it
seems:

One fatal Tree there stands of knowledge call'd,

Forbidden them to taste: knowledge forbid-
den? 515

Suspicious, reasonless. Why should their Lord

Envy them that? can it be sin to know?

Can it be death? and do they only stand

By ignorance? is that their happy state,

The proof of their obedience and their faith? 520

O fair foundation laid whereon to build

Their ruin! hence I will excite their minds

With more desire to know, and to reject

Envious commands, invented with design,
To keep them low, whom knowledge might
exalt 525

Equal with Gods: aspiring to be such,
They taste and die: what likelier can ensue?
But first with narrow search I must walk round
This garden, and no corner leave unspy'd;
A chance but chance may lead where I may
meet 530

Some wandering Spirit of Heav'n, by fountain
side,
Or in thick shade retir'd, from him to draw
What further wold be learn'd. Live while ye
may

Yet happy pair; enjoy, till I return,
Short pleasures, for long woes are to suc-
ceed, 535

So saying, his proud step he scornful turn'd,
But with sly circumspection, and began
Through wood, through waste, o'er hill, o'er
dale his roam

Mean-while in utmost longitude, where Heav'n
With earth and ocean meets, the setting sun 540
Slowly descended, and with right aspect
Against the eastern gate of Paradise
Levell'd his evening rays: it was a rock
Of alabaster, pil'd up to the clouds,
Conspicuous far, winding with one ascent 545
Accessible from earth, one entrance high;

The rest was craggy cliff, that overhung
Still as it rose, impossible to climb.

Betwixt these roky pillars Gabriel sat,
Chief of th' Angelic guards, awaiting night: 550
About him exercis'd heroic games

Th' unarmed youth of Heav'n, but nigh at
hand

Celestial armory, shields, helms, and spears,
Hung high with diamond flaming, and with
gold.

Thither came Uriel, gliding through the
ev'n 555

On a Sun beam, swift as a shooting star
In Autumn thwarts the night, when vapors
fir'd

Impress the air, and shows the mariner,
From what point of his Compass to beware
Impetuous winds: he thus began in haste. 560

Gabriel, to thee thy course by lot hath giv'n
Charge and strict watch, that to this happy place
No evil thing approach, or enter in.

This day at hight of noon came to my sphere
A spirit, zealous, as he seem'd, to know 565
More of th' Almighty's works, and chiefly man,
God's latest image: I describ'd his way

Bent all on speed, and mark'd his aery gait:
But in the mount, that lies from Eden north,
Where he first lighted, soon discern'd his
looks 570

Alien from Heav'n, with passions foul obscur'd:
Mine eye persued him still, but under shade,
Lost sight of him; one of the banish'd crew,
I fear, hath ventur'd from the deep to raise
New troubles; him thy care must be to find. 575

To whom the winged warrior thus return'd:
Uriel, no wonder if thy perfect sight,
Amid the Sun's bright circle where thou sit'st,
See far and wide: in at this gate none pass
The vigilance here plac'd, but such as come 580
Well known from Heav'n; and since meridian
hour

No creature thence. If spirit of other sort,
So minded, have o'erleap'd these earthy bounds
On purpose, hard thou know'st it to exclude
Spiritual substance with corporeal bar. 585

But if within the circuit of these walks,
In whatsoever shape he lurk, of whom
Thou tell'st, by morrow dawning I shall know.

So promis'd he, and Uriel to his charge
Return'd on that bright beam, whose point
now rais'd, 590

Bore him slope downward to the Sun, now
fall'n,

Beneath th' Azores; whether the prime orb,
Incredible how swift, had thither roll'd
Diurnal, or this less volubil earth

By shorter flight to th'east, had left him there 595
Arraying with reflected purple and gold.

The clouds, that on his western throne attend.
Now came still evening on, and twilight gray
Had in her sober livery all things clad;

Silence accompany'd, for beast and bird, 600

They to their grassy couch, these to their nests

Were flunk; all but the wakeful nightingale:

She all night long her amorous descant sung;

Silence was pleas'd: now glow'd the firmament

With living saphirs, Hesperus, that led 605

The starry host rode brightest, till the moon

Rising in clouded majesty at length,

Apparent Queen, unveil'd her peerless light,

And o'er the dark her silver mantle threw;

When Adam thus to Eve: Fair consort,

th'hour 610

Of night, and all things now retir'd to rest

Mind us of like repose, since God hath set

Labor and rest, as day and night to men

Successive; and the timely dew of sleep

Now falling with soft slumbrous weight, in-

clines 615

Our eye-lids: other creatures all day long

Rove idle, unemploy'd, and less need rest:

Man hath his daily work of body, or mind

Appointed, which declares his dignity,

And the regard of Heav'n on all his ways: 620

While other animals unactive range,

And of their doings God takes no account.

To morrow, e're fresh morning streak the east

With first approach of light, we must be ris'n,
And at our pleasant labor, to reform 625

Yon flow'ry arbors, yonder alleys green
Our walk at noon, with branches overgrown;
That mock our scant manuring, and require
More hands than ours to lop their wanto growth.
Those blossoms also, and those dropping
gums, 630

That lie bestrown unsightly and unsmooth,
Ask riddance, if we mean to tread with ease:
Mean while, as nature wills, night bids us rest.

To whom thus Eve with perfect beauty
adorn'd:

My author and disposer, what thou bidst 635

Unargu'd I obey; so God ordains;

God is thy law, thou mine: to know no more
Is woman's happiest knowledge and her praise.

With thee conversing I forget all time;

All seasons and their change, all please alike, 640

Sweet is the breath of morn, her rising sweet,

With charm of earliest birds: pleasant the Sun,

When first on this delightful land he spreads

His orient beams, on herb, tree, fruit, and flow'r,

Glist'ring with dew: fragrant the fertile
earth 645

After soft show'rs; and sweet the coming on

Of grateful ev'ning mild: then silent night

With this her solemn bird, and this fair moon,

And these the gems of heav'n, her starry train.

But neither breath of morn, when she
ascends 650

With charm of earliest birds; nor rising Sun
On this delightful land; nor herb, fruit, flow'r,
Glistering with dew, nor fragrance after sho-
wers;

Nor grateful evening mild; nor silent night
With this her solemn bird, nor walk by
moon, 655

Or glittering star-light, without thee is sweet.
But wherefore all night long shine these, for
whom

This glorious sight, when sleep hath shut
all eyes?

To whom our general ancestor replyd;
Daughter of God and man, accomplish'd
Eve, 660

These have their course to finish, round the
earth,

By morrow ev'ning, and from land to land
In order, though to nations yet unborn,

Ministring light prepar'd, they set and rise;
Lest total darkness should by night regain 665

Her old possession, and extinguish life

In nature and all things; which these soft fires
Not only enlighten, but with kindly heat

Of various influence foment and warm,

Temper or nourish; or in part shed down 670

Their stellar virtue on all kinds, that grow

On earth; made hereby apter to receive
Perfection from the Sun's more potent ray.

These then, though unbeheld in deep of
night,

Shine not in vain; nor think, though men
were none, 675

That heav'n would want spectators, God want
praise:

Millions of spiritual creatures walk the earth
Unseen, both when we wake, and when we
sleep

All these with ceaseless praise his works be-
hold

Both day and night: how often from the steep 630
Of echoing hill, or thicket, have we heard
Coelestial voices to the midnight air,

Sole, or responsive each to other's note,

Singing their great Creator; oft in bands

While they keep watch, or nightly rounding
walk 685

With heav'nly touch of instrumental sounds,

In full harmonic number join'd, their songs

Divide the night, and lift our thoughts to
Heaven.

Thus talking, hand in hand, alone they
pass'd

On to their blissful Bow'r: it was a place 690

Chos'n by the sov'reign planter, when he
fram'd

More lovely than Pandora, whom the Gods
Endow'd with all their gifts, and O, too
like 715

In sad event! when to th' unwiser son
Of Japhet brought by Hermes, she insnar'd
Mankind with her fair looks, to be aveng'd
On him who had stole Jove's authentic fire.

Thus at their shady Lodge arriv'd, both
stood, 720

Both turn'd, and under open sky ador'd
The God that made both sky, air, eard and
heav'n,

Which they beheld, the moon's resplendent
globe,

And starry pole: Thou also mad'st the night,
Maker omnipotent, and thou the day 725

Which we in our appointed work employ'd
Have finish'd, happy in our mutual help
And mutual love, the crown of all our bliss
Ordain'd by thee, and this delicious place
For us too large, where thy abundance
wants 730

Partakers, and uncropt falls to the ground.
But thou hast promis'd from us two a race
To fill the earth, who shall with us extol
Thy goodness infinite, both when we wake,
And when we seek, as now, thy gift of
sleep. 735

This said unanimous, and other rites

Observing none, but adoration pure,
Which God likes best, into their inmost bow'r
Handed they went; and eas'd the putting off
These troublesome disguises which we wear, 740
Straight side by side were laid: nor turn'd I
ween

Adam from his fair spouse, nor Eve the rites
Mysterious of connubial love refus'd:
Whatever hypocrites austerely talk
Of purity and place and innocence, 745
Defaming as impure what God declares
Pure, and commands to some, leaves free to
all.

Our maker bids increase; who bids abstain
But out destroyer, foe to God and man?
Hail wedded love! mysterious law, true
source 750

Of human offspring, sole propriety
In Paradise, of all things common else.
By thee adult'rous lust was driv'n from men,
Among the bestial herds to range; by thee,
Founded in reason, loyal, just, and pure, 755
Relations dear, and all the charities
Of father, son, and brother first were known.
Far be it, that I should write thee sin or
blame;

Or think thee unbecoming holiest place, 760
Perpetual fountain of domestic sweets!
Whose bed is undeli'd and chaste, pronounc'd,

Present, or past, as Saints and Patriarchs
us'd.

Here Love his golden shafts employs, here
lights

His constant lamp, and waves his purple
wings,

Reigns here and revels: not in the bought
smile 765

Of harlots, loveless, joyless, unendeard,
Casual fruition, nor in court amours,

Mix'd dance, or wanton mask, or midnight
ball,

Or serenate, which the starv'd lover sings
To his proud fair, best quitted with disdain, 770

These, lull'd by nightingales embracing slept,

And on their naked limbs the flow'ry roof

Shower'd roses, which the morn repair'd.

Sleep on

Blest pair; and O! yet happiest, if ye seek

No happier state, and know to know no
more. 775

Now had night measur'd with her shadowy
cone

Half way up hill this vast sublunar vault,

And from their ivory port the Cherubim

Forth issuing at th' accustom'd hour stood
arm'd

To their night watches in warlike para-
de, 780

When Gabriel to his next in pow'r thus
spake.

Uzziel, half these draw off, and coast
the south

With strictest watch: these other wheel the
north,

Our circuit meets full west. As flame they
part

Half wheeling to the shield, half to the
spear. 785

From these, two strong and subtle spirits he
call'd,

That near him stood, and gave them thus in
charge.

Ithuriel and Zephon, with wing'd speed
Search through this garden, leave unsearch'd
no nook:

But chiefly where those two fair creatures
lodge, 790

Now laid perhaps asleep secure of harm.

This evening from the Sun's decline arriv'd,

Who tells of some infernal spirit seen

Hitherward bent, who could have thought?
escap'd

The bars of Hell, on errand bad no
doubt: 795

Such where ye find, seize fast, and hither
bring.

So saying, on he led his radiant files,

Dazling the moon; these to the bow'r direct,
In search of whom they sought: him there
they found

Squat like a toad, close at the ear of Eve; 800
Assaying by his devilish art to reach
The organs of her fancy, and with them
forge

Illusions as he list, phantasms and dreams:
Or if, inspiring venom, he might taint
Th' animal spirits, that from pure blood
arise 805

Like gentle breaths from rivers pure; thence
raise

At last distemper'd, discontented thoughts,
Vain hopes, vain aims, inordinate desires,
Blown up with high conceits ingendring
pride.

Him thus intent Ithuriel with his spear 810
Touch'd lightly; for no falsehood can indure
Touch of celestial temper, but returns
Of force to its own likeness, up he starts
Discover'd and surpris'd. As when a spark
Lights on a heap of nitrous powder, laid 815
Fit for the tun, some magazine to store
Against a rumor'd war, the smutty grain
With sudden blaze diffus'd, inflames the air:
So started up in his own shape the Fiend.
Back stept those two fair angels half
amaz'd, 820

So sudden to behold the griffly King;
Yet thus, unmov'd with fear, accost him
soon.

Which of those rebel spirits adjudg'd to Hell
Com'st thou, escap'd thy prison? and trans-
form'd,

Why sat'st thou, like an enemy in wait, 825
Here watching at the head of these that
sleep?

Know ye not then, said satan, fill'd with
scorn,

Know ye not Me? ye knew me once no mate
For you, there sitting where you durst not
soare;

Not to know me argues yourselves un-
known, 830

The lowest of your throng: or if ye know,
Why ask ye, and superfluous begin

Your message, like to end as much in vain?

To whom thus Zephon, answering scorn
with scorn,

Think not, revolted spirit, they shape the
same 835

Or undiminish'd brightness to be known,

As when thou stood'st in Heav'n upright and
pure;

That glory then, when thou no more wast
good

Departed from thee; and thou resembl'st now

Thy sin and place of doom, obscure and
foul. 840

But come, for thou, be sure, shalt give
account

To him, who sent us, whose charge is to keep
This place inviolable, and these from harm.

So spake the Cherub, and his grave rebuke,
Severe in youthful beauty, added grace 845

Invincible: abash'd the Devil stood,
And felt how awful goodness is, and saw
Virtue in her shape how lovely, saw and
pin'd

His loss: but chiefly to find here observ'd
His illustre visibly impair'd; yet seem'd 850

Undaunted. If I must contend, said he,
Best with the best, the sender not the sent,

Or all at once; more glory will be won,
Or less be lost. Thy fear, said Zephon bold,

Will save us trial, what the least can do 855
Single against thee wicked, and thence

weack.

The Fiend reply'd not, overcome with rage;
But like a proud steed rein'd, went haughty
on,

Champing his iron curb: to strive or fly

He held it vain; awe from above had
quell'd 860

His heard, not else dismay'd. Now drew they
nigh

The western point, where those half-rounding
guards

Just met, and closing stood in Squadron join'd,
Awaiting next command; to whom their
Chief,

Gabriel from the front thus call'd aloud. 865

O friends, I hear the tread of nimble feet
Hasting this way, and now by glimpse discern
Ithuriel and Zephon through the shade,

And with them comes a third of regal port,
But faded splendor wan, who by his gait 870
And fierce demeanor seems the Prince of
Hell;

Not likely to part hence without contest:
Stand firm, for in his look defiance lours.

He scarce had ended, when those two
approach'd,
And brief related, whom they brought, where
found. 875

How busied, in what form and posture
couch'd

To whom with stern regard thus Gabriel
spake.

Why hast thou, Satan, broke the bounds
prescrib'd,

To thy transgressions, and disturb'd the charge
Of others, who approve not to transgress 880

By thy example, but have pow'r and right

To question thy bold entrance on this place;

Employ'd it seems to violate sleep, and those
Whose dwelling God hath planted here in
bliss?

To whom thus Satan with contemptuous
brow: 885

Gabriel, thou hadst in Heav'n th' esteem of
wife, And such I held thee; but this question ask
Puts me in doubt. Lives there who loves his
pain?

Who would not, finding way, break loose
from Hell,

Tho' thither doom'd? thou would'st thyself,
no doubt, 890

And boldly venture to whatever place,
Farthest from pain; where thou might'st hope
to change

Torment with ease, and soonest recompense
Dole with delight, which in this place I
sought:

To thee no reason, who know'st only
good, 895

But evil hast not try'd. And wilt object
His will who bound us? let him surer bar
His iron gates, if he intends our stay
In that dark durance! thus much what was
ask'd.

The rest is true: they found me where they
say? 900

But that implies not violence, or harm.

Thus he in scorn. The warlike Angel
mov'd

Disdainfully half smiling, thus reply'd,
O loss of one in Heav'n to judge of wise,
Since Satan fell, whom folly overthrew! 905
An now returns him from his prison scap'd,
Gravely in doubt whether to hold them wise
Or not, who ask what boldness brought him
hither,

Unlicens'd from his bounds in Hell prescrib'd;
So wise he judges it to fly from pain 910

However, and to scape his punishment.

So judge thou still, presumptuous, till the
wrath,

Which thou incurr'st by flying, meet thy
flight

Sev'nfold, and scourge that wisdom back to
Hell,

Which taught thee yet no better, that no
pain 915

Can equal anger infinite provok'd.

But wherefore thou alone? wherefore with
thee

Came not all Hell broke loose? is pain to
them

Less pain, less to be fled? or thou than
they

Less hardy to indure? courageous chief! 920

The first in flight from pain! hadst thou
alleg'd

To thy deserted host this cause of flight,
Thou surely hadst not come sole fugitive.

To which the Fiend thus answer'd frowning
stern.

Not that I less indure, or shrink from
pain, 925

Insulting Angel, well thou know'st; I stood
The fiercest; when in battel to thy aid
The blasting vollied thunder made all speed,
And seconded thy else not dreaded spear.

But still thy words at random, as before, 930
Argue thy inexperience what behoves
From hard assays and ill successes past,

A faithful leader, not to hazard all
Through ways of danger by himself untry'd:
I therefore, I alone first undertook, 935

To wing the desolate Abyss, and spy
This new created world, whereof in Hell
Fame is not silent; here in hope to find
Better abode, and my afflicted Pow'rs

To settle here on earth, or in mid air; 940
Though, for possession, put to try once
more,

What thou and thy gay legions dare against;
Whose easier business were to serve their Lord
High up in Heav'n, with songs to hymn his
throne,

And practis'd distances to cringe, not fight. 945

To whom the warrior Angel soon reply'd:
To say, and straight unsay, pretending first
Wife to fly pain, professing next the spy,
Argues no leader but a liar trac'd,
Satan! and couldst thou *faithful* add? O
name, 950

O sacred name of faithfulness profan'd!

Faithful to whom? to thy rebellious crew?

Army of fiends, fit body to fit head.

Was his your discipline and faith engag'd,
Your military obedience, to dissolve. 955

Allegiance to th' acknowledg'd Pow'r supreme?

And thou, fly hypocrite! who now wouldst
seem

Patron of liberty, who more than thou

Once fawn'd, and cring'd, and servily ador'd

Heav'n's awful Monarch? wherefore but in

hope 960

To dispossess him, and thyself to reign?

But mark, what I arneed thee now: avant!

Fly thither, whence thou fledst: if from this
hour

Within these hallow'd limits thou appear,

Back to th' infernal pit I drag thee chain'd, 965

And seal thee so, as henceforth not to scorn

The facil gates of Hell too slightly barr'd.

So threaten'd he, but Satan to no threats

Gave heed, but waxin more in rage reply'd.

Then, when I am thy captive, talk of
chains, 970

Proud liminary Cherub, but e're then
Far heavier load thyself expect to feel
From my prevailing arm; though Heaven's
King

Ride on thy wings, and thou with thy com-
peers,

Us'd to the yoke, draw'st his triumphant
wheels 975

In progress through the road of Heav'n
star-pav'd.

While thus he spake, th' Angelic Squadron
bright

Turn'd fiery red, sharp'ning in mooned horns
Their phalanx, and began to hem him round
With ported spears, as thick as when a
field 980

Of Ceres ripe for harvest waving bends
Her bearded grove of ears, which way the
wind

Sways them; the careful plowman doubting
stands,

Left on the threshing floor his hopeful
sheaves

Prove chaff. On th' other side Satan alarm'd 985
Collecting all his might dilated stood

Like Teneriff, or Atlas unremov'd:
His stature reach'd the sky, and on his crest

Sat horror plum'd; nor wanted in his grasp
What seem'd both spear and shield. Now
 dreadful deeds 990

Might have ensu'd nor only Paradise
In this commotion, but the starry cope
Of Heav'n perhaps, or all the elements
At least had gone to wrack, disturb'd and torn
With violence of this conflict, had not
soon

Th' Eternal, to prevent such horrid fray,
Hung forth in Heav'n his golden scales, yet
seen

Betwixt Aftrea and the Scorpion sign,
Wherein all things created first he weigh'd,
The pendulous round earth with ballanc'd
air 1000

In counterpoise; now ponders all events,
Battels and realms: in these he put two
weights,

The sequel each of parting and of fight;
The latter quick up flew, and kick'd the
beam:

Which Gabriel spying, thus bespake the
Fiend. 1005

Satan, I know thy strength, and thou know'st
mine,

Neither our own but giv'n : what folly then
To boast what arms can do, since thine no
more

Than Heav'n permits, nor mine, though doubled now

To trample thee as mire: for proof look
up 1010

And read thy lot in yon celestial sign,

Where thou art weigh'd, and shown, how
light, how weak,

If thou resist. ——— The Fiend look'd up,
and knew

His mounted scale aloft: nor more; but fled

Murm'ring, and with him fled the shades of
night. 1015

The End of the Fourth Book.

B O O K V.

Now morn her rosy steps in th' eastern
clime

Advancing, sow'd the earth with orient
pearl,

When Adam wack'd: so custom'd; for his
sleep

Was aery light, from pure digestion bred,
And temperate vapors blank, which th' only
found *) 5

Of leaves and fuming rills, Aurora's fan,
Lightly dispers'd, and the shrill matin song
Of birds on every bough. So much the
more

His wonder was, to find unwacken'd Eve
With tresses discompos'd, and glowing
cheek 10

As through unquiet rest: he on his side:

**) Perhaps these two Verses were originaly dictated
by the Author thus:*

And temperate vapors bland from fuming rills,
Which th' only sound of leaves, Aurora's fan,
Lightly dispers'd, etc.

Leannig half rais'd, with looks of cordial love
Hung over her enamour'd, and beheld
Beauty, which whether waking or asleep,
Shot forth peculiar graces: then, with
voice 15

Mild as when Zephyrus on Flora breathes.
Her hand soft touching, whisper'd thus: Awake
My fairest, my espous'd, my latest found,
Heav'n's last best gift, my ever new delight!
Awake! the morning shines, and the fresh
field 20

Calls us, we lose the prime, to mark how
spring
Our tended plants, how blows the citron
grove,
What drops the myrrh, and what the balmy
reed,

How nature paints her colors, how the bee
Sits on the bloom extracting liquid sweet. 25

Such whispering wak'd her, but with startl'd
eye

On Adam, whom embracing, thus she spake.

O sole, in whom my thoughts find all repose,
My glory, my perfection! glad I see

Thy face, and morn return'd; for I this
night, 30

Such night till this I never pass'd, have
dream'd,

If dream'd, not, as I oft am wont, of thee,

One shap'd and wing'd like one of those from
Heav'n 55

By us oft seen: his dewy locks distill'd
Ambrosia; on that tree he also gaz'd;
And O fair plant, I said he, with fruit sur-
charg'd,

Deigns none to ease thy load and taste thy
sweet,

Nor God, nor Man? Is knowledge so
despis'd? 60

Or envy, or what reserve forbids to taste?
Forbid who will, none shall from me with-
hold

Longer thy offer'd good: why else set here?
This said he paus'd not, but with vent'rous
arm

He pluck'd, he tasted: me damp horror
chill'd 65

At such bold words, vouch'd with a deed so
bold.

But he thus, overjoy'd, O fruit divine!
Sweet of thyself, but much more sweet thus
cropt!

Forbidden here, it seems, as only fit
For Gods, yet able to make Gods of Men: 70
And why not Gods of Men, since good the
more

Communicated, more abundant grows,
The author not impair'd, but honor'd more?

Here, happy creature, fair Angelic Eve!
Partake thou also: happy though thou art, 75
Happier thou may'st be, worthier canst not be:
Taste this, and be henceforth among the Gods
Thyself a Goddess, not to earth confin'd,
But sometimes in the air, as we, sometimes
Ascend to Heav'n by merit thine, and see, 80
What life the Gods live there, and such live
of thyself thou.

So saying, he drew nigh, and to me held,
Ev'n to my mouth, of that same fruit held part
Which he had pluck'd: the pleasant savoury
smell

So quicken'd appetite, that I, methought, 85
Could but not taste. Forthwith up to the clouds
With him I flew, and underneath beheld
The earth outstretch'd immense, a prospect
wide

And various: wond'ring at my flight and
change

To this high exaltation; suddenly 90
My guide was gone, and I, methought, sunk
down,

And fell asleep: but O, how glad I wak'd
To find this but a dream! Thus Eve her night
Related, and thus Adam answer'd sad.

Best image of myself, and dearer half! 95
The trouble of thy thoughts this night in sleep
Affects me equally; nor can I like

This uncouth dream, of evil sprung I fear,
Yet evil whence? in thee can harbour none,
Created pure. But know, that in the soul 100
Are many lesser faculties, that serve
Reason as chief: among these fancy next
Her office holds: of all external things,
Which the five watchful senses represent,
She forms imaginations, aery shapes, 105
Which Reason joining or disjoining, frames
All what we affirm, or what deny, and call
Our knowledge or opinion; then retires
Into her private cell, when nature rests.
Oft in her absence mimic fancy wakes, 110
To imitate her; but misjoining shapes,
Wild work produces oft, and most in dreams;
Ill matching words and deeds long past or late.
Some such resemblances methinks I find
Of our last evening's talk, in this thy dream, 115
But with addition strange: yet be not sad.
Evil into the mind of God or Man
May come and go, so unapprov'd, and leave
No spot or blame behind: which gives me hope,
That, what in sleep thou didst abhor to
dream, 120
Waking thou never wilt consent to do.
Be not dishearten'd then, nor cloud those looks,
That wont to be more chearful and serene,
Than when fair morning first smiles on the
world:

And let us to our fresh employments rise 125
Among the groves, the fountains and the flow'rs,
That open now their choicest bosom'd smells
Reserv'd from night, and kept for thee in store.

So chear'd he his fair spouse, and she was
chear'd,

But silently a gentle tear let fall 130
From either eye, and wip'd them with her
hair:

Two other precious drops, that ready stood,
Each in their crystal sluice, he e're they fell
Kiss'd, as the gracious signs of sweet remorse
And pious awe, that fear'd to have offen-
ded. 135

So all was clear'd, and to the field they haste.
But first from under shady arborous roof,
Soon as they forth were come to open sight
Of day-spring, and the Sun, who scarce
uprisen,

With wheels yet hovering o'er the ocean
brim, 140

Shot parallel to th' earth his dewy ray,
Discovering in wide landscape all the east
Of Paradise, and Eden's happy plains,
Lowly they bow'd, adoring, and began
Their orisons, each morning duly paid 145
In various style; for neither various style,
Nor holy rapture wanted they to praise
Their Maker, in fit strains pronounc'd or sung
Unme-

Unmeditated, such prompt eloquence
 Flow'd from their lips, in prose or numerous
 verse. 150

More tuneable, than needed lute or harp
 To add more sweetness, and they thus began.

These are thy glorious works, Parent of
 good!

Almighty! thine this universal frame,
 Thus wondrous fair; thyself how wondrous
 then! 155

Unspeakable! who sitst above these Heav'ns,
 To us invisible, or dimly seen
 In these thy lowest works: yet these declare
 Thy goodness beyond thought, and pow'r
 divine.

Speak ye who best can tell, ye sons of light, 160
 Angels! for ye behold him, and with songs
 And choral symphonies, day without night,
 Circle his throne rejoicing; ye in Heav'n,
 On earth join all ye creatures to extol
 Him first, him last, him midst, and without
 end! 165

Fairest of stars, last in the train of night,
 If better thou belong not to the dawn,
 Sure pledge of day, that crown'st the smiling
 morn

With thy bright circlet, praise him in thy
 sphere

While day arises, that sweet hour of prime. 170

Thou Sun, of this great world both eye and
soul,

Acrnowledge him thy greatek, sound his praise
In thy eternal course, both when thou climb'st,
And when high noon hast gain'd, and when
thou fall'st.

Moon, that now meet'st orient sun, now
fly'st, 175

With the fix'd stars, fix'd in their orb that flies;
And ye five other wand'ring fires, that move
In mystic dance not without song, resound
His praise, who out of darkness call'd up light.

Air, and ye elements, the eldest birth 180

Of Nature's womb, that in quaternion run
Perpetual circle, multiform, and mix

And nourish all things, let your ceaseless change
Vary to our Great Maker still new praise.

Ye mists and exhalations that now rise 185

From hill or steaming lake, dusky or gray,

Till the sun paint your fleecy skirts with gold,

In honor to the world's great author rise;

Whether to deck with clouds th' uncolored sky,

Or wet the thirsty earth with falling sho-

wers, 190

Rising or falling still advance his praise.

His praise, ye winds, that from four quar-
ters blow,

Breathe soft or loud; and wave your tops, ye

Pines,

With every plant, in sign of worship wave.
Fountains and ye, that warble, as ye flow, 195
Melodious murmurs, warbling tune his praise.
Join voices, all ye living souls, ye birds,
That singing up to Heaven gate ascend,
Bear on your wings and in your notes his praise.
Ye that in waters glide, and ye that walk 200
The earth, and stately tread, or lowly creep:
Witness if I be silent, morn or even,
To hill, or valley, fountain, or fresh shade
Made vocal by my song, and taught his praise.
Hail universal Lord! be bounteous still 205
To give us only good: and if the night
Have gather'd ought of evil or conceal'd,
Disperse it, as now light dispels the dark.

So pray'd they innocent, and to their
thoughts

Firm peace recover'd soon and wonted calm. 210
On to their morning's rural work they haste
Among sweet dewes and flow'rs; where any
row
Of fruit-trees over-woody reach'd to far
Their pamper'd boughs, and needed hands to
check

Fruitless embraces: or they led the vine 215
To wed her elm; she spous'd about him twines
Her marriageable arms, and with her brings
Her dow'r th' adopted clusters, to adorn
His barren leaves. Them thus employ'd beheld

With pity Heav'n's high King, and to him
call'd 220

Raphael, the sociable spirit, that deign'd
To travel with Tobias, and secur'd
His marriage with the seventimes wedded maid.

Raphael, said he, thou hear'st what stir on
earth
Satan from Hell scap'd thro' the darksome
gulf 225

Hath rais'd in Paradise, and how disturb'd
This night the human pair, how he designs
In them at once to ruin all mankind.

Go therefore, half this day as friend with friend
Converse with Adam, in what bow'r or
shade 230

Thou find'st him from the heat of noon retir'd,
To respite his day-labor with repast,

Or with repose: and such discourse bring on,
As may advise him of his happy state,

Happiness in his pow'r left free to will, 235
Left to his own free will; his will though free,

Yet mutable; whence warn him to beware
He swerve not too secure. Tell him withal

His danger, and from whom; what enemy
Late fall'n himself from Heav'n, is plotting

now 240
The fall of others from like state of bliss:

By violence? no, for that shall be withstood;
But by deceit and lies; this let him know,

Lest wilfully transgressing he pretend
Surprisal, unadmonish'd, unforewarn'd. 245

So spake th' eternal Father, and fulfill'd
All justice; nor delay'd the winged saint
After his charge receiv'd; but from among
Thousand celestial Ardors, where he stood
Veil'd with his gorgeous wings, up springing
light, 250

Flew through the midst of Heav'n: th' angelic
quires

On each hand parting, to his speed gave way
Through all th' empyreal road; till at the gate
Of Heav'n arriv'd, the gate self-open'd wide

On golden hinges turning, as by work 255
Divine, the sov'reign architect had fram'd.

From hence no cloud, or, to obstruct his sight,
Star interpos'd, however small he sees,

Not unconform to other shining globes,
Earth, and the gard'n of God, with cedars

crown'd 260

Above all hills. As when by night the glass
Of Galileo, less assur'd, observes

Imagin'd lands and regions in the moon:

Or pilot, from amidst the Cyclades,

Delos, or Samos, first appearing, kens 265

A cloudy spot. Down thither prone in flight

He speeds, and through the vast ethereal sky

Sails between worlds and worlds: with sted-
dy wing

Now on the polar winds; then with quick fan
Winnows the buxom air; till within soar 270
Of towring eagles, to all the fowls he seems
A Phoenix gaz'd by all, as that sole bird,
When to inshrine his reliques in the sun's
Bright temple, to Egyptian Thebes he flies.

At once on th' eastern cliff of Paradise 275
He lights, and to his proper shape returns,
A Seraph wing'd: fix wings he wore, to shade
His lineaments divine; the pair that clad
Each shoulder broad, came mantling o'er his
breast

With regal ornament: the middle pair 280
Girt like a starry zone his waist, and round
Skirted his loins and thighs with downy gold
And colors dipt in heav'n: the third his feet
Shadow'd from either heel with feather'd mail,
Sky-tinctur'd grain. Like Maia's son he
stood, 285

And shook his plumes, that heav'nly fragrance
fill'd

The circuit wide. Straight knew him all the
bands

Of Angels under watch; and to his state,
And to his message high in honor rise;
For on some message high they guess'd him
bound. 290

Their glitt'ring tents he pass'd, and now is
come

Into the blifsfull field, through groves of myrrh,
And flow'ring odors, cassia, nard, and balm;
A wilderness of sweets! for Nature here
Wanton'd as in her prime, and play'd at
will 295

Her virgin fancies, pouring forth more sweet,
Wild above rule or art; enormous blifs!

Him through the spicy forest onward come
Adam discern'd, as in the door he sat

Of his cool bow'r, while now the mounted
Sun 300

Shot down direct his fervid rays to warm
Earth's inmost womb, more warmth than Adam
needs:

And Eve within, due at her hour prepar'd
For dinner savoury fruits, of taste to please
True appetite, and not disrelish thirst 305
Of nectarous draughts between, from milky
stream,

Berry or grape; to whom thus Adam call'd.

Haste hither Eve, and worth thy sight be-
hold

Eastward among those trees, what glorious
shape

Comes this way moving; seems another
morn 310

Ris'n on mid-noon; some great behest from
Heav'n

To us perhaps he brings, and will vouchsafe

This day to be our guest. But go with speed,
And what thy stores contain, bring forth and
pour

Abundance, fit to honor and receive 315

Our heav'nly stranger: well we may afford

Our givers their own gifts, and large bestow

From large bestow'd, where Nature multiplies

Her fertil growth, and by disburd'ning grows

More fruitful, which instructs us not to

spare. 320

To whom thus Eve. Adam, earth's hallow'd

mould,

Of God inspir'd, small store will serve, where

store,

All seasons, ripe for use hangs on the stalk;

Save what by frugal storing firmness gains

To nourish, and superfluous moist con-

sumes. 325

But I will haste, and from each bough and

brake,

Each plant, and jucieft gourd, will pluck such

choice

To entertain our Angel-guest, as he

Beholding shall confess, that here on Earth

God had dispens'd his bounties, as in Heav'n. 330

So saying, with dispatchful looks in haste,

She turns, on hospitable thoughts intent

What choice to chuse for delicacy best,

What order, so contriv'd as not to mix

Tastes, not well join'd, inelegant, but
bring 335

Taste after taste upheld with kindliest change:
Bestirs her then, and from each tender stalk

Whatever earth all-bearing mother yields

In India East or West, or middle shore

In Pontus, or the Punic coast, or where 340

Alcinous reign'd, fruit of all kinds, in coat

Rough or smooth rin'd, or bearded husk, or

shell,

She gathers; tribute large and on the board

Heaps with unsparing hand: for drink the

grape

She crushes, inoffensive must, and meaths 345

From many a berry; and from sweet kernels

press'd,

She tempers dulcet creams; nor these to hold

Wants her fit vessels pure: then strows the

ground

With rose, and odors from the shrub unfum'd.

Mean while our primitive great fire, to

meet 350

His god-like guest, walks forth, without more

train

Accompanied than with his own complete

Perfections; in himself was all his state:

More solemn than the tedious pomp that waits

On Princes, when their rich retinue long 355

Of horses led, and grooms besmear'd with gold

Dazles the crowd, and sets them all agape.
 Nearer his presence Adam though not aw'd,
 Yet with submits approach, and reverence
 meek,

As to a superior nature, bowing low, 360
 Thus said. Native of Heaven! for other place
 None can than Heaven such glorious shape
 contain,

Since by descending from the thrones above,
 Those happy places thou hast deign'd a while
 To want, and honor these, vouchsafe with us 365
 Two only, who yet by sov'reign gift possess
 This spacious ground, in yonder shady bower
 To rest; and what the garden choicest bears
 To sit and taste, till this meridian heat
 Be over, and the Sun more cool decline. 370

Whom thus th' angelic Virtue answer'd mild.
 Adam, I therefore came, nor art thou such
 Created, or such place hast here to dwell,
 As may not oft invite, though spirits of Heav'n,
 To visit thee: lead on then where thy bow'r 375
 O'ershades; for these mid-hours, till ev'ning
 rise,

I have at will. So to the sylvan lodge
 They came, that like Pomona's arbor smil'd,
 With flowrets deck'd, and fragrant smells: but
 Eve

Undeck'd, save with herself, more lovely
 fair 380

Than Wood-Nymph, or the fairest Goddess
feign'd

Of three that in mount Ida naked strove,
Stood t'entertain her guest from Heav'n: no
veil

She needed, virtue-proof, no thought infirm
Alter'd her cheek. On whom the Angel
Hail 385

Bestow'd, the holy salutation us'd
Long after to blest Mary, second Eve.

Hail Mother of Mankind! whose fruitful
womb

Shall fill the world more numerous with thy
sons,

Than with these various fruits the trees of
God 390

Have heap'd this table. Rais'd of grassy turf
Their table was, and mossy seats had
round:

And on her ample square from side to side
All Autumn pil'd, though Spring and Autumn
here

Danc'd hand in hand. A while discourse they
hold;

No fear left dinner cool; when thus be-
gan 396

Our author. Heav'nly stranger! please to taste
These bounties which our nourisher, from
wohm

All perfect good, unmeasur'd out, descends,
To us for food and for delight hath caus'd 400
The earth to yield: unfavoury food perhaps
To spiritual natures; only this I know,
That one celestial Father gives to all.

To whom the Angel. Therefore what he
gives,

Whose praise be ever sung! to man, in part 405
Spiritual, may of purest spirits be found
No ingrateful food, and food alike those pure
Intelligential substances require,

As doth your rational: and both contain
Within them every lower faculty 410
Of sense, whereby they hear, see, smell,
touch, taste,

Tasting concoct, digest, assimilate,
And corporeal to incorporeal turn.

Far know, whatever was created, needs
To be sustain'd and fed: of elements 415

The grosser feeds the purer; earth the sea;
Earth and the sea feed air; the air those fires
Ethereal; and as lowest first the moon;

Whence in her visage round those spots, un-
purg'd

Vapors, not yet into her substance turn'd. 420
Nor doth the moon no nourishment exhale
From her moist continent to higher orbs.

The Sun, that light imparts to all, receives
From all his alimantal recompense,

In humid exhalations; and at ev'n 425
Sups with the ocean. Though in Heav'n the
trees

Of life ambrosial fruitage bear, and vines
Yield Nectar; though from of the boughs each
morn

We brush mellifluous dewes, and find the
ground

Cóver'd with pearly grain: yet God hath
here 430

Varied his bounty so with new delights,
As may compare with Heaven, and to taste
Think not I shall be nice. ——— So down
they sat,

And to their viands fell, nor seemingly
The Angel, nor in mist, the common
glofs 435

Of Theologians, but with keen dispatch
Of real hunger, and concoctive heat
To transubstantiate: what redounds, tran-
spires

Through spirits with ease, nor wonder; if by
fire

Of sooty coal the empiric alchymist 440

Can turn, or holds it possible to turn,
Metals of drossiest ore to perfect gold,

As from the mine. Mean while at table
Eve

Minister'd naked, and their flowing cups

With pleasant liquors crown'd. O innocence 445

Deserving Paradise! if ever, then,
The had the sons of God excuse t'have been
Enamour'd at that sight: but in those hearts
Love unlibidinous reign'd, nor jealousy
Was understood, the injur'd lover's Hell. 450

Thus when with meats and drinks they had
suffic'd,

Not burden'd nature, sudden mind arose
In Adam, not to let th' occasion pass
Giv'n him by this great conference, to know
Of things above this world, and of their
being 455

Who dwell in Heav'n: whose excellence he
saw

Transcend his own so far, whose radiant forms,
Divine effulgence! whose high pow'r so far
Exceeded human; and his wary speech
Thus to th' empyreal minister he fram'd. 460

Inhabitant with God! now know I well
Thy favor, in this honor done to man;
Under whose lowly roof thou hast vouchsaf'd
To enter, and these earthly fruits to taste,
Food noot of Angels, yet accepted so, 465
As that more willingly thou couldst not seem
At Heav'n's high feasts t' have fed: yet what
compare?

To whom the winged Hierarch reply'd.

O Adam! one Almighty is, from whom
All things proceed, and up to him return 470
If not depriv'd from good, created all,
Such to perfection, one first matter all,
Indued with various forms, various degrees
Of substance, and in things that live, of life;
But more refin'd, more spiritous, and pure, 475
As nearer to him plac'd, or nearer tending,
Each in their severel active spheres assign'd;
Till body up to spirit work, in bounds
Proportion'd to each kind. So from the root
Springs lighter the green stalk; from thence
 the leaves 480
More aery; last, the bright consummate flow'r
Spirits odorous breathes; flow'rs, and their
 fruit,
Man's nourishment, by gradual scale sublim'd,
To vital spirits aspire, to animal,
To intellectual; give both life and sense, 485
Fancy and understanding; whence the soul
Reason receives; and reason is her being,
Discursive, or intuitive; discourse
Is ofttest yours, the latter most is ours;
Differing but in degree, of kind the same. 490
Wonder not then, what God for you saw good
If I refuse not, but convert, as you,
To proper substance. Time may come, when
 Men
With Angels may participate, and find

No inconvenient diet, nor too light fare: 495
And from these corporal nutriments perhaps
Your bodies may at last turn all to spirit,
Improv'd by tract of time; and wing'd ascend
Ethereal, as we; or may at choice,
Here, or in heav'nly Paradises dwell; 500
If ye be found obedient, and retain
Unalterably firm his love entire,
Whose progeny you are. Mean while, enjoy
Your fill what happiness this happy state
Can comprehend, incapable of more. 505

To whom the patriarch of mankind reply'd:
O favourable spirit, propitious guest!
Well hast thou taught the way that might
direct
Our knowledge, and the scale of nature set
From center to circumference; whereon 510
In contemplation of created things,
By steps we may ascent to God. But say,
What meant that caution join'd, if ye be found
Obedient? Can we want obedience then
To him, or possibly his love desert, 515
Who form'd us from the dust, and plac'd us
here,
Full to the utmost measure of what bliss
Human desires can seek; or apprehend?
To whom the Angel. Son of heav'n and
earth,
Attend: That thou art happy, owe to God: 520
That

That thou continuest such, owe to thyself,
That is, to thy obedience; therein stand.
This was that caution giv'n thee; he advis'd.
God made thee perfect, not immutable;
And good he made thee; but to persevere 525
He left it in thy pow'r, ordain'd thy will
By nature free, not over-rul'd by fate
Inextricable, or strict necessity.
Our voluntary service he requires,
Not our necessitated; such with him 530
Finds no acceptance, nor can find; for how
Can hearts, not free, be try'd, whether they
serve
Willing or no, who will but what they must
By destiny, and can no other chuse?
Myself and all th' Angelic host, that stand 535
In sight of God inthron'd, our happy state
Hold, as you yours, while our obedience holds;
On other surety none: freely we serve,
Because we freely love; as in our will
To love, or not; in this we stand or fall. 540
And some are fall'n, to disobedience fall'n,
And so from Heaven to deepest Hell; O fall
From what high state of blis, into what woe!
To whom our great progenitor. Thy words
Attentive, and with more delighted ear, 545
Divine instructor! I have heard, than when
Cherubic songs by night from neighb'ring hills
Aereal music send. Nor knew I not

To be both will and deed created free;
Yet that we never shall forget to love 550
Our Maker, and obey him, whose command
Single is yet so just, my constant thoughts
Assur'd me, and still assure; though what thou
tell'st

Hath pass'd in Hea'vn, some doubt within me
move,

But more desire to hear, if thou consent, 555
The full relation; which must needs be strange,
Worthy of sacred silence to be heard:
And we have yet large day, for scarce the sun
Hath finish'd half his journey, and scarce begins
His other half in the great zone of Heav'n. 560

Thus Adam made request, and Raphael
After short pause assenting, thus began.

High matter thou injoin'st me, O prime of
men!

Sad task and hard! For how shall I relate
To human sense th' invisable exploits 565
Of warring spirits? How, without remorse,
The ruin of so many glorious once,
And perfect, while they stood? how last unfold
The secrets of another world, perhaps
Not lawful to reveal! Yet for thy good 570
This is dispens'd: and what surmounts the reach
Of human sense, I shall delineate so,
By lik'ning spiritual to corporeal forms,
As may express them best: though, what if earth

Be but the shadow of heav'n, and things
therein 575

Each to' other like, more than on earth is
thought?

As yet this world was not, and Chaos wild
Reign'd, where these Heav'n's now roll, where
earth now rests

Upon her centre pois'd; when on a day,
For time, though eternity, apply'd 580

To motion measures all things durable
By present, past, and future, on such day
As Heav'n's great year brings forth, th' empy-
real host

Of Angels by imperial summons call'd,
Innumerable before th' Almighty's throne 585
Forthwith, from all the ends of Heav'n, ap-
pear'd

Under their Hierarchs in orders bright:
Ten thousand thousand ensigns high advanc'd,
Standarts, and gonfalons 'twixt van and rear,
Stream in the air, and for distinction serve 590
Of hierarchies, of orders, and degrees:
Or in their glittering tissues bear imblaz'd
Holy memorials, acts of zeal and love
Recorded eminent. Thus, when in orbs
Of circuit inexpressible they stood, 595
Orb within orb, the Father Infinite,
By whom in blifs imbosom'd sat the Son,
Amidst, as from a flaming mount, whose top

Brightness had made invisible, thus spake.

Hear all ye Angels, progeny of light. 600
Thrones, Dominations, Princedoms, Virtues,
Powr's!

Hear my decree, which unrevok'd shall stand,
This day I have begot, whom I declare
My only Son, and on this holy hill

Him have anointed, whom ye now behold 605
At my right hand; your Head I him appoint:
And by myself have sworn, to him shall bow
All knees in Hev'n, and shall confess him Lord.
Under his great vice-gerent reign abide
United, as one individual soul, 610

For ever happy: Him who disobeyes,
Me disobeyes, breaks union, and that day,
Cast out from God and blessed vision, falls
Into utter darkness, deep ingulf'd, his place
Ordain'd without redemption, without end. 615

So spake th' Omnipotent, and with his words
All seem'd well pleas'd: all seem'd, but were
not all.

That day, as other solemn days, they spent
In song and dance about the sacred hill;
Mystical dance, which yonder starry sphere 620
Of Planets and of fix'd in all her wheels
Resembles nearest, mazes intricate,
Eccentric, intervolv'd, yet regular
Then most, when most irregular they seem:
And in their motions harmony divine 625

So smooths her charming tones, that God's
own ear

Listens delighted. Evening now approach'd,
For we have also our ev'ning and our morn,
We ours for change delectable, not need,
Forthwith from dance to sweet repast they
turn 630

Desirous: all in circles as they stood,
Tables are set, and on a sudden pil'd
With Angels food, and rubied nectar flows
In pearl, in diamond, and massy gold,
Fruit of delicious vines, the growth of
Heaven. 635

On flow'rs repos'd, and with fresh flow'rets
crown'd,
They eat, they drink, and in communion
sweet

Quaff immortality and joy, secure
Of surfeit, where full measure only bounds
Excess, before th' all-bounteous King, who
showr'd 640

With copious hand, rejoicing in their joy.
Now when ambrosial night with clouds exhal'd
From that high mount of God, whence light
and shade

Spring both, the face of brightest Heav'n had
chang'd

To grateful twilight, for night comes not
there 645

Awak'ning, thus to him in secret spake.

Sleep'st thou, companion dear! what sleep
can close

Thy eye-lids? and remember'st what decree
Of yesternight, so late hath pass'd the lips 675
Of Heaven's Almighty? Thou to me thy
thoughts

Wast wont, I mine to thee was wont t' impart:
Both waking we were one; how then can
now

Thy sleep dissent? New laws thou seest im-
pos'd:

New laws from him who reigns, new minds
may raise 680

In us who serve; new counsels, to debate
What doubtful may ensue more in this place
To utter is not safe Assemble thou
Of all those myriads, which we lead the chief:
'Tell them that by command, e'er yet dim
night 685

Her shadowy cloud withdraws, I am to haste,
And all who under me their banners wave,
Homeward, with flying march, where we
possess

The quarters of the north; there to prepare
Fit entertainment to receive our King, 690
The greath Messiah, and his new commands;
Who speedily through all Hierarchies
Intends to pass triumphant, and give laws.

So spake the false Arch-Angel, and infus'd
Bad influence into th' unwary breast 695
Of his associate: he together calls,
Or several one by one, the regent Pow'rs,
Under him regent, tells, as he was taught,
That the Most High commanding, now ere
night,

Now ere dim night had disincumber'd
heav'n, 700

The great hierarchal standard was to move:
Tells the suggested cause, and casts between
Ambiguous words, and jealousies, to sound
Or taint integrity: but all obey'd
The wonted signal, and superior voice 705
Of their great Potentate; for great indeed
His name, and high was his degree in Heav'n,
His count'nance, as the morning star, that
guides

The starry flock allur'd them; and with lies
Drew after him the third part of Heav'n's
host. 710

Mean-while th' Eternal eye, whose sights
discerns

Abstrused thoughts, from forth his holy mount,
And from within the golden lamps, that burn
Nightly before him, saw without their light.
Rebellion rising, saw in whom, how spread 715
Among the Sons of Morn, what multitudes
Were banded, to oppose his high decree;

And smiling to his only Son thus said.

Son, thou, in whom my glory I behold
In full resplendence, Heir of all my might! 720

Nearly it now concerns us, to be sure
Of our omnipotence; and with what arms
We mean to hold what anciently we claim

Of Deity or empire: such a foe
Is rising, who intends t' erect his throne 725

Equal to ours, throughout the spacious north:
Nor so content, hath in his thought to try
In battel, what our pow'r is, or our right.

Let us advise, and to this hazard draw
With speed what force is left, and all em-
ploy 730

In our defence, lest unawares we lose
This our high place, our sanctuary, our hill.

To whom the Son with calm aspect, and
clear,

Lightning divine, ineffable, serene!

Made answer. Mighty Father; thou thy
foes 735

Justly hast in derision, and secure
Laugh'd at their vain designs and tumults vain,

Matter to me of glory, whom their hate
Illustrates, when they see all regal pow'r

Giv'n me to quell their pride; and in
event 740

Know whether I be dextrous to subdue
Thy Rebels, or be found the worst in Heav'n.

So spake the Son: but Satan with his powers
Far was advanc'd on winged speed; and host
Innumerable as the stars of night, 745
Or, stars of morning, dew-drops, which the
Sun

Impearls on every leaf and every flow'r.
Regions they pass'd, and mighty regencies
Of Seraphim, and Potentates, and Thrones,
In their triple degrees; Regions, to which 750
All thy dominion, Adam, is no more
Than what this garden is to all the earth.
And all the sea; from one entire globose
Stretch'd into longitude. which having pass'd,
At length into the limits of the north 755
They came, and Satan to his royal seat
High on a hill, far blazing, as a mount
Rais'd on a mount, with pyramids and towers
From diamond quarries hew'n, and rocks of
gold,

The Palace of great Lucifer; so call 760
That structure in the dialect of men
Interpreted, which not long after he,
Affecting all equality with God,
In imitation of that mount, whereon
Messiah was declar'd in sight of Heav'n, 765
The Mountain of the Congregation call'd,
For thither he assembled as his train,
Pretending so commanded, to consult
About the great reception of their King,

Thither to come, and with calumnious art 770
Of counterfeited truth thus held their ears.

Thrones, Dominations, Pricedoms, Virtues,
Pow'rs!

If these magnific titles yet remain
Not merely titular! since by decree
Another now hath to himself ingross'd 775
All pow'r, and us eclips'd under the name
Of King anointed; for whom all this haste
Of midnight march and hurry'd meeting here,
This only to consult, how we may best
With what may be devis'd of honors new 780
Receive him, coming to receive from us
Knee-tribute yet unpaid, prostration vile,
Too much to one but double how indur'd,
To one, and to his image now proclaim'd?
But what if better counsels might erect 785
Our minds, and teach us to cast off this yoke?
Will ye submit your necks, and choose to bend
The supple knee? Ye will not, if I trust
To know ye right; or if ye know yourselves
Natives and sons of Heav'n, possess'd before 790
By none, and if not equal all, yet free,
Equally free: for orders and degrees
Jar not with liberty, but well consist.
Who can in reason then, or right, assume
Monarchy over such as live by right 795
His equals, if in pow'r and splendor less,
In freedom equal? or can introduce

Law and edict on us, who without law
Err not? much less for this to be our Lord,
And look for adoration, to th' abuse 800
Of those Imperial Titles, which assert
Our being ordain'd to govern, not to serve?

Thus far his bold discourse without controul
Had audience; when among the Seraphim,
Abdiel, than whom none with more zeal
ador'd 805

The Deity, and divine commands obey'd,
Stood up, and in a flame of zeal severe
The current of his fury thus oppos'd.

O argument blasphemous, false and proud!
Words, which no ear ever to hear in Heav'n 810
Expected, least of all from thee, ingrate!
In place thyself so high above thy peers.
Canst thou with impious obloquy condemn
The just decree of God, pronounc'd and sworn,
That to his only Son, by right indued 815
With regal sceptre, every soul in Heav'n
Shall bend the knee, and in that honor due
Confess him rightful King? Unjust, thou say'st,
Flatly unjust, to bind with laws the free,
And equal over equals to let reign, 820
One over all with unsucceeded pow'r. —
Shalt thou give law to God? shalt thou dispute
With him the points of liberty, who made
Thee what thou art? and form'd the Pow'rs
of Heav'n

Such as he pleas'd, and circumscrib'd their
being? 825

Yet, by experience taught, we know, how good
And of our good, and of our dignity

How provident he is; how far from thought
To make us less; bent rather to exalt

Our happy state, under one Head more near 830
United. But to grant it thee unjust,

That equal over equals monarch reign:

Thyself, though great and glorious, dost thou
count,

Or all Angelic nature join'd in one,

Equal to him begotten Son? By whom, 835

As by his Word, the mighty Father made

All things, ev'n thee, and all the spirits of
Heav'n,

By him created in their bright degrees;

Crown'd them with glory, and to their glory
nam'd

Thrones, Dominations, Princedoms, Virtues,
pow'rs, 840

Essential Pow'rs! nor by his reign obscur'd,

But more illustrious made, since he the Head
One of our number thus reduc'd becomes:

His laws our laws, all honor to him done

Returns our own. Cease then this impious
rage, 845

And tempt not these; but hasten to appease

Th' incens'd Father, and th' incens'd Son,

While pardon may be found, in time besought,
So spake the fervent Angel: but his zeal
None seconded, as out of season judg'd, 850
Or singular and rash: whereat rejoic'd
'Th' apostate, and more haughty thus reply'd.
That we were form'd then, say'st thou? and
the work
Of secondary hands, by task transferr'd
From Father to his Son? Strange point and
new! 855
Doctrine, which we would know whence
learn'd: who saw
When this creation? Remember'st thou
Thy making, while the Maker gave thee being?
We know no time, when we were not as now!
Know none before us; self-begot, self-raised 860
By our own quick'ning pow'r, when fatal
course
Had circled his full orb, the birth mature
Of this our native Heav'n, ethereal sons.
Our puissance is our own, our own right hand
Shall teach us highest deeds, by proof to try 865
Who is our equal; then thou shalt behold
Whether by supplication we intend
Address, and to begirt th' Almighty throne
Beseeching or besieging. This report,
These tidings carry to th' anointed King; 870
And fly, e're evil intercept thy flight?
He said, and, as the found of waters deep,

Hoarse murmur echo'd to his words applause,
Through the infinite host: nor less for that
The flaming Seraph fearless, though alone 875
Incompass'd round with foes, thus answer'd
bold.

O alienate from God, O spirit accurs'd,
Forlaken of all good! I see thy fall
Determin'd, and thy hapless crew involv'd
In this perfidious fraud, contagion spread 880
Both of thy crime and punishment. Henceforth
No more be troubled how to quif the yoke
Of God's Messiah: those indulgent laws,
Will not be now vouchsaf'd; other decrees
Against thee are gone forth without recall. 885
That golden scepter, which thou didst reject,
Is now an iron rod, to bruise and break
Thy disobedience. Well thou didst advise;
Yet not for thy advice, or threats I fly
These wicked tents devoted; lest the wrath 890
Impendent, raging into sudden flame
Distinguish not: for soon expect to feel
His thunder on thy head, devouring fire!
Then who created thee lamenting learn,
When who can uncreate thee thou shalt
know. 895

So spake the Seraph Abdiel, faithful found
Among the faithless, faithful only he:
Among innumerable false, unmov'd,
Unshaken, uneduc'd, unterrify'd,

His loyalty he kept, his love, his zeal; 900
Nor number, nor example with him wrought
To swerve from truth, or change his constant
mind

Though single. From amidst them forth he
pass'd,

Long way through hostile scorn, which he
sustain'd

Superior, nor of violence fear'd ought: 905

And, with retorted scorn, his back he turn'd

On those proud tow'rs to swift destruction
doom'd.

The End of the Fifth Book.

B O O K VI.

All night the dreadless Angel unpursu'd,
Thro' Heav'n's wide champain held his way,
till morn,

Wak'd by the circling hours, with rosy hand
Unbarr'd the gates of light. There is a cave
Within the mount of God, fast by his throne, 5
Where light and darkness in perpetual round
Lodge and dislodge by turns. which makes
thro' Heav'n

Grateful vicissitude, like day and night;
Light issues forth, and at the other door
Obsequious darkness enters, till her hour 10
To veil the Heav'n, tho' darkness there might
well

Seem twilight here: and now went forth the
morn,

Such as in highest Heav'n, array'd in gold
Empyrean; from before her vanish'd night,
Shot thro' with orient beams; when all the
plain 15

Cover'd with thick imbattel'd squadrons bright,

Chariots, and flaming arms, and fiery steeds,
Reflecting blaze on blaze, first met his view.
War he perceiv'd, war in procinct, and found
Already known, what he for news had
thought 20

To have reported: gladly then he mix'd
Among those friendly Pow'rs, who him receiv'd
With joy and acclamations loud, that One,
That of so many myriads fall'n, yet One
Return'd, not lost. On to the sacred hill 25
They led him high applauded, and present
Before the seat supreme; from whence a voice,
From midst a golden cloud, thus mild was
heard.

Servant of God, well done, well hast thou
fought

The better fight, who single hast maintain'd 30
Against revolted multitudes the cause
Of truth, in word mightier than they in arms:
And for the testimony of truth hast borne
Universal reproach; far worse to bear
Than violence: for this was all thy care, 35
To stand approv'd in sight of God, tho' worlds
Judg'd thee perverse. The easier conquest now
Remains thee, aided by this host of friends,
Back on thy foes more glorious to return,
Than scorn'd thou didst depart; and to sub-
due 40

By force, who reason for their law refuse,

Right reason for their law, and for their king
Messiah, who by right of merit reigns.

Go, Michael, of celestial armies prince,
And thou in military prowess next 45

Gabriel, lead forth to battel these my sons

Invincible; lead forth my armed Saints,

By thousands and by millions rang'd for fight;

Equal in number to that godless crew,

Rebellious: them with fire and hostile arms 50

Fearless assault; and to the brow of Heav'n

Persuing, drive them out from God and bliss,

Into their place of punishment, the gulf

Of Tartarus, which ready opens wide

His fiery Chaos to receive their fall. 55

So spake the Sovereign Voice, and clouds

began

To darken all the hill, and smoke to roll

In dusky wreaths, reluctant flames, the sign

Of wrath awak'd. Nor with less dread the

loud

Ethereal trumpet from on high 'gan blow: 60

At which command, the Powers militant,

That stood for Heav'n, in mighty quadrat join'd

Of union irresistible, mov'd on

In silence their bright legions, to the sound

Of instrumental harmony, that breath'd 65

Heroic ardor to advent'rous deeds,

Under their God-like leaders, in the cause

Of God and his Messiah. On they move

Indissolubly firm; nor obvious hill,
Nor strait'ning vale, nor wood, nor stream di-
vides 70
Their perfect ranks; for high above the ground
Their march was, and the passive air upbore
Their nimble tread: as when the total kind
Of birds, in orderly array on wing,
Came summon'd over Eden, to receive 75
Their names of thee: so, over many a tract
Of Heav'n they march'd, and many a provin-
ce wide,
Tenfold the length of his terrene. At last,
Far in th' horizon to the north appear'd,
From skirt to skirt a fiery region, stretch'd 80
In battailous aspect, and nearer view
Bristled with upright beams innumerable
Of rigid spears, and helmets throng'd, and
shields
Various, with boastful argument portray'd,
The banded Pow'rs of Satan, hasting on 85
With furious expedition: for they ween'd
That self-same day by fight, or by surprize
To win the mount of God; and on his throne
To set the envier of his state, the proud
Aspirer; but their thoughts prov'd fond and
vain 90
In the mid-way. Though strange to us it
seem'd
At first, that Angel should with Angel war,

And in fierce hosting meet, who wont to meet
So oft in festivals of joy and love
Unanimous, as sons of one great Sire, 95
Hymning th' eternal Father: but the shut
Of battel now began, and rushing sound
Of onset ended soon each milder thought.
High in the midst exalted as a God,
Th' apostate in his sun-bright chariot sat, 100
Idol of majesty divine! inclos'd
With flaming Cherubim, and golden shields:
Then, lighted from his gorgeous throne, for
now
'Twixt host and host but narrow space was left,
A dreadful interval! and front to front 105
Presented stood in terrible array,
Of hideous length, before the cloudy van,
On the rough edge of battel e're it join'd,
Satan, with vast and haughty strides advanc'd,
Came towring, arm'd in adamant and gold: 110
Abdiel that sight indur'd not, where he stood
Among the mightiest, bent on highest deeds:
And thus his own undaunted heart explores.

O Heav'n! that such resemblance of the
Highest

Should yet remain, where faith and realty 115
Remain not: wherefore should not strength
and might

There fail, where virtue fails; or weakest prove
Where boldest, though to fight unconquerable?

His puissance, trusting in th' Almighty's aid,
I mean to try; whose reason I have try'd 120
Unsound and false: nor is it ought but just,
That he, who in debate of truth hath won,
Should win in arms, in both disputes alike
Victor: though brutish that contest and foul,
When reason hath to deal with force; yet so 125
Most reason is that reason overcome.

So pondering, and from his armed peers
Forth-stepping opposit, half way he met
His daring foe, at this prevention more
Incens'd, and thus securely him defy'd, 130
Proud, art thou met? thy hope was to have
reach'd

The height of thy aspiring unoppos'd,
The throne of God unguarded, and his side
Abandon'd at the terror of thy pow'r,
Or potent tongue: fool! not to think how
vain 135

Against th' Omnipotent to rise in arms:
Who, out of smallest things, could without
end

Have rais'd incessant armies, to defeat
Thy folly; or with solitary hand,
Reaching beyond all limit at one blow, 140
Unaided could have finish'd thee, and whelm'd
Thy legions under darkness: but thou seest,
All are not of thy train; there be wo faith
Prefer, and piety to God, though then

To thee not visible, when I alone 145
Seem'd in thy world erroneous to dissent
From all: my sect thou seest; now learn too
late

How few sometimes may now, when thou-
sand err.

Whom the grand foe with scornful eye askance
Thus answer'd. Ill for thee, but in wish'd
hour 150

For my revenge, first sought, for thou return'st
From flight, seditious Angel! to receive
Thy merited reward, the first assay
Of this right hand provok'd, since first that
tongue

Inspir'd with contradiction, durst oppose 155
A third part of the Gods, in synod met
Their deities to assert, who, while they feel
Vigor divine within them, can allow
Omnipotence to none. But well thou com'st
Before thy fellows, ambitious to win 160
From me some plume, that thy success may
show

Destruction to the rest; this pause between,
Unanswer'd lest thou boast, to let thee know,
At first I thought that liberty and Heav'n,
To heav'nly souls had been all one; but
now 165

I see, that most through sloth had rather *serve*,
Ministring spirits, train'd up in feast and song,

Such hast thou arm'd, the minstrelsy of Heav'n,
Servility with freedom to contend,
Os both their deeds compar'd this day shall
prove. 170

To whom in brief thus Abdiel stern reply'd.
Apostate, still thou err'st, nor end wilt find
Of erring, from the path of truth remote:
Unjustly thou deprav'st it with the name
Of *Servitude*, to serve whom God ordains, 175
Or Nature: God and Nature bid the same,
When he, who rules, is worthiest, and excels
Them, whom he governs. This is servitude,
To serve th' unwise, or him, who hath rebell'd
Against his worthier, as thine now serve
thee, 180

Thyself not free, but to thyself inthrall'd;
Yet lewdly dar'st our ministring upbraid.
Reign thou in Hell thy kingdom, let me serve
In Heav'n God ever blest, and his divine
Behests obey, worthiest to be obey'd! 185
Yet chains in Hell, not realms expect: mean
while

From me return'd, as erst thou saidst, from
flight,
This greeting on thy impious crest receive.

So saying, a noble stroke he lifted high,
Which hung not, but so swift with tempest
fell 190

On the proud crest of Satan, that no sight,

Nor motion of swift thought, less could his
shield

Such ruin intercept: ten paces huge
He back recoil'd; the tenth on bended knee,
His massy spear upstay'd: as if on earth 195
Winds under ground, or waters forcing way,
Sidelong had pass'd a mountain from his seat,
Half-sunk with all his Pines. Amazement seis'd
The rebel thrones, but greater rage, to see
Thus foil'd their mightiest: ours joy fill'd,
and shout, 200

Prefage of victory and fierce desire
Of battel; whereat Michaël bid sound
Th' Arch-Angel trumpet; through the vast of
Heav'n

It sounded, and the faithful armies rung
Hofannah to the Highest: nor stood at gaze 205
The adverse legions, nor less hideous join'd
The horrid shock. Now storming fury rose,
And clamor, such as heard in Heav'n till now
Was never; arms on armor clashing bray'd
Horrible discord, and the madding wheels 210
Of brazen chariots rag'd: dire was the noise
Of conflict! over head the dismal hiss
Of fiery darts in flaming volleys flew;
And flying, vaulted either host with fire.
So under fiery cope together rush'd 215
Both battels main, with ruinous assault
And inextinguishable rage: all Heav'n

Refounded; and had Earth been then, all
Earth
Had to her centre shook. What wonder?
when
Millions of fierce encountring Angels fought 220
On either side, the least of whom could wield
These elements, and arm him with the force
Of all their regions: how much more of pow'r
Army against army, numberless, to raise
Dreadful combustion warring, and disturb, 225
Though not destroy, their happy native seat;
Had not th' eternal King omnipotent,
From his strong hold of Heav'n, high over-rul'd
And limited their might: though number'd such,
As each divided legion might have seem'd 230
A numerous host; in strenght each armed hand
A legion, led in fight yet leader seem'd
Each warrior single as in chief, expert
When to advance, or stand, or turn the sway
Of battle, open when, and when to close 235
The ridges of grim war: no thought of flight,
None of retreat, no unbecoming deed
That argued fear: each on himself rely'd,
As only in his arm the moment lay
Of victory. Deeds of eternal fame 240
Were done, but infinite; for wide was spread
That war, and various: sometimes on firm
ground
A standing fight; then soaring on main wing

Tormented all the air; all air seemed then
 Conflicting fire. Long time in even scale 245
 The battle hung; till Satan, who that day
 Prodigious pow'r had shown, and met in arms
 No equal, ranging through the dire attack
 Of fighting Seraphim confus'd, at length
 Saw, where the sword of Michael smote, and
 fell'd 250

Squadrons at once; with huge two-handed sway
 Brandish'd aloft, the horrid edge came down
 Wide-wasting; such destruction to withstand
 He halted, and oppos'd the rocky orb
 Of tenfold adamant, his ample shield, 255

A vast circumference: At his approach
 The great Arch-Angel from his warlike toil
 Surceas'd, and glad, as hoping here to end
 Intestine war in Heav'n, th' arch-foe subdu'd,
 Or captive dragg'd in chain, with hostile
 frown 260

And visage all inflam'd, first thus began,

Author of evil! unknown till thy revolt,
 Unnam'd in Heav'n, now plenteous, as thou
 seest

These acts of hateful strife, hateful to all,
 Though heaviest by just measure on thyself 265
 And thy adherents: how hast thou disturb'd
 Heav'n's blessed-peace, and into nature brought
 Misery, uncreated till the crime
 Of thy rebellion! how hast thou instill'd

Thy malice into thousands, once upright 270
And faithful, now prov'd false! But think
not here

To trouble holy rest; Heav'n casts thee out
From all her confines. Heav'n, the seat of
bliss,

Brooks not the works of violence and war.

Hence then, and Evil go with thee along, 275

Thy offspring, to the place of evil, Hell,

Thou and thy wicked crew! there mingle broils,

Ere this avenging sword begin thy doom,

Or some more sudden vengeance, wing'd from

God,

Precipitate thee with augmented pain. 280

So spake the Prince of Angels: to whom thus

The Adversary. Nor think thou with wind

Of aery threats to awe, whom yet with deeds

Thou canst not. Hast thou turn'd the least of

these

To flight, or if to fall, but that they rise 285

Unvanquish'd, easier to transact with me,

That thou shouldst hope, imperious, and with

threats

To chase me hence? Err not that so shall end

The strife which thou call'st evil, but we stile

The strife of glory; which we mean to win 290

Or turn this Heav'n itself into the Hell,

Thou fablest, here however to dwell free,

If not to reign: mean while thy utmost force,

And join him nam'd Almighty to thy aid,
I fly not; but have fought thee far and nigh. 295

Thy ended parle, and both address'd for fight
Unspeakable; for who, though with the tongue
Of Angels, can relate, or to what things
Likens on earth conspicuous, that may lift
Human imagination to such height 300

Of Godlike pow'r? For likest Gods they seem'd,
Stood they or mov'd, in stature, motion, arms,
Fit to decide the empire of great Heaven
Now wav'd their fiery swords, and in the air
Made horrid circles; two broad suns their
shields 305

Blaz'd opposit, while expectation stood
In horror: from each hand with speed retir'd,
Where erst was thickest fight, th' angelic throng,
And left large field, unsafe within the wind
Of such commotion: such as, to set forth 310
Great things by small, if Nature's concord broke,
Among the constellations war were sprung,
Two planets rushing from aspect malign
Of fiercest opposition in mid-sky
Should combat, and their jarring spheres con-
found, 315

Together both, with next t' almighty arm
Up-lifted imminent, one stroke they aim'd
That might determine, and not need repeat,
As not of pow'r at once; nor odds appear'd
In might or swift prevention: but the sword 320

Cannot but by annihilating die:

Nor in their liquid texture mortal wound

Receive, no more than can the fluid air!

All heart they live, all head, all eye, all ear, 350

All intellect, all sense; and as they please,

They limb themselves, and color, shape or size

Assume, as likes them best, condense or rare.

Mean while in other parts like deeds deserv'd

Memorial, where the might of Gabriel

fought, 355

And with fierce ensigns pierc'd the deep array

Of Moloch furious king! who him defy'd,

And at his chariot wheels to drag him bound

Threaten'd, nor from the Holy One of Heav'n

Refrain'd his tongue blasphemous; but anon 360

Down cloven to the waste, with shatter'd arms

And uncouth pain fled bellowing, On each wing

Uriel and Raphaël, his vaunting foe,

Though huge, and in a rock of diamond arm'd,

Vanquish'd Adramelech, and Asmadai, 365

Two potent thrones! that to be less than Gods

Disdain'd: but meaner thoughts learn'd in

their flight,

Mangl'd with ghastly wounds through plate

and mail.

Nor stood unmindful Abdiel to annoy

The atheist crew, but with redoubl'd blow 370

Ariel, and Arioch, and tho violence

Of Kamiel scorch'd and blasted overthrew. —

Such high advantages their innocence
Gave them above their foes, not to have sinn'd,
Not to have disobey'd; in fight they stood
Unwearied, unobnoxious to be pain'd
By wound, tho' from their place by violence
mov'd. 405

Now night her course began, over Heav'n
Inducing darkness, grateful truce impos'd,
And silence on the odious din of war:
Under her cloudy covert both retir'd,
Victor and vanquish'd. On the foughen field 410
Michael and his Angels prevalent
Encamping, plac'd in guard their watches
round.

Cherubic waving fires: on th' other part,
Satan with his rebellious disappear'd,
Far in the eark dislodg'd, and void of rest, 415
His Potentates to council call'd by night:
And in the midst thus undismay'd began.

O now in danger try'd, now known in arms
Not to be overpower'd, Companions dear!
Found worthy not of liberty alone, 420
Too mean pretence, but what we more affect,
Honor, dominion, glory, and renown;
Who have sustain'd one day in doubtful fight,
And if one day, why not eternal days?
What Heaven's Lord hath powerfullest to
send 425
Against us from about his throne, and judg'd

Sufficient to subdue us to his will,
But proves not so! — then fallible, it seems,
Of future we may deem him, though till now
Omniscient thought. True 't is, less firmly
arm'd, 430
Some disadvantage we indur'd, and pain,
Till now not known, but known as soon con-
temn'd;
Since now we find this our empyreal form
Incapable of mortal injury,
Imperishable; and though pierc'd with
wound, 435
Soon closing, and by native vigor heal'd.
Of evil then so small as easy think
The remedy: perhaps more valid arms,
Weapons more violent, when next we meet,
May serve to better us, and worse our foes, 440
Or equal what between us made the odds,
In nature none; if other hidden cause
Left them superior, while we can preserve
Unhurt our minds, and understanding sound,
Due search and consultation will disclose. 445
He sat; and in th' assembly next upstood
Nisroch, of principalities the prime;
As one he stood escap'd from cruel fight,
Sore toil'd, his riven arms to havoc hewn,
And cloudy in aspect thus answering spake. 450
Deliverer from new Lords, leader to free
Enjoyment of our right as Gods; yet hard

For Gods, and too unequal work we find,
 Against unequal arms to fight in pain.
 Against unpain'd, impassive: from which evil 455
 Ruin must needs ensue: for what avails
 Valor or strength, tho' matchless, quell'd with
 pain

Which all subdues, and makes remiss the hands
 Of mightiest? Sense of pleasure we may well
 Spare out of life perhaps, and not repine, 460
 But live content, which is the calmest life:
 But pain is perfect misery, the worst
 Of evils, and excessive, overturns
 All patience. He who therefore can invent
 With what more forcible we may offend 465
 Our yet unwounded enemies, or arm
 Ourselves with like defence, to me deserves
 No less than for deliverance what we owe.

Whereto with look compos'd Satan reply'd.
 Not uninvented that, which thou aright, 470
 Believ'st so main to our success, I bring.
 Which of us who beholds the bright surface
 Of this ethereous mould, whereon we stand,
 This continent of spacious Heav'n, adorn'd
 With plant, fruit, flow'r ambrosial, gems, and
 gold; 475
 Whose eye so superficially surveys
 These things, as not to mind from whence
 they grow,
 Deep under ground; materials dark and crude,

Of spirituous and fiery spume, till touch'd
With heavens ray, and temper'd they shoot
forth 480

So'beauteous, opening to the ambient light?
These, in their dark nativity, the deep
Shall yield us pregnant with infernal flame:
Which into hollow engins, long and round,
Thick-ramm'd, at th' other bore with touch of
fire 485

Dilated and infuriate, shall send forth
From far, with thund'ring noise, among our
foes

Such implements of mischief, as shall dash
To pieces, and o'erwhelm whatever stands
Adverse: that they shall fear, we have
disarm'd 490

The Thunderer of his oniy dreaded bolt.
Nor long shall be our labor; yet ere dawn,
Effect shall end our wish. Mean while revive
Abandon fear; to strength and counsel join'd
Think nothink hard, much less to be
despair'd. 495

He ended, and his words their drooping
chear

Inlighten'd, and their languish'd hope reviv'd.
Th' invention all admir'd, and each, how he
To be th' inventor mis'd, so easy it seem'd
Once found, which yet unfound most would
have thought 500

Impossible. Yet haply of thy race
In future days, if malice should abound,
Some one intent on mischief, or inspir'd
With dev'lish machination, might devise
Like instrument, to plague the sons of men 505
For sin, on war and mutual slaughter bent.
Forthwith from council to the work they flew,
None arguing stood: innumerable hands
Were ready; in a moment up they turn'd
Wide the celestial soil, and saw beneath 510
Th' originals of nature in their crude
Conception: sulphurous and nitrous foam
They found, they mingled, and with subtle art,
Concocted and adusted they reduc'd
To blackest grain, and into store convey'd. 515
Part, hidden veins digg'd up, nor hath this
earth

Entrails unlike, of mineral and stone,
Whereof to found their engines and their balls
Of missive ruin: part, incentive reed
Provide, pernicious with one touch to fire. 520
So all ere day-spring, under conscious night,
Secret they fluish'd, and in order set,
With silent circumspection unespied.

Now when fair morn orient in Heav'n
appear'd,

Up rose the victor Angels, and to arms 525
The matin trumpet sung: in arms they stood
Of golden panoply, refulgent host!

Soon banded: others from the dawning hills
Look'd round, and scouts each coast light-armed
scour.

Each quarter, to descry the distant foe, 530
Where lodg'd, or whither fled, or if for fight,
In motion or in halt: him soon they met
Under spread ensigns moving nigh, in flow
But firm battalion: back with speediest sail
Zophiel, of Cherubim the swiftest wing, 535
Came flying, and in mid air aloud thus cry'd.

Arm, warrior's, arm for fight! the foe at
hand,

Whom fled we thought, will save us long
pursuit

This day; fear not his flight; so thick a cloud
He comes, and settled in his face I see 540
Sad resolution, and secure. Let each
His adamantine coad gird well, and each
Fit well his helm, gripe fast his orb'd shield,
Born ev'n or high; for this day will pour down,
If I conjecture ought, no drizzling show'r, 545
But rattling storm of arrows barb'd with fire.

So warn'd he them, aware themselves; and
soon

In order, quit of all impediment,
Instant without disturb they took alarm,
And onward mov'd embattel'd: when
behold! 550

Not distant far with heavy pace the foe

Approaching grofs and huge; in hollow cube
Training his devilish enginry, impal'd
On every fide with shadowing squadrons deep,
To hide the fraud. At interview both stood 555
A while; but suddenly at head appear'd
Satan, and thus was heard commanding loud.

Vanguard, to right and left the front unfold;
That all may see, who hate us, how we seek
Peace and compofure, and with open breast 560
Stand ready to receive them, if they like
Our overture, and turn not back perverse;
But that I doubt: however witness Heav'n!
Heav'n witness thou anon! while we discharge
Freely our part: ye who appointed stand, 565
Do as you have in charge, and briefly touch
What we propound, and loud that all may hear.

So scoffing in ambiguous words, he scarce
Had ended; when to right and left the front
Divided, and to either flank retir'd: 570
Which to our eyes discover'd, new and strange!
A triple mounted row of pillars, laid
On wheels, for like to pillars most they seem'd,
Or hollow'd bodies made of oak, or fir,
With branches lop'd in wood or mountain
fell'd, 575
Brass, iron, stony mold, had not their mouths
With hideous orifice gap'd on us wide,
Portending hollow truce: at each behind
A Seraph stood, and in his hand a reed

Stood waving tip'd with fire; while we
suspense 580

Collected stood within our thoughts amus'd

Not long! for sudden all at once their reeds

Put forth, and to a narrow vent apply'd

With nicest touch; immediate in a flame,

But soon obscur'd with smoke, all Heav'n
appear'd. 585

From those deep-throated engines belch'd,
whose roar

Embowel'd with outrageous noise the air,

And all her entrails tore; disgorging foul

Their devilish glut, chain'd thunderbolts,
and hail

Of iron globes, which on the victor host 590

Level'd, with such impetuous fury smote,

That whom they hit, none on their feet might
stand,

Though standing else as rocks; but down
they fell

By thousands. Angel on Arch-Angel roll'd;

The sooner for their arms unarm'd they
might 595

Have easily as spirits evaded swift

By quick contraction or remove: but now

Foul dissipation follow'd, and forc'd rout;

Nor serv'd it to relax their serried files

What should they do? if on they rush'd,
repulse 600

Repeated, and indecent overthrow
Doubl'd, would render them yet more despis'd,
And to their foes a laughter: for in view,
Stood rank'd of Seraphim another row,
In posture to displode their second tire 605
Of thunder: back defeated to return
They worse abhorr'd. Satan beheld their
plight,

And to his mates thus in derision call'd.

O friends, why come not on these victors
proud?

Erewhile they fierce were coming, and when
we, 610

To entertain them fair with open front,
And breast, what could we more? propounded
terms,

Of composition, straight they chang'd their
minds,

Flew off, and into strange vagaries fell,
As they would dance: yet for a dance they
seem'd 615

Somewhat extravagant and wild; perhaps
For joy of offer'd peace: but I suppose,
If our proposals once again were heard,
We should compel them to a quick result.

To whom thus Belial in like gamefome
mood; 620

Leader, the terms we sent, were terms of weight,
Of hard contents, and full of force urg'd home;

Such as we might perceive amus'd them all,
And stumbled many: who receives them right,
Had need from head to foot well under-
stand; 625

Not understood, this gift they have besides,
They show us, when our foes walk not upright.

So they among themselves in pleasant vein
Stood scoffing, highten'd in their thoughts
beyond

All doubt of victory: eternal might 630

To match with their inventions they presum'd

So easy, and of his thunder made a scorn,

And all his host derided, while they stood

A while in trouble: but they stood not long;

Rage prompted them at length, and found
them arms 635

Against such hellish mischief fit t' oppose,

Forthwith, behold the excellence, the pow'r,

Which God hath in his his mighty Angels plac'd!

Their arms away they threw, and to the hills,

For earth hath this variety from Heav'n, 640

Of pleasure situate in hill and dale,

Light as the light'ning glimpse they ran, they
flew;

From their foundations loos'ning to and fro,

They pluck'd the seated hills, with all their
load,

Rocks. waters, woods, and by the shaggy
tops 645

Up-lifting bore them in their hands. Amaze,
 Be sure, and terror, seiz'd the rebel host,
 When coming towards them, so dread they saw
 The bottom of the mountains upward turn'd;
 Till on those curst engines triple-row 650
 They saw them whelm'd, and all their confi-
 dence

Under the weight of mountains buried deep:
 Themselves invaded next, and on their heads
 Main promontories flung, which in the air
 Came shadowing, and oppress'd whole legions
 arm'd: 655

Their amour help'd their harm, crush'd in and
 bruise'd

Into their substance pent, which wrought them
 pain

Implacable, and many a dolorous groan;
 Long struggling underneath, ere they could
 wind

Out of such prison, though spirits of purest
 light: 660

Purest at first, now gross by sinning grown.

The rest in imitations to like arms

Betook them, and the neighb'ring hills up tore:

So hills amid the air encounter'd hill's

Hurl'd to and fro with jaculation dire; 665

That under ground they fought in dismal shade,

Infernal noise! war seem'd a civil game

To this uproar; horrid confusion heap'd

Upon confusion rose. And now all Heav'n
Had gone to wrack, with ruin overspread, 670
Had not th' almighty Father, where he sits,
Shrin'd in his sanctuary of Heav'n, secure
Consulting on the sum of things, foreseen
This tumult, and permitted all, advis'd:
That his great purpose he might so fulfil, 675
To honor his anointed Son aveng'd
Upon his enemies, and to declare
All pow'r on him transferr'd: whence to his
Son,

Th' assessor of his throne, he thus began.

Effulgence of my glory, Son belov'd, 680
Son in whose face invisible is beheld
Visibly, what by deity I am;
And in whose hand what by decree I do,
Second Omnipotence! two days are past,
Two days, as we compute the days of
Heav'n, 685
Since Michael and his Pow'rs went forth to
tame

These disobedient: fore hath been their fight,
As likeliest was, when two such foes met
arm'd:

For to themselves I left them, and thou know'st,
Equal in their creation they were form'd, 690
Save what sin hath impair'd, which yet hath
wrought

Insensibly, for I suspend their doom:

Whence in perpetual fight they needs must last
Endless, and no solution will be found.

War wearied hath perform'd, what war can
do, 695

And to disorder'd rage let loose the reins,
With mountains as with weapons arm'd; which
makes

Wild work in Heav'n, and dangerous to the
main.

Two days are therefore past, the third is
thine;

Far thee I have ordain'd it; and thus far 700
Have suffer'd, that the glory may be thine
Of ending this great war, since none but thou
Can end it. Into thee such virtue and grace
Immense I have transfus'd, that all may know
In Heav'n and Hell thy pow'r above com-
pare: 705

And this perverse commotion govern'd thus,
To manifest thee worthiest to be Heir
Of all things; to be Heir, and to be King
By sacred unction, thy deserved right,
Go then thou Mightiest in thy Father's
might! 710

Ascend my chariot, guide the rapid wheels
That shake Heav'n's basis, bring forth all my
war,

My bow and thunder, my almighty arms
Gird on, and sword upon thy puissant thigh.

Pursue these sons of darkness, drive them
out 715

From all Heav'n's bounds into the utter deep:
There let them learn, as likes them, to despise
God and Messiah his anointed king.

He said, and on his Son with rays direct
Shone full; he all his Father full express'd 720
Ineffably into his face receiv'd:
And thus the filial Godhead answer'ing spake.

O Father, O supreme of heav'nly Thrones,
First, Highest, Holiest, Best. thou always
seek'st

To glorify thy Son, I always thee, 725
As is most just; this I my glory account,
My exaltation, and my whole delight,
That thou in me well pleas'd, declar'st thy will
Fulfill'd, which to fulfil is all my bliss.

Scepter and pow'r, thy giving, I assume, 730
And gladlier shall resign, when in the end
Thou shalt be all in all, and I in thee

For ever; and in me all whom thou lov'st:
But whom thou hat'st, I hate, and can put on
Thy terrors, as I put thy mildness on, 735
Image of thee in all things: and shall soon,
Arm'd with thy might, rid Heav'n of these re-
bell'd,

To their prepar'd ill mansion driven down,
To chains of darkness, and th' undying worm;
That from thy just obedience could revolt, 740

Whom to obey is happiness entire,
Then shall thy Saints unmix'd, and from th'
impure

Far separate, circling thy holy mount
Unfeigned Hallelujahs tho the sing,
Hymns of high praise, and I among them
Chief. 745

So said, He o'er his sceptre bowing, rose
From the right hand of glory where he sat;
And the third sacred morn began to shine,
Dawning through Heav'n. Forth rush'd with
whirlwind sound

The chariot of Paternal Deity, 750
Flashing thick flames, wheel within wheel
undrawn,

Itself instinct with spirit, but convoy'd
By four Cherubic shapes; four faces each
Had wondrous; as with stars their bodies all
And wings where set with eyes; with eyes
the wheels 755

Of beril, and careering fires between:
Over their heads a chrystal firmament;
Where on a saphir throne inlaid with pure
Amber, and colors of the show'ry arch,
He in celestial panoply all arm'd 760

Of radiant Urim, work divinely wrought,
Ascended: at his right hand Victory
Sate eagle-wing'd; beside him hung his bow
And quiver with three-bolted thunder stor'd;

And from about him fierce effusion roll'd 765
Of smoke and bickering flame and sparkles
dire:

Attended with ten thousand thousand Saints,
He onward came; far off his coming shone,
And twenty thousand, I their number heard,
Chariots of God, half on each hand were
seen. 770

He on the wings of Cherub rode sublime
On the crystallin sky, in saphir thron'd,
Illustrious far and wide: but by his own
First seen; them unexpected joy surpriz'd,
When the great ensign of Messiah blaz'd, 775
Aloft by Angels borne, his sign in Heav'n:
Under whose conduct Michael soon reduc'd
His army, circumfus'd on either wing,
Under their Head imbodied all in one.
Before him pow'r divine his way prepar'd; 780
At his command th' uprooted hills retir'd
Each to his place; they heard his voice and
went

Obsequious; Heav'n his wonted face renew'd,
And with fresh flowrets hill and valley smil'd.

This saw his hapless foes, but stood ob-
dur'd, 785
And to rebellions fight rallied their Powr's,
Insensate! hope conceiving from despair:
In heav'nly spirits could such perverseness
dwell?

But,

But, to convince the proud what signs avail,
Or wonders move th' obdurate to relent? 790
They harden'd more by what might most
reclaim,

Grieving to see his glory, at the sight
Took envy; and aspiring to his height,
Stood reembattel'd fierce, by force or fraud
Weening to prosper, and at length prevail 795
Against God and Messiah; or to fall
In universal ruin last: and now
To final battel drew, disdaining flight,
Or faint retreat; when the great Son of God
To all his host on either hand thus spake. 800
Stand still in bright array, ye Saints, here
stand

Ye Angels arm'd, this day from battel rest:
Faithful hath been your warfare, and of God
Accepted, fearless in his righteous cause:
And as ye have receiv'd, so have ye done 805
Invincibly. But of this cursed crew
The punishment to other hand belongs:
Vengeance is his, or whose he sole appoints:
Number to this day's work is not ordain'd,
Nor multitude; stand only and behold 810
God's indignation on these godless pour'd
By me; not you, but me they have despis'd,
Yet envied: against me is all their rage,
Because the Father, t' whom in Heav'n su-
preme

Kingdom and pow'r and glory appertains, 815
Hath honor'd me according to his will.

Therefore to me their doom he hath assign'd:
That they may have their wish, to try with me
In battel, which the stronger proves; they all,
Or I alone against them, since by strength 820
They measure all, of other excellence
Not emulous, nor care who them excels;
Nor other strife with them do I vouchsafe,

So spake the Son, and into terror chang'd
His count'nance, too severe to be beheld! 825
And full of wrath bent on his enemies.

At once the four spread out their starry wings,
With dreadful shade contiguous, and the orbs
Of his fierce chariot roll'd, as with the sound
Of torrent floods, or of a numerous host. 830

He on his impious foes right onward drove,
Gloomy as night: under his burning wheels
The stedfast empyrean shook throughout
All but the throne itself of God. Full soon
Among them he arriv'd; in his right hand 835
Grasping ten thousand thunders, which he
sent

Before him, such as in their souls infix'd
Plagues: they astonish'd, all resistance lost,
All courage; down their idle weapons dropt:
O'er shields, and helms and helmed heads he
rode 840

Of Thrones and mighty Seraphim prostrate;

That wish'd the mountains now might be again
Thrown on them as a shelter from his ire.

Nor less on either side tempestuous fell

His arrows, from the fourfold visag'd Four, 845

Distinct with eyes, and from the living wheels

Distinct alike with multitude of eyes;

One spirit in them rul'd, and every eye

Glar'd lightning, and shot forth pernicious fire

Among th' accurs'd, that wither'd all their
strength, 850

And of their wonted vigor left them drain'd,

Exhausted, spiritless, afflicted, fall'n.

Yet half his strength he put not forth, but
check'd

His thunder in mid voly; for he meant

Not to destroy, but root them out of
Heav'n. 855

The overthrown he rais'd, and as a herd

Of goats or timorous flock together throng'd,

Drove them before him thunder-struck, pursued

With terrors, and with furies, to the bounds

And chrystal wall of heav'n; which op'ning
wide, 860

Roll'd inward, and a spacious gap disclos'd

Into the wasteful deep: the monstrous sight

Struck them with horror backward; but far
worse

Urg'd them behind: headlong themselves they
threw

Down from the verge of Heav'n; eternal
wrath 865

Burn'd after them to the bottomless pit.

Hell heard th' unsufferable noise, Hell saw
Heav'n ruining from Heav'n, and would have
fled

Affrighted; but strict fate had cast too deep
Her dark foundations, and too fast had
bound. 870

Nine days they fell; confounded Chaos roar'd,
And felt tenfold confusion in their fall
Through his wild anarchy, so huge a rout
Incumber'd him with ruin! Hell at last
Yawning receiv'd them whole, and on them
clos'd; 875

Hell, their fit habitation, fraught with fire
Unquenchable, the house of woe and pain.
Disburden'd Heav'n rejoic'd, and soon repair'd
Her mural breach, returning whence it roll'd.

Sole Victor, from th' expulsion of his foes 880
Messiah his triumphal chariot turn'd:

To meet him all his Saints, who silent stood
Eye-witnesses of his almighty acts,
With jubilee advanc'd; and as they went,
Shaded with branching palm, each order
bright 885

Sung triumph, and him sung victorious King,
Son, Heir, and Lord, to him dominion given,
Worthiest to reign: He celebrated rode

Triumphant through mid-heav'n, into the courts
 And temple of his mighty Father thron'd 890
 On high; who into glory him receiv'd,
 Where now he sits at the right hand of blifs.

Thus, measuring things in Heav'n by things
 on earth,

At thy request, and that thou may'st beware
 By what is past, to thee I have reveal'd 895
 What might have else to human race been hid;
 The discord which befel, and war in heav'n
 Among th' Angelic Powr's, and the deep fall
 Of those too high aspiring, who rebell'd
 With Satan, he who envies now thy state, 900
 Who now is plotting, how he may seduce
 Thee also from obedience, that with him
 Bereav'd of happiness, thou may'st partake
 His punishment, eternal misery;
 Which would be all his solace and revenge, 905
 As a despite done against the Most High,
 Thee once to gain companion of his woe:
 But listen not to his temptations; warn
 Thy weaker: let it profit thee to have heard,
 By terrible example, the reward 910
 Of disobedience: firm they might have stood,
 Yet fell: Remember, and fear to transgress.

The End of the Sixth Book.

B O O K VII.

Descend from Heav'n, Urania! by that name
If rightly thou art call'd, whose voice divine
Following, above th' Olympian hill I soar,
Above the flight of Pegasean wing.
The meaning, not the name I call: for thou 5
Nor of the Muses nine, nor on the top
Of old Olympus dwell'st; but heav'nly born,
Before the hills appear'd, or fountain flow'd,
Thou with eternal *Wisdom* didst converse
Wisdom thy sister, and with her didst play 10
In presence of th' almighty Father, pleas'd
With thy celestial song. Up led by thee
Into the Heav'n of Heav'ns I have presum'd,
An earthly guest, and drawn empyreal air,
Thy temp'ring: With like safety guided down, 15
Return me to my native element:
Lest from this flying steed unrein'd, as once
Bellerophon, though from a lower clime,
Dismounted, on th' Aleian field I fall,
Erroneous there to wander, and forlorn. 20
Half yet remains unsung, but narrower bound

Within the visible diurnal sphere :

Standing on earth, not rapt above the pole,
More safe I sing with mortal voice; unchang'd
To hoarse or mute, though fall'n on evil
days. 25

On evil days though fall'n, and evil tongues;
In darkness, and with dangers compass'd round,
And solitude! Yet not alone, while thou
Visit'st my slumbers nightly; or when morn
Purples the east: still govern thou my song, 30
Urania, and fit audience find, though few.
But drive for off the barbarous dissonance
Of Bacchus and his revellers; the race
Of that wild rout, that tore the Thracian bard
In Rhodope, where woods and rocks had
ears 35

To rapture, 'till the savage clamor drown'd
Both harp and voice; nor could the Muse de-
fend

Her son. So fail not thou, who thee implores:
For thou art heav'nly, she an empty dream.

Say, Goddess, what ensued, when Ra-
phaël, 40

The affable Arch-Angel, had forewarn'd
Adam, by dire example to beware
Apostasy, by what befel in Heav'n
To those apostates, lest the like befall
In Paradise to Adam or his race, 45
Charg'd not to touch the interdicted tree,

If they transgress, and slight that sole command:

So easily obey'd, amid the choice
Of all tastes else to please their appetite,
Though wand'ring. — He with his consoorted
Eve 50

The story heard attentive, and was fill'd
With admiration and deep muse, to hear
Of things so high and strange, things to their
thought

So unimaginable, as hate in Heav'n,
And war so near the peace of God in bliss, 55
With such confusion: but the evil soon
Driv'n bak redounded as a flood on those,
From whom it sprung; impossible to mix
With blessedness. Whence Adam soon re-
peal'd

The doubts, that in his heart arose: and
now 60

Led on, yet sinless, with desire to know,
What nearer might concern him, how this
world

Of Heav'n and earth conspicuous first began;
When, and whereof created, for what cause,
What within Eden or without was done 65
Before his memory, as one whose drouth
Yet scarce allay'd, still eyes the current stream,
Whose liquid murmur heard, new thirst exites,
Proceeded thus to ask his heav'nly guest.

Great things, and full of wonder in our
ears, 70

Far diff'ring from this world, thou hast re-
veal'd,

Divine interpreter! by favor sent
Down from the empyréan, to forewarn
Ustimely, of what might else have been our loss,
Unknown; which human knowledge could
not reach 75

For which to th' infinitely Good we owe
Immortal thanks, and his admonishment
Receive with solemn purpose, to observe
Immutably his sovereign will, the end
Of what we are. But since thou hast vouch-
saf'd 80

Gently, for our instruction, to impart
Things above earthly thought, which yet
concern'd

Our knowing, as to highest wisdom seem'd,
Deign to descend now lower, and relate,
What may no less perhaps avail us known, 85
How first began this Heav'n, which we behold
Distant so high, with moving fires adorn'd
Innumerable; and this which yields or fills
All space, the ambient air wide interfus'd,
Imbracing round this florid earth; what
cause 90

Mov'd the Creator in his holy rest
Through all eternity so late to build

In Chaos; and the work begun, how soon
Absolv'd, if unforbid thou may'st unfold
What we, not to explore the secret ask 95
Of his eternal empire, but the more
To magnify his works, the more we know.
And the great light of day yet wants to run
Much of his race, though steep; suspense in
Heav'n,
Held by thy voice, thy potent voice, he
hears, 100

And longer will delay to hear thee tell
His generation, and the rising birth
Of nature from the unapparent deep:
Or if the star of ev'ning, and the moon
Haste to thy audience, night with her will
bring 105
Silence, and sleep, list'ning to thee, will
watch;

Or we can bid his absence, 'till thy song
End, and dismiss thee, ere the morning shine.

Thus Adam his illustrious guest besought;
And thus the Godlike Angel answer'd mild. 110

This also thy request, with caution ask'd,
Obtain: though to recount almighty works,
What words or tongue of Seraph can suffice,
Or heart of man suffice to comprehend?
Yet what thou can'st attain, which best may
serve 115
To glorify the Maker, and infer

Drew many, whom their place knows here
no more;

Yet far the greater part have kept, I see 145
Their station; Heav'n, yet populous, retains
Number sufficient to possess her realms
Though wide; and this high temple to frequent
With ministeries due and solemn rites.

But lest his heart exalt him in the harm 150
Already done, to have dispeopled Heav'n,
My damage fondly deem'd, I can repair
That detriment, if such it be, to lose
Self-lost, and in a moment will create
Another world; out of one man a race 155

Of men innumerable, there to dwell,
Not here: 'till by degrees of merit rais'd
They open to themselves at length the way
Up hither; under long obedience try'd,
And Earth be chang'd to Heav'n, and Heav'n
to Earth, 160

One kingdom, joy and union without end.
Mean while inhabit lax, ye pow'rs of Heav'n!
And thou my Word, begotten Son! by thee
This I perform, speak thou, and be it done.
My overshadowing Spirit and might with
thee 165

I send along: ride forth, and bid the deep
Within appointed bounds be Heav'n and Earth:
Boundless the deep, because I am, who fill
Infinitude, nor vacuous the space.

Though I, uncircumscrib'd myself, retire 170
And put not forth my goodnes, which is free
To act or not: necessity and change
Approach not me, and what I will, is fate.

So spake th' Almighty, and to what he spake
His Word, the filial Godhead, gave effect. 175
Immediate are the acts of God, more swift
Than time or motion; but to human ears
Cannot without process of speech be told,
So told, as earthly notion can receive.

Great triumph and rejoicing was in Heav'n. 180
When such was heard declar'd th' Almighty's
will;

Glory they sung to the most High! good will
To future men, and in their dwellings peace:
Glory to him! whose just avenging ire
Had driven out th' ungodly from his sight, 185
And th' habitations of the just: to him
Glory and praise, whose wisdom had ordain'd
Good out of evil to create; instead
Of spirits malign a better race to bring
Into their vacant room, and thence diffuse 190
His good to worlds and ages infinite.

So sang the Hierarchies. Mean while the
Son

On his great expedition now appear'd,
Girt with omnipotence, with radiance crown'd
Of majesty divine: sapience and love 195
Immense, and all his Father in him shone.

About his chariot numberless were pour'd
Cherub and Seraph, Potentates and Thrones,
And Virtues: winged spirits, and chariots
wing'd

From th' armory of God, where stand of old 200
Myriads between two brazen mountains lodg'd
Against a solemn day, harness'd at hand,
Celestial equipage! and now came forth
Spontaneous, for within them spirit liv'd,
Attendant on their Lord: Heav'n open'd
wide 205

Her ever during gates, harmonious sound
On golden hinges moving, to let forth
The King of Glory in his pow'rful Word,
And Spirit coming to create new worlds.
On heav'nly ground they stood, and from the
shore 210

They view'd the vast immeasurable Abyss,
Outrageous as a sea, dark, wasteful, wild;
Up from the bottom turn'd by furious winds
And surging waves, as mountains, to assault
Heav'n's height, and with the center mix the
pole. 215

Silence, ye troubled waves, and thou deep,
peace!

Said then th' omnific Word, your discord
end: —

Nor stay'd, but on the wings of Cherubim
Uplifted, in paternal glory rode

Far into Chaōs, and the world unborn; — 220
 For Chaos heard his voice. Him all his train
 Follow'd in bright proceſſion, to behold
 Creation, and the wonders of his might.
 Then ſtaid the fervid wheels, and in his
 hand

He took the golden compaſſes, prepar'd 225
 In God's eternal ſtore, to circumscribe
 This Univerſe, and all created things.
 One foot he center'd, and the other turn'd
 Round through the vaſt profundity obſcure;
 And ſaid, thus far extend, thus far thy
 bounds, 230

This be thy juſt circumference, o World!

Thus God the heav'n created, thus the
 earth;

Matter unform'd and void! Darkneſs profound
 Cover'd th' abyſs, but on the watry calm
 His brooding wings the Spirit of God
 outſpread, 235

And vital virtue infus'd, and vital warmth
 Throughout the fluid maſs; but downward
 purg'd

The black tartareous cold infernal dregs,
 Adverſe to life: then founded, then conglob'd
 Like things to like; the reſt to ſeveral
 place 240

Diſparted, and between ſpun out the air;
 And earth ſelf balanc'd on her centre hung.

Let there be light! said God; and forthwith
light

Ethereal, first of things, quintessence pure
Sprung from the deep: and from her native
east, 245

To journey through the aery gloom began,
Spher'd in a radiant cloud; for yet the sun
Was not, she in a cloudy tabernacle
Sojourn'd the while. God saw, the light was
good;

And light from darkness by the hemisphere 250
Divided: light the day, and darkness night
He nam'd. Thus was the first day ev'n and
morn:

Nor past uncelebrated, nor unsung
By the celestial quires, when orient light
Exhaling first from darkness they beheld; 255
Birth-day of Heav'n and Earth! with joy and
shout

The hollow universal orb they fill'd;
And touch'd their golden harps, and hymning
prais'd

God and his works, Creator him they sung,
Both when first ev'ning was, and when first
morn. 260

Again, God said, let there be firmament
Amid the waters, and let it divide
The waters from the waters! And God made
The firmament expanse of liquid, pure,

Tran-

Transparent, elemental air, diffus'd 265

In circuit to the uttermost convex

Of this great round: partition firm and sure,

The waters underneath from those above

Dividing: for as earth, so he the world

Built on circumfluous waters calm, in wide 270

ChrySTALLIN ocean, and the loud misrule

Of Chaos far remov'd, lest fierce extremes

Contiguous might distemper the whole frame:

And Heav'n he nam'd the firmament: so ev'n

And morning chorus sung the second day. 275

The earth was form'd, but in the womb as
yet

Of waters, embryo immature, involv'd,

Appear'd not: over all the face of earth

Main ocean flow'd; not idle, but with warm

Prolific humor soft'ning all her globe, 280

Fermented the great mother to conceive,

Satiate with genial moisture, when God said,

Be gather'd now ye waters under Heav'n

Into one place, and let dry land appear! —

Immediately the mountains huge appear 285

Emergent, and their broad bare backs upheave

Into the clouds, their tops ascend the sky.

So high as heav'd the tumid hills, so low

Down sunk a hollow bottom, broad and deep,

Capacious bed of waters: Thither they 290

Hasted with glad precipitance, uproll'd,

As drops on dust conglobing from the dry:

He scarce had said, when the bare earth, 'till
then

Desert and bare, unsightly, unadorn'd,
Brought forth the tender grass, whose verdure
clad 315

Her universal face with pleasant green,
Then herbs of every leaf, that sudden flowr'd
Op'ning their various colors, and made gay
Her bosom smelling sweet. And these scarce
blown,

Forth florish'd thick the clustering vine, forth
crept 320

The smelling gourd, up stood the corny reed
Embatil'd in her field; and th' humble shrub,
And bush, with frizl'd hair implicit. Last,
Rose, as in dance, the stately trees, and
spread

Their branches, hung with copious fruit; or
gemm'd 325

Their blossoms: with high woods the hills
were crown'd;

With tufts the vallies, and each fountain side,
With borders long the rivers: that earth now
Seem'd like to Heav'n; a seat where Gods
might dwell,

Or wander with delight, and love to haunt 330
Her sacred shades: though God had yet not
rain'd

Upon the earth, and man to till the ground

None was: but from the earth a dewy mist
Went up, and water'd all the ground, and
each
Plant of the field; which, ere it was in th'
earth, 335
God made, and ev'ry herb, before it grew
On the green stem: God saw that it was
good,
So Ev'n and Morn recorded the third Day.
Again th' Almighty spake: Let there be
lights
High in th' expanse of Heaven, to divide 340
The day from night: and let them be for
signs,
For seasons, and for days, and circling years,
And let them be for lights, as I ordain
Their office in the firmament of Heav'n,
To give light on the earth! — and it was
so. 345
And God made two great lights, great for their
use
To man, the greater to have rule by day,
The less by night altern: and made the stars,
And set them in the firmament of Heav'n,
T' illuminate the earth, and rule the day, 350
In their vicissitude, and rule the night,
And light from darkness to divide. God saw,
Surveying his great work, that it was good:
For of celestial bodies first the Sun

A mighty sphere! he fram'd; unlightsome
first, 355

Tho' of eathereal mold; then form'd the moon,
Globose; and ev'ry magnitude of stars;
And sow'd with stars the Heav'n, thick as a
field.

Of light by far the greater part he took,
Transplanted from, her cloudy shrine, and
plac'd 360

In the Sun's orb, made porous to receive
And drink the liquid light, firm to retain
Her gather'd beams, great palace now of light:
Hither, as to their fountain, other stars
Repairing, in their golden urns draw light, 365
And hence the morning planet gilds her horns:
By tincture, or reflection, they augment
Their small peculiar, though from human sight
So far remote, with diminution seen.

First in his east the glorious lamp was seen, 370
Regent of day; and all th' horizon round
Invested with bright rays, jocond to run
His longitude through Heav'n's high road:
the gray

Dawn, and the Pleiades before him danc'd,
Shedding sweet influence. Less bright the
moon, 375

But opposite in level'd west was set
His mirror, with full face borrowing her light
From him, for other light she needed none

Of fish, that with their fins and shining scales
Glide under the green wave in sculls, that oft
Bank the mid sea: part single, or with mate,
Graze the sea-weed their pasture, and thro'
groves

Of coral stray; or, sporting with quick
glance, 405

Shew to the Sun their wav'd coats, dropt
with gold;

Or in their pearly shells at ease, attend
Moist nutriment, or under rocks their food,
In jointed armour watch: on smooth the Seal
And bended Dolphins play: part huge of
bulk 410

Wallowing unwieldy, enormous in their gate
Tempest the ocean: there Leviathan,
Hugest of living creatures, on the deep
Stretch'd like a promontory sleeps or swims
And seems a moving land, and at his gills 415
Draws in, and at his trunk spouts out a sea.
Mean while the tepid caves, and fens and
shores,

Their brood as numerous hatch from th'egg,
that soon

Bursting with kindly rupture forth disclos'd
Their callow young; but feather'd soon and
fledge, 420

They summ'd their pens, and soaring th' air
sublime,

With clang despis'd the ground, under a cloud
In prospect: there the eagle and the stork,
On cliffs and cedar tops their eyries build:
Part loosely wing the region! part, more
wise 425

In common, trang'd in figure wedge their way
Intelligent of seasons, and set forth
Their aery caravan, high over seas
Flying, and over lands with mutual wing
Easing their flight; so stees the prudent
crane 430

Her annual voyage, born on winds; the air
Floats, as they pass, fann'd with unnumber'd
plumes.

From branch to branch the smaller birds with
song
Solac'd the woods, and spread their painted
wings

'Till ev'n; nor them, the solemn nightingale 435
Ceas'd warbling, but all night tun'd her soft
lays.

Others on silver lakes and rivers bath'd
Their downy breast; the swan with arched
neck

Between her white wings mantling proudly,
rows

Her state with oary feet: yet oft they quit 440
The dank, and rising on stiff pennons, tower
The mid aerial sky. Others on ground

Walk'd firm; the crested cock, whose clarion
sounds,

The silent hours; and th' other, whose gay
train

Adorns him, color'd with the florid hue 445

Of rainbows and starry eyes. The waters thus

With fish reglennish'd, and the air with fowl,

Ev'ning and morn solemniz'd the fifth day,

The sixth, and of creation last arose

With ev'ning harps and matin; when God

said, 450

Let th' earth bring forth foul living in her

kind,

Battel and creeping things, and beast of th'

earth,

Each in their kind. — The earth obey'd;

and straight

Op'ning her fertil womb, teem'd at a birth

Innumerable living creatures, perfect forms, 455

Limb'd and full grown. Out of the ground up

rose,

As from his lair the wild beast, where he wons

In forest wild, in thicket, brake or den:

Among the trees in pairs they rose, they walk'd;

The cattel in the fields, and meadows

green: 460

Those rare and solitary, these in flocks

Pasturing at once, and in broad herds upsprung.

The grassy clods now calv'd, now half appear'd

The tawny lion, pawing to get free
His hinder parts; then springs as broke from
ponds,

And rampant shakes his prinded mane: the
ounce,

The libbard, and the tiger, as the mole
Rising, the crumbl'd earth above them threw
In hillocks: the swift stag from under ground
Bore up his branching head: scarce from his
mould

Behemoth, biggest born of earth, upheav'd
His vastness: fleec'd the flocks and pleating rose,
As plants: ambiguous between sea and land
The river-horse and scaly crocodile.

At once came forth whatever creeps the
ground, 475

Insect or worm: those wav'd their limber fans,
For wings; and smallest lineaments exact
In all the liveries deck'd of summers pride,
With spots of gold, and purple, azure and
green:

These, as a line, their long dimension drew, 480
Streaking the ground with sinuous trace:
not all

Mimims of nature, some of serpent kind,
Wondrous in length and corpulence, involv'd
Their snaky folds, and added wings. First
crept

The parsimonious emmet, provident 485

Of future, in small room large heart inclos'd,
Pattern of just equality perhaps
Hereafter, joined in her popular tribes
Of commonalty: swarming next, appear'd
The female bee, that feeds her husband
dron 490

Deliciously, and builds her waxen cells
With honey stor'd. The rest are numberless,
And thou their natures know'st, and gav'st
them names,

Needless to thee repeated: nor unknown
The serpent, subtlest beast of all the field, 495
Of huge extent sometimes, with brazen eyes
And hairy mane terrific, though to thee
Not noxious, but obedient at thy call.

Now heav'n in all her glory shone, and
roll'd

Her motions, as the great first Mover's hand 500
First wheel'd their course; earth in her rich
attire

Consummate lovely smil'd; air, water, earth,
By fowl, fish, beast, was flow'n, was swum,
was walk'd

Frequent; and of the sixth day yet remain'd.
There wanted yet the master work, the end 505
Of all yet done; a creature, who not prone,
And brute as other creatures, but indued
With sanctity of reason, might erect
His stature, and upright with front serene

Govern the rest, self knowing; and from
thence 510

Magnanimous to correspond with Heav'n;
But grateful to acknowledge, whence his good
Descends: thither with heart, and voice, and
eyes

Directed in devotion, to adore
And worship God supreme, who made him
chief 515

Of all his works: therefore th' Omnipotent
Eternal Father, for where is not he
Present? thus to his Son audibly spake.

Let us make now Man in our image, Man
In our similitude, and let them rule 520
Over the fish, and fowl of sea and air,
Beast of the field, and over all the earth,
And every creeping thing, that creeps the
ground!

This said, he form'd thee, Adam, thee O
Man!

Dust of the ground; and in thy nostrils
breath'd 525

The breath of life: in his own image he
Created thee, in the image of God
Express, and thou becam'st a living soul.
Male he created thee, but thy consort
Female, for race: then bless'd mankind, and
said, 530

Be fruitful, multiply, and fill the earth,

Subdue it, and throughout dominion hold
 Over fish of the sea, and fowl of th' air,
 And ev'ry living thing, that moves on th' earth,
 Wherever thus created, for no place 535
 Is yet distinct by name thence, as thou know'st,
 He brought thee into this delicious grove,
 This garden; planted with the trees of God;
 Delectable both to behold and taste:

And freely all their pleasant fruit for food 540
 Gave thee, all sorts are here that all th' earth
 yields,
 Variety without end! but of the tree,
 Which tasted works knowledge of good and
 evil,

Thou may'st not: in the day thou eat'st, thou
 dy'st:

Death is the penalty impos'd beware! 545
 And govern well thy appetite, lest Sin
 Surprise thee, and her black attendant Death.

Here finish'd He, and all that he had made
 View'd, and behold! all was entirely good;
 So ev'n and morn accomplish'd the sixth
 day: 550

Yet not 'till the Creator from his work
 Desisting, though unwearied, up return'd;
 Up to the Heav'n of Heav'n's, his high
 abode,

Thence to behold this new created world,
 Th' addition of his empire, how it show'd 555

In prospect from his throne, how good, how
fair,

Answering his great idea: Up he rode
Follow'd with acclamation, and the sound
Symphonious of ten thousand harps that tun'd.

Angelic harmonies: the earth, the air 560
Resounded, thou remember'st, for thou
heardst,

The Heav'n's and all the constellations rung:
The planets in their station list'ning stood,
While the bright pomp ascended jubilant.

Open, ye everlasting gates, they sung, 565

Open, ye Heav'ns, your living doors; let in
The great Creator, from his work return'd
Magnificent, his six days work, a World!

Open, and henceforth oft; for God will deign
To visit oft the dwellings of just men, 570

Delighted; and with frequent intercourse
Thither will send his winged messengers,

On errands of supernal grace. So sung

The glorious train ascending: He through
Heav'n,

That open'd wide her blazing portals, led, 575
To God's eternal house direct the way;

A broad and ample road, whose dust is gold

And pavement stars, as stars to thee appear

Been in the galaxy, that milky way

Which nightly, as a circling zone, thou
seest 580

Powder'd with stars. And now on earth the
seventh

Ev'ning arose in Eden, for the sun
Was set, and twilight from the east came on,
Forerunning night; when, at the holy mount
Of Heav'n's high-seated top, th' imperial
throne 585

Of Godhead, fix'd for ever firm and sure,
The filial Pow'r arriv'd, and sat him dow'n
With his great Father: for he also went
Invisible, yet staid, such privilege
Hath Omnipresence, and the work ordain'd, 590
Author and end of all things; and from work
Now resting, bless and hallow'd the sev'nth
day,

As resting on that day from all his work:
But not in silence holy kept; the harp
Had work and rested not, the solemn pipe, 595
And dulcimer, all organs of sweet stop,
All sounds on fret by string, or golden wire,
Temper'd lest tunings, intermix'd with voice
Choral, or unison: of incense clouds,
Fuming from golden censers, hid the
mount; 600

Creation, and the six days acts, they sung.

Great are thy works, Jehovah, infinite
Thy pow'r! what thought can measure thee,
or tongue

Relate thee? Greater now in thy return

Than from the giant Angels: Thee that day 605
Thy thunders magnify'd; but to create
Is greater, than created to destroy.

Who can impair thee, mighty King! or bound
Thy empire? Easily the proud attempt
Of spirits apostate, and their counsels vain, 610
Thou hast repell'd; while impiously they
thought

Thee to diminish, and from thee withdraw
The number of thy worshippers. Who seeks
To lessen thee, against his purpose serves
To manifest the more thy might: his evil 615
Thou usest, and from thence creat'st more
good.

Witness this new-mane world, another Heav'n!
From Heaven gate not far, founded in view
On the clear hyaline, the glassy sea;
Of amplitude almost immense, with stars 620
Numerous, and ev'ry star perhaps a world
Of destin'd habitation; but thou know'st
Their seasons: among these the seat of men,
Earth, with her nether ocean circumfus'd,
Their pleasant dwelling-place. Thrice happy
men! 625

And sons of men! whom God hath thus ad-
vanc'd.

Created in his image, there to dwell
And worship him; and in reward to rule
Over his works, on earth, in sea, or air;

And

And multiply a race of worshippers 630

Holy and just: thrice happy, if they know
Their happiness, and persevere upright!

So sung they, and the empyrean rung
With hallelujahs: Thus was Sabbath kept,
And thy request think now fulfill'd, that
ask'd, 635

How first this world and face of things began,
And what before thy memory was done

From the beginning, that posterity
Inform'd by thee might know. If else thou
seek'st

Ought, not surpassing human measure, say, 640

The End of the Seventh Book.

B O O K V I I I.

The Angel ended, and in Adam's ear
So charming left his voice, that he a while
Thought him still speaking, still stood fix'd to
hear;

Then, as new'd, thus gratefully reply'd.

What thanks sufficient, or what recom-
pense 5

Equal, have I to render thee, divine
Historian? who thus largely hast allay'd
The thirst I had of knowledge, and vouchsaf'd
This friendly condescension to relate
Things, else by me unsearchable; now
heard 10

With wonder, but delight; and, as is due,
With glory attributed to the high
Creator. Something yet of doubt remains,
Which only thy solution can resolve.

When I behold this goodly frame, this world 15
Of Heav'n and earth consisting; and compute
Their magnitudes; this earth a spot, a grain,
An atom, with the firmament compar'd,
And all her number'd stars; that seem to roll

Spaces incomprehensible, for such 20
 Their distance argues, and their swift return
 Diurnal, merely to officiate light
 Round this opacous earth, this punctual spot,
 One day and night; in all their vast survey
 Useless besides: reasoning I oft admire, 25
 How Nature, wise and frugal, could commit
 Such disproportions; with superfluous hand,
 So many nobler bodies to create,
 Greater so manifold to this one use,
 For ought appears, and on their orbs impose 30
 Such restless revolution day by day
 Repeated, while the sedentary earth,
 That better might with far less compass move,
 Serv'd by more noble than herself, attains
 Her end without least motion; and receives, 35
 As tribute, such a sumless journey brought
 Of incorporeal speed; her warmth and ligh;
 Speed, to describe whose swiftness number
 fails.

So spake our sire, and by his count'nance
 seem'd

Entring on studious thoughts abstruse; which
 Eve 40

Perceiving, where she sat retir'd in sight,
 With lowliness majestic from her seat,
 And grace, that won who saw to wish her stay;
 Rose, and went forth among her fruits and
 flow'rs,

To visit how they prosper'd, but and bloom, 45
Her nursery: they at her coming sprung,
And touch'd by her fair tendance gladlier grew,
Yet went she not, as not with such discourse
Delighted, or not capable her ear
Of what was high: such pleasure she re-
serv'd, 50
Adam relating, she sole auditress:
Her husband the relater she preferr'd
Before the Angel, and of him to ask
Chose rather: he, she knew, would intermix
Grateful digressions, and solve high dispute 55
With conjugal caresses: from his lip
Not words alone pleas'd her. O when meet now
Such pairs, in love and mutual honor join'd?
With Goddess-like demeanour forth she went;
Not unattended! for on her, as Queen, 60
A pomp of winning Graces waited still,
And from about her shot darts of desire
Into all eyes, to wish her still in sight.
And Raphael now, to Adam's doubt propos'd,
Benevolent and facil thus reply'd. 65

To ask or search I blame thee not, for
Heav'n

Is as the book of God before thee set,
Wherein to read his wondrous works, and
learn
His seasons, hours, or days, or months, or
years:

This to attain, whether Heav'n move or
Earth, 70

Imports not, if thou reckon right; the rest
From man or angel, the great Architect
Did wisely to conceal; and not divulge
His secrets, to be scann'd by them, who ought
Rather admire. Or, if they list to try 75
Conjecture, he his fabric of the Heav'ns
Hath left to their disputes, perhaps to move
His laughter at their quaint opinions wide
Hereafter; when they come to model Heav'n,
And calculate the stars, how they will wield 80
The mighty frame; how build, unbuild,
contrive

To save appearances; how gird the sphere
With centric and eccentric scribl'd o'er,
Cycle and epicycle, orb in orb.
Already by thy reasoning this I guess, 85
Who art to lead thy offspring, and supposest,
That bodies bright and greater should not serve
The less not bright, nor Heav'n such journeys
run,

Earth sitting still, when she alone receives
The benefit. Consider first, that great 90
Or bright infers not excellence: the earth
Though in comparison of Heav'n, so small,
Nor glistering, may of solid good contain
More plenty than the Sun, that barren shines;
Whose virtue on itself works no effect, 95

As clouds, and clouds may rain, and rain
produce
Fruits in her soften'd soil, for some to eat
Allotted there: and other Suns perhaps
With their attendant moons thou wilt descry,
Communicating male and female light, 150
Which two great sexes animate the world,
Stor'd in each orb, perhaps, with some that
live.

For such vast room in nature unpossess'd
By living soul, desert and desolate,
Only to shine, yet scarce to contribute 155
Each orb a glimpse of light, convey'd so far
Down to this habitable, which returns
Light back to them, is obvious to dispute.
But whether thus things, or whether not,
Whether the sun, predominant in heav'n, 160
Rise on the earth, or earth rise on the sun;
He, from the east his flaming road begin;
Or she, from west her silent course advance,
With in offensive pace, that spinning sleeps
On her soft axle, while she paces ev'n, 165
And bears thee soft with the smooth air along,
Sollicit not thy thoughts with matters hid,
Leave them to God above, him serve and fear.
Of other creatures, as him pleases best,
Where-ever plac'd, let him dispose: joy
thou, 170
In what he gives to thee, this paradise

And thy fair Eve: Heav'n is for thee to
high,

To know, what passes there: ce lowly wife:
Think only what concerns thee and thy
being;

Dream not of other worlds, what creatures
there 175

Live, in what state, condition or degree;
Contented that thus far hath been reveal'd,
Not of earth only, but of highest Heav'n.

To whom thus Adam, clear'd of doubt,
reply'd.

How fully hast thou satisfy'd me, pure 180
Intelligence of Heav'n, Angel serene!

And freed from intricacies taught to live,
The easiest way; nor with perplexing thoughts
To interrupt the sweet of life, from which
God hath bid dwell far off all anxious cares. 185
And not molest us, unless we ourselves
Seek them with wand'ring thoughts, and no-
tions vain.

But apt the mind or fancy is to rove
Uncheck'd, and of her roving is no end:
'Till warn'd, or by experience taught, she
learn, 190

That not to know at large of things remote
From use, obscure and subtle, but to know,
That which before us lies in daily life,
Is the prime wisdom: what is more, is fume,

Or emptiness, or fond impertinence; 195

And renders us in things, that most concern

Unpractis'd, unprepar'd, and still to seek.

Therefore from this high pitch let us descend

A lower flight, and speak of things at hand

Useful, whence haply mention may arise 200

Of something not unseasonable to ask,

By suff'rance, and thy wonted favor deign'd,

Thee I have heard relating, what was done

Ere my remembrance: now, hear me relate

My story, which perhaps thou hast not
heard: 205

And day is yet not spent, 'till then thou seest,

How subtly to detain thee I devise,

Inviting thee to hear while I relate,

Fond, were it not in hope of thy reply:

For while I sit with thee, I seem in Heav'n, 210

And sweeter thy discourse is to my ear,

Than fruits of Palm-tree, pleasantest to thirst

And hunger both, from labor, at the hour

Of sweet repast: they satiate, and soon fill

Tho' pleasant; but thy word with grace

divine 215

Imbued, bring to their sweetness no satiety.

Tho whom thus Raphael answer'd heav'nly
meek.

Nor are thy lips ungraceful, Sire of men!

Nor tongue ineloquent: for God on thee

Abundantly his gifts hath also pour'd, 220

Inward and outward both, his image fair:
Speaking or mute all comeliness and grace
Attends thee, and each word, each motion,
forms:

Nor less think we in Heav'n of thee on Earth,
Than of our fellow-servant; and inquire 225
Gladly into the ways of God with Man:

For God we see hath honor'd thee, and set
On Man his equal love. Say therefore on;

For I that day was absent, as beſel,
Bound on a voyage uncouth and obſcure, 230

Far on excursion toward the gates of hell,
Squar'd in full legion, such command we had,

To see that none thence issu'd forth a spy,
Or enemy, while God was in his work,

Left he, incens'd at such eruption bold, 235
Destruction with creation might have mix'd.

Not that they durst without his leave attempt;
But us he sends upon his high behests

For state, as Sov'reign King; and to inure
Our prompt obedience. Fast we found, fast

shut 240
The dismal gates, and parricado'd strong!

But long e're our approaching heard within
Noise other than the sound of dance or song!

Torment, and loud lament, and furious rage.
Glad we return'd up to the coast of light 245

Ere Sabbath ev'ning: so we had in charge.
But thy relation now! for I attend.

Pleas'd with thy words no less than thou
with mine,

So spake the Godlike Pow'r, and thus our
fire.

For Man to tell, how human life began, 250

Is hard; for who himself beginning knew?

Desire with thee still longer to converse

Induc'd me. — As new wak'd from soun-
deft sleep,

Soft on the flow'ry herb I found me laid,

In balmy sweat; which with his beams the
sun 255

Soon dry'd, and on the reaking moisture fed.

Straight toward heav'n my wond'ring eyes I
turn'd,

And gaz'd a while the ample sky; 'till rais'd

By quick instinctive motion up I sprung,

As thitherward endeavoring, and upright 260

Stood on my feet. About me round I saw

Hill, dale, and shady woods, and sunny plains,

And liquid lapse of murm'ring streams: by
these,

Creatures that liv'd, and mov'd, and walk'd,
or flew;

Birds op the branches warbling; all things
smil'd; 265

With fragrance, and with joy, my heart o'er-
flow'd.

Myself I then perus'd, and limb by limb

Survey'd, and sometimes went, and someti-
mes ran

With supple joints, as lively vigor led.

But who I was, or where, or from what
cause, 270

Knew not: to speak I try'd, and forth with
spake;

My tongue obey'd, and readily could name

Whate'er I saw. Thou Sun, said I, fair light!

And thou inlighten'd Earth, so fresh and gay!

Ye hills and dales, ye rivers, woods and
plains! 275

And ye that live and move, fair creatures! tell,

Tell, if ye saw, how came I thus, how here?

Not of myself ——— By some great Maker
then,

In goodness and in pow'r praeeminent.

Tell me, how may I know him, how
adore, 280

From whom I have, that thus I move and live,

And feel, that I am happier, than I know.

While thus I call'd and stray'd, I knew not
whither,

From where I first drew air, and first beheld

This happy light; when answer none re-
turn'd, 285

On a green shady bank profuse of flowr's,

Penfive I sat me down. There gentle sleep

First found me, and with soft oppression seis'd

My droused sense, untroubl'd, though I thought,
I then was passing to my former state 290
Insensible, and forthwith to dissolve;
When suddenly stood at my head a dream,
Whose inward apparition gently mov'd
My fancy, to believe I yet had being,
And liv'd. One came, methought, of shape
divine, 295
And said, „Thy mansion wants thee, *Adam*,
rise,
„First man, of men innumerable ordain'd
„First Father! call'd by thee I come thy guide
„To the garden of blifs, thy seat prepar'd.“
So saying, by the hand he took me rais'd; 300
And over fields and waters, as in air,
Smood sliding without step, last led me up
A woody mountain, whose high top was plain,
A circuit wide, inclos'd, with goodliest trees
Planted, with walks, and bow'rs; that what
I saw 305
Of earth before, scarce pleasant seem'd. Each
tree
Loaden with fairest fruit, that hung to th' eye
Tempting, stirr'd in me sudden appetite
To pluck and eat; whereat I wak'd, and found
Before mine eyes all real, as the dream 310
Had lively shadow'd. Here had new begun
My wand'ring, had not he, who was my guide
Up hither, from among the trees appear'd,

Presence divine! rejoicing, but with awe,
 In adoration at his feet I fell 315
 Submits: he rear'd me, and „whom thou
 sought'st, I am,
 Said mildly. „Author of all this thou seest
 „Above, or round about thee, or beneath.
 „This Paradise I give thee, count it thine
 „To till and keep, and of the fruit to eat: 320
 „Of every tree, that in the garden grows
 „Eat freely with glad heart; fear here no
 death;
 „But of the tree, whose operation brings
 „Knowledge of good and ill, which I have
 set
 „The pledge of thy obedience and thy faith, 325
 „Amid the garden by the Tree of Life,
 „Remember, what I warn thee! shun to taste,
 „And shun the bitter consequence; for know,
 „The day, thou eat'st thereof, my sole command
 „Transgress'd, inevitably thou shalt dye; 330
 „From that day mortal: and this happy state
 „Shalt lose, expell'd from hence into a world
 „Of woe and sorrow.“ — Sternly he pro-
 nounc'd
 The rigid interdiction, which resounds
 Yet dreatful in mine ear, though in my
 choice 335
 Not to incur: but soon his clear aspect
 Return'd, and gracious purpose thus renew'd.

„Not only these fair bounds, but all the earth
„To thee and to thy race I give; as Lords
„Possess it, and all things, that therein live, 340
„Or live in sea, or air, beast, fish, and
fowl;
„In sign whereof, each bird, and beast,
behold
„After their kinds: I bring them, to receive
„From thee their names, and pay thee fealty
„With low subjection: understand the same 345
„Of fish within their watry residence,
„Not hither summon'd, since they cannot
change
„Their element to draw the thinner air.“
As thus he spake, each bird and beast behold
Approaching, two and two; these, cowering
low 350
With blandishment; each bird stoop'd on his
wing.
I nam'd them, as they pass'd, and understood
Their nature, with such knowledge God
indu'd
My sudden apprehension! but in these
I found not, what methought I wanted still; 355
And to the heav'nly Vision thus presum'd.
O by what name, for thou above all these,
Above mankind, or ought than mankind higher,
Surpassest far my naming, how may I
Adore thee, Author of this universe, 360
And

And all this good to man? For whose well-being

So amply, and with hand so liberal
Thou hast provided all things. But with me
I see not who partakes: in solitude

What happiness, who can enjoy alone? 365
Or all enjoying, what contentment find?

Thus I presumptuous; and the Vision bright,
As with a smile more brighten'd, thus reply'd.

What call'st thou solitude? Is not the earth
With various living creatures, and the air 370
Replenish'd, and all these at thy command
To come and play before thee? Know'st thou
not

Their language and their ways? They also
know,

And reason not contemptibly: with these
Find pastime, and bear rule? thy realm is
large. 375

So spake the universal Lord, and seem'd
So ordering: I, with leave of speech implor'd,
And humble deprecation, thus reply'd.

Let not my words offend thee, heav'nly
Pow'r,

My Maker, be propitious while I speak! 380
Hast thou not made me here thy substitute,
And these inferior far beneath me set?
Among unequals what society
Can sort, what harmony, or true delight?

Which must be mutual, in proportion due 385
Giv'n and receiv'd: but in disparity,
The one intense, the other still remiss,
Cannot well suit with either, but soon prove
Tedious alike. Of fellowship I speak
Such as I seek, fit to participate 390
All rational delight; wherein the brute
Cannot be human comfort: they rejoice
Each with their kind, lion with lions;
So fitly them in pairs thou hast combin'd:
Much less can bird with beast, or fish with
fowl 395
So well converse, nor with the ox the ape:
Worse then can man with beast, and least of
all.

Whereto th' Almighty answer'd, not dis-
pleas'd.

A nice and subtle happiness I see
Thou to thyself proposest, in the choice 400
Of thy associates, Adam; and wilt taste
No pleasure, though in pleasure, solitary.
What think'st thou then of me, and this my
state?

Seem I to thee sufficiently possess
Of happiness or not, who am alone 405
From all eternity? for none I know
Second to me, or like; equal much less.
How have I then with whom to hold con-
verse,

Save with the creatures, which I made, and
those

To me inferior, infinite descents 410
Beneath what other creatures are to thee?

He ceas'd, I lowly answer'd. To attain
The height and depth of thy eternal ways,
All human thoughts come short, Supreme of
things!

Thou in thyself art perfect, and in thee 415
Is no deficiency found. Not so is Man,

But in degree; the cause of his desire,
By conversation with his like to help,
Or solace his defect. No need that thou
Should'st propagate, already Infinite; 420

And through all numbers absolute, though one.
But Man by number is to manifest

His single imperfection; and beget
Like of his like, his image multiply'd:
In unity defective, which requires 425

Collateral love, and dearest amity.
Thou in thy secrecy although alone,

Best with thyself accompanied, seek'st not
Social communication: yet, so pleas'd,

Canst raise thy creature, to what height thou
wilt 430

Of union or communion, deify'd:
I by conversing cannot these erect

From prone, nor in their ways complacence
find.

Thus I imbolden'd spake, and freedom us'd
 Permissive, and acceptance found; which
 gain'd 435
 This answer from the gracious voice divine.

Thus far to try thee, Adam, I was pleas'd;
 And find thee knowing, not of beasts alone,
 Which thou hast rightly nam'd, but of thyself:
 Expressing well the spirit within thee free, 440
 My image, not imparted to the brute:
 Whose fellowship therefore unmeet for thee,
 Good reason was thou freely shouldst dislike;
 And be so minded still. I, e're thou spak'st,
 Knew it not good for man to be alone; 445
 And no such company as then thou saw'st
 Intended thee; for tryal only brought,
 To see, how thou could'st judge of fit and
 meet,

What next I bring, shall please thee, be assur'd.
 Thy likeness, thy fit help, thy other self, 450
 Thy wish, exactly to thy heart's desire.

He ended, or I heard no more, for now
 My earthly by his heav'nly overpower'd,
 Which it had long stood under, strain'd to th'
 height

In that celestial colloquy sublime, 455
 As with an object, that excels the sense,
 Dayl'd and spent, sunk down, and sought
 repair

Of sleep, which instantly fell on me, call'd

By nature as in aid, and clos'd mine eyes.
Mine eyes he clos'd, but open left the cell 460
Of fancy my internal sight: by which,
Abstract as in a trance, methought I saw,
Though sleeping, where I lay, and saw the
shape

Still glorious, before whom awake I stood:
Who stooping open'd my left side, and took 465
From thence a rib, with cordial spirits warm,
And life-blood streaming fresh: wide was the
wound,

But suddenly with flesh fill'd up and heal'd.
The rib he form'd and fashion'd with his hands:
Under his forming hands a creature grew 470
Man like, but different sex: so lovely fair!
That, what seem'd fair in all the world, seem'd

Mean, or in her summ'd up, in her contain'd,
And in her looks; which from that time infus'd
Sweetness into my heart, unfelt before: 475
And into all things from her air inspir'd
The spirit of love, and amorous delight.
She disappear'd, and left me dark! I wak'd
To find her, or for ever to deplore
Her loss, and other pleasures all abjure. 480
When out of hope, behold her! not far off;
Such as I saw her in my dream, adorn'd
With what all Earth or Heaven could bestow,
To make her amiable: On she came,

Led by her heav'nly Maker, though unseen, 485
And guided by his voice; nor uniform'd
Of nuptial sanctity, and marriage rites:
Grace was in all her steps, Heav'n in her eye,
In every gesture dignity and love.
I overjoy'd could not forbear aloud. 490

This turn hath made amends; 'Thou hast
fulfill'd

Thy words, Creator bounteous and benign!
Giver of all things fair! but fairest this
Of all thy gifts, nor enviest. I now see
Bone of my bone, flesh of my flesh, myself 495
Before me: Woman is her name, of Man
Extracted: for this cause he shall forego
Father and mother, and t' his wife adhere;
And they shall be one flesh, one heart, one
soul.

She heard me thus, and tho' divinely
brought, 500
Yet innocence, and virgin modesty,
Her virtue, and the conscience of her worth,
That would be woo'd, and not unsought be
won,

Not obvisions, not obtrusive, but retir'd,
The more desirable: or, to say all, 505
Nature herself, though pure of sinful thought,
Wrought in her so, that seeing me, she turn'd;
I follow'd her; she what was honor knew,
And with obsequious majesty approv'd,

My pleaded reason. — To the nuptial
bow'r 510

I led her blushing like the morn: all Heav'n,
And happy constellations, on that hour
Shed their selectest influence: the earth
Gave sign of gratulation, and each hill:
Joyous the birds; fresh gales, and gentle
airs 515

Whisper'd it to the woods, and from their
wing

Flung rose, flung odors from the spicy shrub,
Disporting! till the amorous bird of night
Sung sponfal, and bid haste the bridallamp. 520

Thus have I told thee all my state, and
brought

My story to the sum of earthly bliss,
Which I enjoy; and must confess to find
In all things else delight indeed, but such
As us'd or not, works in the mind no
change, 525

Nor vehement desire; these delicacies
I mean of taste, sight, smell, herbs, fruits,
and flow'rs,

Walks, and the melody of birds: but here
Far otherwise, transported I behold,
Transported touch: here passion first I felt, 530
Commotion strange! in all enjoyments else
Superior, and unmov'd; here only weak,
Against the charm of beauty's powerful glance.

Or Nature fail'd in me, and left some part
 Not proof enough such object to sustain: 535
 Or from my side subducting, took perhaps
 More than enough: at least, on her bestow'd
 Too much of ornament; in outward show
 Elaborate, of inward less exact.

For well I understand in the prime end 540
 Of nature, her th' inferior, in the mind
 And inward faculties, which most excel:
 In outward also her resembling less
 His image who made both; and less expressing
 The character of that dominion giv'n 545
 O'er other creatures. Yet, when I approach
 Her loveliness, so absolute she seems
 And in herself complete, so well to know
 Her own; that what she wills to do or say,
 Seems wisest, virtuousest, discretest, best: 550
 All higher knowledge in her presence falls
 Degraded; wisdom in discourse with her
 Loses discountenanc'd, and like folly shews:
 Authority and reason on her wait,
 As one intended first, not after made 555
 Occasionally: and, to consummate all,
 Greatness of mind, and nobleness, their seat
 Build in her loveliest, and create an awe
 About her, as a guard Angelic plac'd.

To whom the Angel with contracted brow 560
 Accuse not Nature, she hath done her part;
 Do thou but thine, and be not diffident

Of wisdom: she deserts thee not, if thou
Dismiss not her, when most thou need'st her
nigh;

By attributing over-much to things 565
Less excellent, as thou thyself perceiv'st.

For what admir'st thou, what transports thee so?
An outside? fair no doubt, and worthy well
Thy cherishing, thy honoring, and thy love;
Not thy subjection. Weigh with her thy-
self; 570

Then value: oft-times nothing profits more
Than self-esteem, grounded on just an right,
Well manag'd: of that shill the more thou
know'st,

The more she will acknowledge thee her Head,
And to relatives yield all her shows: 575
Made so adorn for thy delight the more;
So awful, that with honor thou may'st love
Thy mate; who sees, when thou art seen
least wise.

But if the sense of touch, whereby mankind
Is propagated, seem such dear delight 580
Beyond all other; think the same vouchsaf'd
To cattel, and each beast; which would
not be

To them made common, and divulg'd, if ought
Therein enjoy'd were worthy to subdue
The soul of man, or passion in him move. 585
What higher in her society thou find'st

Variouſly repreſenting; yet ſtill free, 610
 Approve the beſt, and follow what I approve.
 To love thou blaſt me not; for love thou ſay'ſt
 Leads up to Heav'n, is both the way and guide;
 Bear with me then, if lawful what I aſk:

Love not the heav'nly ſpirits? And now their
 love 615

Exprefs they? By looks only? Or do they mix
 Irradiance, virtual or immediate touch?

To whom the Angel, with a ſmile that
 glow'd

Celeſtial roſy-red, love's proper hue,
 Anſwer'd. Let it ſuffice thee, that thou
 know'ſt 620

Us happy, and without love no happineſs.
 Whatever pure thou in thy body enjoy'ſt,
 And pure thou wert created, we enjoy
 In eminence: and obſtacle find none
 Of membrane, joint, or limb, excluſive
 bars: 625

Eaſier than air with air, if ſpirits embrace,
 Total they mix; union of pure with pure
 Deſiring: nor reſtrain'd conveyance need,
 As fleſh to mix with fleſh, or ſoul with ſoul.
 But I can now no more: the parting ſun 630
 Beyond the earth's green cape, and verdant iſles,
 Heſperian ſets, my ſignal to depart.
 Be ſtrong, live happy, and love! But, firſt
 of all,

B O O K IX.

No more of talk where God or Angel guest
With Man as with his friend, familiar us'd
To sit indulgent, and with him partake
Rural repast; permitting him the while
Venial discourse unblam'd. I now must change 5
Those notes to tragic! Foul distrust, and breach
Disloyal on the part of man, revolt,
And disobedience: on the part of Heav'n,
Now alienated! distance, and distaste,
Anger, and just rebuke, and judgement giv'n, 10
That brought into this world a world of woe,
Sin, and her shadow Death, and Misery,
Death's harbinger. Sad task! yet argument
Not less, but more heroic than the wrath
Of stern Achilles on his foe pursu'd 15
Thrice fugitive about Troy wall: or rage
Of Turnus for Lavinia disespous'd,
Or Neptune's ire, or Juno's, that so long
Perplex'd the Greek, and Cytherea's son:
If answerable stile I can obtain 20
Of my celestial patroness, who deigns

Her nightly visitation unimplor'd,
And dictates to me slumb'ring; or inspires
Easy my unpremeditated verse:
Since first this subject for Heroic song 25
Pleas'd me, long chusing, and beginning late;
Not sedulous by nature to indite
Wars, hitherto the only argument
Heroic deem'd; chief mast'ry to dissect
With long and tedious havock fabled Knights 30
In battels feign'd: the better fortitude
Of patience, and Heroic Martyrdom,
Unsung; or to describe Races, and Games,
Or tilting furniture, emblazon'd shields,
Impresses quaint, caparisons, and steeds; 35
Bases, and tinsel trappings, gorgeous Knights
At joust and torneament: then marshal'd feast
Serv'd up in hall with sewers, and seneschals:
The skill of artifice, or office, mean;
Not that which justly gives Heroic name 40
To person, or to poem. Me of these
Nor skill'd, nor studious, higher argument
Remains; sufficient of itself to raise
That name, unless an age too late, or cold
Climate, or years damp my intended wing 45
Depress'd: and much they may, if all be mine,
Not hers, who brings it nightly to my ear.

The Sun was sunk, and after him the star
Of Hesperus, whose office is to bring
Twilight upon the earth, short arbiter 50

'Twixt day and night, and now, from end
to end,

Night's hemisphere had veil'd th' horizon
round:

When Satan, who late fled before the threats
Of Gabriel out of Eden, now improv'd
In mediated fraud and malice, bent 55

On man's destruction, maugre what might hap
Of heavier on himself, fearless return'd.

By night he fled, and at midnight return'd
From compassing the earth; cautious of day,
Since Uriel, regent of the Sun, descry'd 60
His entrance, and forewarn'd the Cherubim,
That kept their watch: thence full of anguish
driv'n,

The space of sev'n continu'd nights he rode
With darkness; thrice the equinoctial Line
He circled four times cross'd the car of Night 65
From Pole to Pole, traversing each Colure;
On th' eighth return'd, and on the coast averse
From entrance, or Cherubic watch, by stealth
Found unsuspected way. There was a place,
Now not, tho' sin, not time, first wrought the
change, 70

Where Tigris, at the foot of Paradise,
Into a gulph shot under ground, 'till part
Rose up a fountain by the Tree of Life.
In with the river sunk, and with it rose
Satan, involv'd in rising mist; then sought 75

Where to lie hid: sea he had search'd, and
land,

From Eden over Pontus, and the pool
Maeotis, up beyond the river Ob:

Downward as far antarctic: and in length,
West from Orontes to the ocean barr'd 80

At Darien: thence, to the land where flows
Ganges, and Indus. Thus the orb he roam'd
With narrow search; and with inspection deep
Consider'd every creature, which of all

Most opportune might serve his wiles; and
found 85

The serpent subtlest beast of all the field.

Him after long debate, irresolute

Of thoughts revol'd, his final sentence chose

Fit vessel, fittest imp of fraud, in whom

To enter, and his dark suggestions hide 90

From sharpest sight: for in the wily snake

Whatever sleights, none would suspicious

mark,

As from his wit and native subtlety

Proceeding; which in other beasts observ'd,

Doubt might beget of diabolic pow'r 95

Active within beyond the sense of brute.

Thus he resolv'd, but first from inward grief

His bursting passion into plaints thus pour'd.

O Earth, how like to Heav'n! if not preferr'd

More justly, feath' worthier of Gods as

built 100

With

With second thoughts, reforming what was
old!

For what God after better worse would built?
Terrestrial Heav'n, danc'd round by other
Heav'ns

That shine, yet bear their bright officious
lamps,

Light above light, for thee alone, as seems, 105

In thee concentrating all their precious beams

Of sacred influence! As God in Heav'n

Is center, yet extends to all; so thou

Centring, receiv'st from all those orbs: in thee,

Not in themselves, all their known virtue ap-
pears, 110

Productive in herb, plant, and nobler birth

Of creatures animate with gradual life,

Of growth, sense, reason, all summ'd up in
Man.

With what delight could I have walk'd thee
round,

If I could joy in ought: sweet interchange 115

Of hill, and valley, rivers, woods, and
plains!

Now land, now sea, and shores with forest
crown'd,

Rocks, dens, and caves! But I in none of these

Find place or refuge: and the more I see

Pleasures about me, so much more I feel 120

Torment within me, as from the hateful siege

T

Of contraries: all good to me becomes
Bane; and in Heav'n much worse would be
state;

But neither here seek I, no nor in Heav'n
To dwell, unless by mast'ring Heav'n's Su-
preme: 125

Nor hope to be myself less miserable
By what I seek, but others to make such
As I, though thereby worse to me redound.
For only in destroying I find ease
To my relentless thoughts; and him de-
stroy'd, 130

Or won to what may work his utter loss,
For whom all this was made; all this will soon
Follow, as to him link link'd in weal or woe:
In woe then! that destruction wide may range.
To me shall be the glory sole among 135
Th' infernal Pow'rs, in one day to have marr'd,
What he *Almighty* styl'd, six nights and days
Continu'd making; and who knows, how long
Before had been contriving? though perhaps
Not longer than since I, in one night, freed 140
From servitude inglorious well nigh half
Th' Angelic name, and thinner left the throng
Of his adorers. He, to be aveng'd,
And to repair his numbers thus impair'd;
Whether such virtue spent of old now fail'd 145
More Angels to create, if they at least
Are his created, or, to spite us more,

Determin'd to advance into our room,
A creature form'd of earth, and him endow,
Exalted from so-base original! 150
With heav'nly spoils; our spoils. What he
decreed,

He effected: Man he made, and for him built
Magnificent this world, and earth his seat,
Him Lord pronounc'd; and, o indignity!
Subjected to his service Angel wings, 155
And flaming ministers, to watch and tend
Their earthly charge. Of these the vigilance
I dread, and to elude, thus wrap'd in mist
Of midnight vapor glide obscure, and pry
In every bush and brake, where hap may
find 160

The serpent sleeping; in whose mazy folds
To hide me, and the dark intent I bring.
O foul descent! that I, who erst contended
With Gods to sit the highest, am now con-
strain'd

Into a beast; and mix'd with bestial slime, 165
This essence to incarnate and imbrute,
That to the height of Deity aspir'd!
But what will not ambition, and revenge,
Descend to? who aspires, must down as low,
As high he soar'd; obnoxious, first or last, 170
To basest things. Revenge, at first though
sweet,

Bitter ere long back on itself recoils:

Let it; I reckon not, so it light well aim'd!
Since higher I fall short, on him, who next
Provokes my envy, this new favorite 175
Of Heav'n, this man of clay, son of despite,
Whom us the more to spite, his maker rais'd
From dust, spite then with spite is best repaid.

So saying, through each thicket, dank or dry,
Like a black mist low creeping, he held on 180
His midnight search, where soonest he might
find

The serpent: him fast sleeping soon he found,
In labyrinth of many a round self-roll'd;
His head the midst, well stor'd with subtle
wiles:

Not yet in horrid shade, or dismal den, 185
Nor nocent yet; but, on the grassy herb,
Fearless unfear'd he slept. In at his mouth
The Devil enter'd; and his brutal sense,
In heart, or head, possessing, soon inspir'd
With act intelligent; but his sleep 190
Disturb'd not, waiting close th' approach of
morn.

Now when as sacred light began to dawn
In Eden on the humid flow'rs, that breath'd
Their morning incense, when all things that
breathe,
From th'earth's great altar send up silent
praise 195
To the Creator, and his nostrils fill

With grateful smell, forth came the human
pair,
And join'd their vocal worship to the quire
Of creatures wanting voice that done, partake
The season, prime for sweetest scents and
airs: 200
Then commune, how that day they best may
ply
Their growing work, for much their work
outgrew
The hands dispatch of two, gard'ning so wide,
And Eve first to her husband thus began.
Adam, well may we labor still to dress 205
This garden, still to tend plant, herb and
flow'r,
Our pleasant task injoin'd; but 'till more hands
Aid us, the work under our labor grows
Luxurious by restraint: what we by day
Lop overgrown, or prune, or prop, or
bind, 210
One night or two with wanton growth derides
Tending to wild. Thou therefore now advise,
Or hear, what to my mind first thoughts present:
Let us divide our labors: thou, where choice
Leads thee, or where most needs, whether to
wind 215
The woodbine round this arbor, or direct
The clasping ivy where to climb: while I,
In yonder spring of roses, intermix'd

With myrtle, find what to redress till noon.
For while so near each other thus all day 220
Our task we choose, what wonder if so near
Looks intervene, and smiles, or object new
Casual discourse draw on; which intermits
Our day's-work, brought to little, though
Early, and th' hour of supper comes un-
earn'd. 225

To whom mild answer Adam thus return'd:
Sole Eve, associate sole, to me beyond
Compare, above all living creatures dear!
Well hast thou motion'd, well thy thoughts
employ'd,
How we might best fulfil the work, which
here 230
God hath assign'd us; nor of me shalt pass
Unprais'd: for nothing lovelier can be found
In woman, than to study household good,
And good works in her husband to promote.
Yet not so strictly hath our Lord impos'd 235
Labor, as to debar us, when we need
Refreshment, whether food, or talk between,
Food of the mind, or this sweet intercourse
Of looks and smiles, for smiles from reason
flow,
To brute deny'd and are of love the food; 240
Love, not the lowest end of human life.
For not to irksome toil, but to delight

He made us, and delight to reason join'd,
These paths and bow'rs doubt not but our
joint hands

Will keep from wilderness with ease, as
wide 245

As we need walk; till younger hands ere long
Assist us. But, if much converse perhaps
Thee satiate, to short absence I could yield:
For solitude sometimes is best society,

And short retirement urges sweet return. 250

But, other doubt possesses me; least harm
Befall thee sever'd from me: for thou know'st,
What hath been warn'd us, what malicious foe
Envyng our happiness, and of his own
Despairing, seeks to work us woe and
shame 255

By sly assault: and somewhere nigh at hand
Watches, no doubt, with greedy hope to find
His wish, and best advantage, us asunder;
Hopeless to circumvent us join'd, where each
To other speedy aid might lend at need; 260
Whether his first design be to withdraw

Our fealty from God; or to disturb
Conjugal love; than which perhaps no bliss
Enjoy'd by us excites his envy more:

Or this, or worse, leave not the faithful side, 265
That gave thee being, still shades thee and
protects.

The wife, where danger or dishonor lurks,

Safest and seemliest by her husband stays,
Who guards her, or with her the worst indures.

To whom the virgin majesty of Eve, 270
As one who loves, and some unkindness meets,
With sweet austere composure thus reply'd.

Offspring of Heav'n and earth, and all
earth's Lord!

That such an enemy we have, who seeks
Our ruin, both by thee inform'd I learn, 275
And from the parting Angel over-heard,
As in a shady nook I stood behind,
Just then return'd at shut of ev'ning flow'rs.
But that thou shouldst my firmness therefore
doubt

To God or thee, because we have a foe, 280
May tempt it, I expected not to hear,
His violence thou fear'st not, being such
As we, not capable of death, or pain,
Can either not receive, or can repel.

His fraud is then thy fear; which plain
infers 285

Thy equal fear, that my firm faith, and love,
Can by his fraud be shaken or seduc'd;
Thoughts, which how found they harbor in
thy breast,

Adam, mis-thought of her to thee so dear?

To whom with healing words Adam re-
ply'd: 290

Daughter of God and Man, immortal Eve!

For such thou art, from sin and blame entire:
 Not dissident of thee do I dissuade
 Thy absence from my sight, but to avoid
 Th' attempt itself, intended by our foe. 295

For he, who tempts, though in yain, at least
 asperges

The tempted with dishonor foul; suppos'd
 Not incorruptible of faith, not proof
 Against temptation. Thou thyself with scorn
 And anger would'st resent the offer'd wrong, 300
 Though ineffectual found: misdeem not then,
 If such affront I labor to avert

From thee alone, which on us both at once
 The enemy, though bold, will hardly dare;
 Or daring, first on me th' assault shall light. 305
 Nor thou his malice and false guile contemn:
 Subtile he needs must be, who could seduce
 Angels: nor think superfluous other's aid.
 I, from the influence of thy looks, receive
 Access in every virtue; in thy sight 310

More wise, more watchful, stronger, if need
 were

Of outward strength, while shame, thou loo-
 king on,

Shame to be overcome, or over-reach'd,
 Would utmost vigor raise, and rais'd unite,
 Why shouldst not thou like sense within thee
 feel, 315

When I am present, and the tryal chuse

With me, best witness of thy virtue try'd?

So spake domestic Adam in his care,
And matrimonial love: but Eve, who thought
Less attributed to her faith sincere, 320
Thus her reply with accent sweet renew'd.

If this be our condition, thus to dwell
In narrow circuit straiten'd by a foe,
Subtle or violent, we not indued
Single with like defence, where ever met, 325
How are we happy, still in fear of harm?
But harm precedes not sin: only our foe
Tempting affronts us with his foul esteem
Of our integrity; his foul esteem
Sticks no dishonor on our front, but turns 330
Foul on himself; then wherefore shunn'd or
fear'd

By us? who rather double honor gain
From his surmise prov'd false, find peace
within,
Favor from Heav'n, our witness from th'
event.

And what is faith, love, virtue unassay'd 335
Alone, without exterior help sustain'd?
Let us not then suspect, our happy state
Left so imperfect by the Maker wise,
As not secure to single, or combin'd:
Frail is our happiness, if this be so, 340
And Eden were no Eden thus expos'd,
To whom thus Adam fervently reply'd,

O woman! best are all things, as the will
Of God ordain'd them: His creating hand
Nothing imperfect or deficient left 345
Of all that he created; much less man,
Or ought that might his happy state secure:
Secure from outward force; within himself
The danger lies, yet lies within his pow'r.
Against his will he can receive no harm. 350
But God left free the will; for what obeys
Reason, is free; and reason he made right:
But bid her well beware, and still erect,
Lest by some fair appearing good surpris'd,
She dictate false, and misinform the will, 355
To do what God expressly hath forbid.
Not then mistrust, but tender love enjoins,
That I should mind thee oft, and mind thou
me.

Firm we subsist, yet possible to swerve,
Since reason not impossible may meet 360
Some specious object, by the foe suborn'd;
And fall into deception unaware,
Not keeping strictest watch, as she was
warn'd.

Seek not temptation then, which to avoid
Were better; and most likely, if from me 365
Thou sever not; trial will come unsought.
Wouldst thou approve thy constancy? approve
First thy obedience; th' other who can know,
Not seeing thee attempted? who attest?

But if thou think, trial unfought may find 370
Us both securer, than thus warn'd thou
seem'st ———

Go! for thy stay, not free, absents thee more;
Go in thy native innocence! rely
On, what thou hast of virtue; summon all:
For God tow'rs thee hath done his part, do
thine, 375

So spake the patriarch of mankind; but Eve
Persisted, yet submits, though last, reply'd.

With thy permission then, and thus fore-
warn'd,

Chiefly by what thy own last reasoning words
Touch'd only; that our tryal, when least
fought, 380

May find us both perhaps far less prepar'd,
The willinger I go: nor much expect,
A foe so proud will first the weaker seek;
So bent, the more shall shame him his
repulse.

Thus saying, from her husband's hand her
hand 385

Soft she withdrew; and like a Wood - Nymph
light

Oread, or Dryad, or of Delia's train,
Betook her to the the groves: but Delia's self
In gait surpass'd, and Goddess-like deport;
Though not, as she, with bow and quiver
arm'd; 390

But with such gard'ning tools as art, yet
rude,
Guiltless of fire had form'd, or Angels brought.
To Pales, or Pomona thus adorn'd,
Likeliest she seem'd, Pomona, when she fled
Vertumnus, or to Ceres in her prime, 395
Yet virgin of Proserpina from Jove,
Her long with ardent look his eye persu'd
Delighted, but desiring more her stay.
Oft he to her his charge of quick return
Repeated; she to him as oft engag'd 400
To be return'd by noon amid the bow'r;
And all' things in best order, to invite
Noontide repast, or afternoon's repose.
O much deceiv'd, much failling, hapless Eve!
Of thy presum'd return! event perverse! 405
Thou never from that hour in Paradise
Found'st either sweet repast, or sound repose!
Such ambush, laid among sweet flow'rs, and
shades,
Waited with hellish rancour imminent
To intercept thy way, or send thee back 410
Despoil'd of innocence, of faith, of bliss! —
For now, and since first break of dawn, the
Fiend,
Mere serpent in appearance, forth was come,
And on his quest, where likeliest he might find
The only two of mankind; but in them 415
The whole included race, his purpos'd prey.

In bow'r and field he sought, where any tuft
Of grove, or garden-plot more pleasant lay,
Their tendance or plantation for delight,
By fountain, or by shady rivulet. 420
He sought them both, but wish'd his hap might
find

Eve separate; he wish'd, but not with hope
Of what so seldom chanc'd: when to his wish,
Beyond his hope, Eve separate he spies,
Veil'd in a cloud of fragrance, where she
stood, 425

Half-spy'd, so thick the roses blushing round
About her glow'd; half-stooping to support
Each flow'r of slender stalk, whose head though
gay

Carnation, purple, azure, or speck'd with gold,
Hung drooping unsustain'd; them she up-
stays 430

Gently with myrtle band; mindless the while
Herself, though fairest, unsupported flow'r,
From her best prop so far, and storm so nigh!
Nearer he drew, and many a walk travers'd
Of stateliest covert, cedar, pine or palm; 435
Then voluble and bold; now hid, now seen,
Among thick-woven arborets and flow'rs,
Imborder'd on each bank, the hand of Eve:
Spot more delicious than those gardens feign'd,
Or of reviv'd Adonis: or renown'd 440
Alcinous, host of old Laertes' son;

Or that, not mystic, where the sapient king
Held dalliance with his fair Egyptian spouse.
Much he the place admir'd, the person more :
As one, who long in populous city pent, 445
Where houses thik and sewers annoy the air,
Forth issuing on a summer's morn, to breathe
Among the pleasant villages, and farms
Adjoin'd, from each thing met conceives
delight ;

The smell of grain, or tedded grafs, or kine, 450
Or dairy, each rural sight, each rural sound ;
If chance, with Nymphlike step, fair virgin
pafs,

What pleasing seem'd, for her now pleases
more ;

She most, and in her look sums all delight :
Such pleasure took the serpent to behold 455
This flow'ry plat, the sweet recess Eve
Thus early, thus alone: her heav'nly form
Angelic, but more soft, and feminine,
Her graceful innocence, her every air
Of gesture or least action overaw'd 460
His malice, and with rapine sweet bereav'd
His fierceness of the fierce intent it brought.
'That space the Evil-one abstracted stood
From his own evil, and for the time remain'd
Stupidly good; of enmity disarm'd, 465
Of guile, of hate, of envy, of revenge ;
But the hot hell, that always in him burns.

Though in mid Heavn, soon ended his delight;
And tortures him now more, the more he sees
Of pleasure not for him ordain'd: then soon 470
Fierce hate he recollects, and all his thoughts
Of mischief, gratulating, thus excites.

Thoughts, wither have ye led me! with
what sweet

Compulsion thus transported, to forget
What hither brought us! hate, not love, nor
hope 475

Of Paradise for Hell, hope here to taste
Of pleasure, but all pleasure to destroy,
Save what is in destroying; other joy
To me is lost. Then let me not let pass
Occasion which now smiles; behold alone 480
The woman, opportune to all attempts!
Her husband, for I view far round, not nigh,
Whose higher intellectual more I shun,
And strength, of courage haughty, and of limb
Heroic built, though of terrestrial mold, 485
Foe not formidable! exempt from wound;
I not: so much hath Hell debas'd, and pain
Infeebled me, to what I was in Heavn!
She fair, divinely fair! fit love for Gods;
Not terrible, though terror be in love 490
And beauty, not approach'd by stronger hate;
Hate, stronger under shew of love well feign'd;
The way which to her ruin now I tend.

So spake the enemy of mankind, inclos'd

In

In serpent, inmate bad! and toward Eve 495
 Address'd his way: not with indented wave,
 Prone on the ground, as since; but on his
 rear,

Circular base of rising folds, that tower'd
 Fold above fold, a surging maze! His head
 Crested aloft, and carbuncle his eyes; 500
 With burnish'd neck of verdant gold, erect
 Amidst his circling spires, that on the grass
 Floated redundant: pleasing was his shape,
 And lovely! Never since of serpent-kind
 Lovelier; not those, that in Illyria chang'd 505
 Hermione and Cadmus; or the God
 In Epidaurus: nor to which transform'd
 Ammonian Jove, or Capitoline was seen;
 He, with Olympias; this with, her who bore
 Scipio the height of Rome. With tract
 oblique 510

At first, as one who sought access, but fear'd
 To interrupt, side-long he works his way:
 As when a ship, by skilfull steers-man wrought
 Nigh river's mouth or foreland, where the
 wind

Yeers oft, as oft so steers, and shifts her
 sail: 515

So varied he, and of his tortuous train
 Curl'd many a wanton wreath, in sight of Eve,
 To lure her eye: she busied, heard the sound
 Of rustling leaves, but minded not, as us'd

To such disport before her trough the field, 520
From every beast; more duteous at her call,
Than at Circean call the herd disguis'd.
He bolder now, uncall'd before her stood;
But as in gaze admiring: oft he bow'd
His turret crest; and sleek enamel'd neck, 525
Fawning, and lick'd the ground, whereon she
trod.

His gentle dumb expression turn'd at length
The eye of Eve to mark his play; he glad
Of her attention gain'd, with serpent-tongue
Organic, or impulse of vocal air, 530
His fraudulent temptation thus began.

Wonder not, sov'reign Mistress! if perhaps
Thou canst, who art sole wonder; much less
arm

Thy looks, the Heav'n of mildness, with
disdain,

Displeas'd that I approach thee thus, and
gaze 535

Insatiate; I thus single; nor have fear'd
Thy awful brow, more awful thus retir'd.
Fairest resemblance of thy Makes fair!

Thee all things living gaze on, all things thine
By gift, and thy celestial beauty adore, 540
With ravishment beheld! there best beheld,
Where universally admir'd: but here
In this inclosure wild, these beasts among,
Beholders rude, and shallow to discern,

Half what in thee is fair, one man except, 545
Who sees thee, and what is one! who shouldst
be seen

A Goddess among Gods, ador'd and serv'd
By Angels numberless, thy daily train.

So glaz'd the tempter, and his proem tun'd:
Into the heart of Eve his words made way, 550
Though at the voice much marvelling: at
length,

Not unamaz'd, she thus in answer spake.

What may this mean? Language of man
pronounc'd

By tongue of brute, and human sense express'd?
The first, at least, of these I thought deny'd 555
To beasts; whom God, on their creation-day,
Created mute to all articulate sound:

The latter I demur; for in their look,
Much reason, and in their actions, oft appears.
Thee, serpent, subtlest beast of all the field 560
I knew, but not with human voice indued.

Redouble then this miracle, and say,
How cam'st thou speakable of mute; and
how

To me so friendly grown above the rest
Of brutal kind, that daily are in sight? 565
Say! for such wonder claims attention due.

To whom the guileful tempter thus reply'd:
Empress of this fair world, resplendent Eve!
Easy to me it is to tell thee all

What thou command'st, and right thou shouldst
be obey'd. 570

I was at first as other beasts, that grace
The trodden herb, of abject thoughts and low,
As was my food! nor ought but food discern'd
Or sex; and apprehended nothing high,
Till on an day roving the field, I chanced 575
A goodly tree far distant to behold,
Loaden with fruit of fairest colors mix'd,
Ruddy and gold: I nearer drew to gaze;
When from the boughs a savoury odor blown,
Grateful to appetite, more pleas'd my sense 580
Than smell of sweetest fenel, or the teats
Of ewe or goat dropping with milk at ev'n,
Unfuck'd of lamb, or kid, that tend their play.
To satisfy the sharp desire I had
Of tasting those fair apples, I resolv'd 585
Not to defer: hunger and thirst at once,
Pow'rful persuaders! quicken'd at the scent
Of that alluring fruit, urg'd me so keen.
About the mossy trunk I wound me soon;
For high from ground, the branches would
require 590
Thy utmost reach, or Adam's: Round the tree
All other beasts that saw, with like desire
Longing and envying stood, but could not reach.
Amid the tree now got, where plenty hung
Tempting so nigh, to pluck and eat my fill 595
I spar'd not; for such pleasure till that hour

At feed, or fountain, never had I found,
Sated at length, ere long I might perceive
Strange alteration in me, to degree
Of reason in my inward pow'rs; and speech 600
Wanted not long; though to this shape retain'd
Thenceforth to speculations high, or deep,
I turn'd my thoughts; and with capacious
mind

Consider'd all things visible in heav'n,
Or earth, or middle; all things fair and
good! 605

But all that fair and good, in thy divine
Semblance, and in thy beauty's heav'nly ray
United I beheld: no fair to thine
Equivalent, or second! which compell'd
Me thus, though importune perhaps, to
come 610

And gaze, and worship thee, of right declar'd
Sov'reign of creatures, universal dame!

So talk'd the spirited fly snake: and Eve,
Yet more amaz'd, unwary thus reply'd.

Serpent! thy overpraising leaves in doubt 615
The virtue of that fruit, in thee first prov'd.
But say, where grows the tree, from hence
how far?

For many are the trees of God, that grow
In Paradise, and various, yet unknown
To us, in such abundance lies our choice, 620
As leaves a greater store of fruit untouch'd:

Still hanging incorruptible, till men
Grow up to their provision, and more hands
Help to disburden nature of her birth.

To whom the wily adder, blithe and
glad: 625

Empress! the way is ready, and not long.
Beyond a row of myrtles, on a flat,
Fast by a fountain, one small thicket past
Of blowing myrth, and balm: if thou accept
My conduct, I can bring thee thither soon. 630

Lead then, said Eve. He leading swiftly
roll'd

In tangles, and mate intricate seem strait,
To mischief swift: hope elevates, and joy
Brightens his crest: as when a wand'ring fire,
Compact of unctuous vapor, which the
night 635

Condenses, and the cold environs round,
Kindled through agitation to a flame,
Which oft, they say, some evil spirit attends,
Hovering and blazing with delusive light,
Misleads th' amaz'd night-wanderer from his
way 640

To bogs and mires, and of thro' pond or
pool,

There swallow'd up and lost, from succour
far:

So glister'd the dire snake, and into fraud
Led Eve, our credulous mother, to the tree.

Of prohibition, root of all our woe: 645
Which when she saw, thus to her guide she
spake.

Serpent, we might have spar'd out coming
hither,
Fruitless to me, though fruit be here to
excels:

The credit of whose virtue rest with thee;
Wondrous indeed, if cause of such effects! 650
But of this tree we may not taste, nor touch,
God so commanded; and left that command
Sole daughter of his voice: the rest, we
live

Law to ourselves, our reason is our law.

To whom the tempter guilefully reply'd: 655
Indeed! Had God then said, that of the fruit
Of all these garden-trees ye shall not eat,
Ye Lords declar'd of all in earth, or air?

To whom thus Eve, yet sinless. Of the
fruit

Of each tree in the Garden we may eat; 660
But of the fruit of this fair tree amidst
The Garden, God hath said, Ye shall not
eat

Thereof, nor shall ye touch it, lest ye die.

She scarce had said, tho' brief, when now
more bold

The tempter, but with shew of zeal and
love 665

To man and indignation at his wrong,
New part puts on; and as to passion mov'd,
Fluctuates disturb'd, yet comely, and in act
Rais'd, as of some great matter to begin.

As when of old some Orator renow'd 670
In Athens, or free Rome, where eloquence
Florish'd, since mute! to some great cause ad-
drefs'd,

Stood in himself collected; while each part,
Motion, each act won audience ere the tongue;
Sometimes in height began as no delay 675
Of preface brooking, through his zeal of right;
So standing, moving, or to height up-grown,
The tempter all impassion'd thus began.

O sacred, wise, and wisdom-giving plant,
Mother of science! now I feel thy pow'r 680
Within me clear, not only discern

Things in their causes, but to trace the ways
Of highest agents, deem'd however wise.

Queen of this universe! do not believe
Those rigid threats of death: ye shall not
die: 685

How should ye? by the fruit? it gives you life
To knowledge: by the threatner? look on me,
Me! who have touch'd, and tasted; yet both
live,

And life more perfect have attain'd, than fate,
Meant me, by venturing higher than my
lot. 690

Shall that be shut to man, which to the beast
Is open? Or will God incense his ire
For such a petty freepass, and not praise
Rather your dauntless virtue. whom the pain
Of death denounc'd, whatever thing death
be, 695

Deterr'd not from achieving, what might lead
To happier life, knowledge of good and evil?
Of good, how just? of evil, if what is evil
Be real, why not known, since ealier shunn'd?
God therefore cannot hurt you, and be just: 700
Not just, not God; not fear'd then, nor obey'd:
Your fear itself of death removes the fear.

Why then was this forbid? Why, but to awe;
Why, but to keep you low and ignorant,
His worshippers: He knows that in the day 705
You ear thereof, your eyes, that seem so clear,
Yet are but dim, shall perfectly be then
Open'd and clear'd: and ye shall be as Gods,
Knowing both Good and Evil, as they know.
That ye shall be as Gods, since I as Man, 710
Internal Man, is but proportion meet:

I of brute, human, ye of human, Gods,
So ye shall die perhaps, by putting off
Human, to put on Gods; death to be wish'd,
Tho' threaten'd, which no worse than this
can bring. 715

And what are Gods, that man may not be-
come

As they, participating God-like food?
The Gods are first, and that advantage use
On our belief, that all from them proceeds:
I question it, for this fair earth I see, 720
Warm'd by the Sun, producing every kind;
Them nothing; if they all things, who in-
clos'd

Knowledge of Good and Evil in this tree,
That who so eats thereof, forthwith attains
Wisdom, without their leave? and wherein
lies 725

Th' offence, that man should thus attain to
know?

What can your knowledge hurt him, or this
tree

Impart against his will, if all be his?
Or is it envy, and can envy dwell
In heav'nly breasts? These, these, and many
more 730

Causes import your need of this fair fruit:
Goddeſs humane, reach then, and freely taſte!

He ended, and his words, replete with guile,
Into her heart too eaſy entrance won:

Fix'd on the fruit ſhe gaz'd, which to behold 735
Might tempt alone: and in her ears the ſound
Yet rung of his perſuaſive words, impregn'd
With reaſon, to her ſeeming, and with truth:
Mean while the hour of noon drew on, and
wak'd

An eager appetite, rais'd by the smell 740
So savoury of that fruit; which with desire,
Inclinable now grown to touch, or taste,
Solicited her longing eye: yet first
Pausing a while, thus to herself she mus'd.

Great are thy virtues, doubtless, best of
fruits! 475

Though kept from man, and worthy to be
admir'd,

Whose taste, too long forborn, at first assay
Gave elocution to the mute, and taught
The tongue not made for speech, to speak thy
praise:

Thy praise he also who forbids thy use, 750
Conceals not from us, naming thee the tree
Of knowledge; knowledge booth of good and
evil:

Forbids us then to taste: but his forbidding
Commends the more, while it infers the good
By thee communicated, and our want: 755
For good unknown, sure is not had; or had
And yet unknown, is as not had at all.

In plain then, what forbids he but to know,
Forbids us good, forbids us to be wise?
Such prohibitions bind not. — But if death 760
Bind us with after-bands, what profits then
Our inward freedom? In the day we eat
Of this fair fruit, our doom is, we shall die. —
How dies the serpent? he hath eat'n and lives.

And knows, and speaks, and reasons, and
discerns; 765

Irrational till then. For us alone

Was death invented? or to us deny'd

This intellectual food, for beasts reserv'd?

For beasts it seems: yet that one beast, which
first

Hath tasted, envies not, but brings with
joy 770

The good befall'n him, author unsuspect,

Friendly to man, far from deceit or guile.

What fear I then, rather what know to fear

Under this ignorance of good and evil,

Of god or death, of law or penalty? 775

Here grows the cure of all, this fruit divine!

Fair to the eye, inviting to the taste,

Of virtue to make wise: What hinders then

To reach, and feed at once both body and
mind?

So saying, her rash hand in evil hour 780

Forth reaching to the fruit, she pluck'd, she
eat:

Earth felt the wound; and Nature from her
seat

Sighing through all her works gave sign of woe,

That all was lost. Back to the thicket slunk

The guilty serpent, and well might, for
Eve 785

Intent now wholly on her taste nought else

Regarded; such delight till then, as seem'd,
In fruit she never tasted, whether true
Or fancy'd so, through expectation high
Of knowledge; nor was God-head from her
thought. 790

Greedy she ingorg'd without restraint,
And knew not eating death. Sate at length,
And highten'd as with wine, jocund and boon
Thus to herself she pleasingly began.

O sov'reign, virtuous, precious of all
trees

In Paradise! of operation blest
To sapience! hitherto obscurd, infam'd,
And thy fair fruit let hang, as to no end
Created: but henceforth my early care,
Not without song, each morning, and due
praise,

800

Shall tend thee, and the fertil burden ease
Of thy full branches offer'd free to all:
Till dieted by thee, I grow mature
In knowledge, as the Gods who all things
know:

Though others envy, what they cannot give; 805
For had the gift been theirs, it had not here
Thus grown. Experience, next to thee I owe,
Best guide; not following thee, I had remain'd
In ignorance, thou open'st wisdom's way,
And giv'st access, though secret she retire. 810
And I perhaps am secret: Heav'n is high,

High, and remote to see from thence distinct
Each thing on earth; and other care, per-
haps,

May have diverted from continual watch
Our great forbiddor, safe with all his spies 815

About him. — But, to Adam in what sort
Shall I appear? shall I to him make known
As yet my change, and give him to partake
Full happiness with me? or rather not;

But keep the odds of knowledge in my
pow'r, 820

Without copartner? so to add what wants
In female sex, the more to draw his love,
And render me more equal, and perhaps,
A thing not undesirable, sometime
Superior: for inferior who is free? 825

This may be well. — But, what if God hath
seen,

And death ensue? Then I shall be no more,
And Adam wedded to another Eve,
Shall live with her injoying, I extinct;
A death to think! Confirm'd then I resolve, 830
Adam shall share with me bliss or woe:
So dear I love him, that with him, all deaths
I could indure; without him live no life.

So saying, from the tree her step she
turn'd,

But first low reverence done, as to the
Pow'r 835

That dwelt within, whose presence had in-
fus'd

Into the plant sciential sap, deriv'd

From nectar, drink of Gods. Adam the while,

Waiting desirous her return, had wove

Of choicest flow'rs a garland, to adorn 840

Her tresses, and her trual labors crown:

As reapers oft are wont their harvest queen.

Great joy he promis'd to his thoughts, and new

Solace in her return, so long delay'd:

Yet oft his heart, divine of something ill, 845

Misgave him; he the faltring measure felt;

And forth to meet her went, the way she took

That morn, when first they parted. By the

Tree

Of knowledge he must pass; there be her met,

Scarce from the tree returning: in her hand 850

A bough of fairest fruit, that downy smil'd,

New gather'd, and ambrosial smell diffus'd:

To him she hasted; in her face excuse

Came prologue, and apology too prompt;

Which with bland words at will she thus ad-

dress'd.

855

Hast thou not wonder'd, Adam, at my stay?

Thee I have miss'd, and thought it long, de-

priv'd

Thy presence, agony of love till now

Not felt, nor shall be twice; for never more

Mean I to try, what rash untry'd I sought, 860

The pain of absence from thy sight. But strange
Hath been the cause, and wonderful to hear,
This Tree is not as we are told, a Tree
Of danger tasted, nor to evil unknown
Op'ning the way; but of divine effect, 865
To open eyes, and make them Gods who taste;
And hath been tasted such. The serpent wise,
Or not restrain'd as we, or not obeying,
Hath eaten of the fruit; and is become
Not dead, as we are threaten'd; but thence-
forth 870

Indued with human voice, and human sense,
Reasoning to admiration: and with me
Persuasively hath so prevail'd, that I
Have also tasted, and have also found
Th' effects to correspond: opener mine eyes, 875
Dim erst; dilated spirits, ampler heart,
And growing up to Godhead; which for thee
Chiefly I sought, without thee can despise:
For bliss, as thou hast part, to me is bliss:
Tedious, unshar'd with thee, and odious
soon. 880

Thou therefore also taste, that equal lot
May join us; equal joy, as equal love:
Lest, thou not tasting, different degree
Disjoin us, and I then too late renounce
Deity for thee, when fate will not permit. 885

Thus Eve with count'nance blithe her story
told;

But

But in her cheek distemper flushing glow'd.
On th' other side, Adam, soon as he heard
The fatal trespass done by Eve, amaz'd,
Astonied stood and blank; while horror chill 890
Ran through his veins, and all his joints relax'd:
From his slack hand the garland wreath'd for Eve
Down dropt, and all the faded Roses shed:
Speechless he stood and pale! till thus at length
First to himself he inward silence broke. 895

O fairest of creation, last and best
Of all God's works! Creature in whom excell'd
Whatever can to sight or thought be form'd,
Holy, divine, good, amiable, or sweet!
How art thou lost, how on a sudden lost, 900
Defac'd, deflowr'd, and now to death devote?
Rather how hast thou yielded to transgress
The strict forbiddance! how, to violate
The sacred fruit forbidd'n! some cursed fraud
Of enemy hath beguil'd thee, yet unknown; 905
And me with thee hath ruin'd; for with thee
Certain my resolution is to die!
How can I live without thee! how forgo
Thy sweet converse and love, so dearly join'd,
To live again in these wild woods forlorn! 910
Should God create another Eve, and I
Another rib afford, yet loss of thee
Would never from my heart! no, no! I feel
The link of nature draw me: flesh of flesh,
Bone of my bone thou art, and from thy state 915

Mine never shall be parted, bliss or woe!

So having said, as one from sad dismay
Recomforted, and, after thoughts disturb'd,
Submitting to what seem'd remediless,
Thus in calm mood his words to Eve he
turn'd. 920

Bold deed thou hast presum'd, adventurous
Eve!

And peril great provok'd, who thus hast dar'd,
Had it been only coveting to eye

That sacred fruit, sacred to abstinence:
Much more to taste it under ban to touch. 925

But past who can recall, or done undo?

Not God Omnipotent, nor Fate; yet so

Perhaps thou shalt not die, perhaps the fact

Is not so heinous now, foretasted fruit,

Profan'd first by the serpent, by him first 930

Made common and unhallow'd e're our taste:

Nor yet on him found deadly; he yet lives,

Lives, as thou saidst, and gains to live as man

Higher degree of life: inducement strong

To us, as likely tasting to attain 935

Proportional ascent; which cannot be

But to be Gods, or Angels, Demi-gods.

Nor can I think that God, Creator wise!

Thoug threatening, will in earnest so destroy

Us his prime creatures; dignified so high, 940

Set over all his works; which in our fall,

For us created, needs with us must fail,

Dependent made: so God shall uncreate,
Be frustrate, do, undo, and labor lose;
Not well conceiv'd of God: who tho' his
pow'r 945

Creation could repeat, yet would be loath
Us to abolish; lest the Adversary
Triumph and say: „Fickle their state whom
God

„Most favors! who can please him long? Me
first

„He ruin'd, now mankind: whom will he
next? 950

Matter of scorn, not to be giv'n the Foe.

However I with thee have fix'd my lot,

Certain to undergo like doom: if death

Confort with thee, death is to me as life:

So forcible within my hearth I feel 955

The bond of nature draw me to my own,

My own in thee! for what thou art is mine:

Our state cannot be sever'd, we are one,

One flesh; tho lose thee were to lose myself.

So Adam; and thus Eve to him reply'd. 960

O glorious tryal of exceeding love,

Illustrious evidence, example high,

Ingaging me to emulate! but short

Of thy perfection, how shall I attain,

Adam? from whose dear side I boast me

sprung? 965

And gladly of our union hear thee speak.

One heart one soul in both! whereof good
proof

This day affords; declaring thee resolv'd,
Rather than death or ought than death more
dread,

Shall separate us, link'd in love so dear! 970
To undergo with me one guilt, one crime,
If any be, of tasting this fair fruit:

Whose virtue, for of good still good proceeds,
Direct, or by occasion, hath presented
This happy trial of thy love; which else 975
So eminently never had been known.

Were it I thought Death menanc'd would ensue
This my attempt, I would sustain alone
The worst, and not persuade thee; rather die
Deferted, than oblige thee with a fact 980
Pernicious to thy peace, chiefly assur'd
Remarkably so late of thy so true,

So faithful love unequal'd; but I feel
Far otherwise th' event, not death, but life
Augmented; open'd eyes, new hopes, new
joys, 985

Taste so divine! that what of sweet before
Hath touch'd my sense, flat seems to this, and
harsh.

On my experience, Adam, freely taste,
And fear of death deliver to the winds.

So saying, she embrac'd him, and for joy 990
Tenderly wept; much won, that he his love

Had so innobled, as of choice t' incur
Divine displeasure for her sake, or death.
In recompense, for such compliance bad
Such recompense best merits, from the bough 995
She gave him of that fair inticing fruit
With liberal hand: he scrupl'd not to eat,
Against his better knowledge; not deceiv'd,
But fondly overcome with female charm.

Earth trembl'd from her entrails, as again 1000
In pangs, and Nature gave a second groan.
Sky lour'd, and mutt'ring thunder, some sad
drops

Wept, at compleating of the mortal sin
Original! while Adam took no thought,
Eating his fill; nor Eve to iterate 1005
Her former trespass fear'd; the more to sooth
Him, with her lov'd society: that now,
As with new wine intoxicated both,
They swim in mirth, and fancy that they feel
Divinity within them breeding wings, 1010
Wherewith to scorn the earth. But that false
fruit

Far other operation first display'd,
Carnal desire inflaming: he on Eve
Began to cast lascivious eyes: she him
As wantonly repaid; in lust they burn: 1015
Till Adam thus 'gan Eve to dalliance move.

Eve, now I see thou art exact of taste,
And elegant, of sapience no small part;

Since to each meaning favor we apply,
And palate call judicious: I the praise 1020
Yield thee, so well this day thou hast purvey'd.
Much pleasure we have lost, while we abstain'd
From this delightful fruit, nor known till now
True relish, tasting: if such pleasure be
In things to us forbidd'n, it might be
wish'd, 1025

For this one tree had been forbidden ten.
But come, so well refresh'd, now let us play,
As meet is, after such delicious fare:
For never did thy beauty since the day
I saw thee first, and wedded thee, adorn'd 1030
With all perfections, so inflame my sense
With ardor to enjoy thee; fairer now
Than ever, bounty of this virtuous tree!

So said he, and forbore not glance, or toy
Of amorous intent; well understood 1035
Of Eve, whose eye darted contagious fire.
Her hand he seiz'd and to a shady bank,
Thick over-head with verdant roof imbower'd,
He led her nothing loath: flowr's were the couch,
Pansies, and violets, and asphodel, 1040
And hyacinth, earth's freshest softest lap.
There they their fill of love, and love's disport
Took largely: of their mutual guilt the seal,
The solace of their sin: till dewy sleep
Oppress'd them, wearied with their amorous
play. 1045

Soon as the force of that fallacious fruit,
That with exhilarating vapor bland
About their spirits had play'd, and inmost
pow'rs
Made err, was now exhal'd; and grosser sleep,
Bred of unkindly fumes, with conscious
dreams 1050
Incumber'd, now had left them; up they rose
As from unrest, and each the other viewing,
Soon found their eyes how open'd, and their
minds
How darken'd! Innocence, that, as a veil
Had shadow'd them from knowing ill, was
gone: 1055
Just confidence, and native righteousness
And honor from about them, naked left
To guilty shame: he cover'd, but his robe
Uncover'd more. So rose the Danite strong,
Herculean Sampson, from the harlot-lap 1060
Of Philistean Dalilah, and wak'd
Shorn of his strength. They, destitute, and bare
Of all their virtue: silent, and in face
Confounded, long they sat, as stricken mute:
Till Adam, though no less than Eve
abash'd, 1065
At length gave utterance to these words
constrain'd.

O Eve! in evil hour thou didst give ear
To that false worm, of whomsoever taught

To counterfeit man's voice ; true in our fall,
False in our promis'd rising : since our eyes 1070
Open'd we find indeed, and find we know
Both Good and Evil ; Good lost, and Evil got.
Bad fruit of knowledge, if this be to know,
Which leaves us naked thus, of honour void,
Of innocence, of faith, of purity, 1075
Our wonted ornaments, now soil'd and stain'd!
And in our faces evidend the signs
Of foul concupiscence ; whence evil store ;
Ev'n shame, the last of evils ; of the first
Be sure then. ——— How shall I behold the
face 1080
Henceforth of God or Angel, erst with joy
And rapture so oft beheld ? those heav'nly shapes
Will dazzle now this earthly with their blaze
Insufferably bright. O, might I here
In solitude live savage, in some glade 1085
Obscur'd, where highest woods impenetrable
To star or sun-light, spread their umbrage broad
And brown as evening ! Cover me, ye Pines !
Ye Cedars, with innumerable boughs
Hide me, where I may never see them more ! 1090
But let us now, as in bad plight, devise
What best may for the present serve to hide
The parts of each from other, that seem most
To shame obnoxious, and unseemliest seen :
Some tree, whose smooth leaves toge-
ther sow'd, 1095

And girded on our loins, may cover round
Those middle parts, that this new comer, Shame,
There sit not, and reproach us as unclean.

So counsel'd he, and both together went
Into the thickest wood; there soon they chose 1100
The Figtree, not that kind for fruit renown'd;
But such as at this day, to Indians known
In Malabar, or Decan, spreads her arms
Branching so broad and long, that in the ground
The bended twigs take root, and daughters

grow 1105

About the mother tree, a pillar'd shade
High over-arch'd, and echoing walks between:
There oft the Indian herdsman shunning heat
Shelters in cool, and tends his pasturing herds
At loopholes cut thro' thickest shade: those

leaves 1110

They gather'd, broad as Amazonian targe,
And with what skill they had, together sow'd,
To gird their waist; vain covering, if to hide
Their guilt, and dreaded shame! O, how unlike
To that first naked glory! such of late 1115

Columbus found th' American, so girt
With feather'd cincture; naked else, and wild
Among the trees, on isles and woody shores.

Thus fenc'd, and, as they thought, their shame

in part

Conver'd, but not at rest or ease of mind. 1120

They sat them down to weep! nor only tears

Rain'd at their eyes; but high winds woref
within

Began to rise, high passions, anger, hate,
Mistrust, suspicion, discord, and shook sore
Their inward state of mind; calm region
once 1125

And full of peace; now tost and turbulent!
For understanding rul'd not, and the will
Heard not her lore; but in subjection now
To sensual appetite, who from beneath
Usurping, over sov'reign reason claim'd 1130
Superior sway: from thus distemper'd breast
Adam estrang'd in look and alter'd style,
Speech intermitted thus to Eve renew'd.

Would thou hadst hearken'd to my words,
and stay'd
With me, as I besought thee, when that
strange 1135

Desire of wandring this unhappy morn,
I know not whence possess'd thee! We had then
Remain'd still happy; not, as now, despoil'd
Of all our good, sham'd, naked, miserable.

Let none henceforth seek needless cause t'
approve 1140

The faith they owe; when earnestly they seek
Such proof, conclude, they then begin to fail.

To whom, soon mov'd with touch of blame,
thus Eve:

What words have pass'd thy lips, Adam severe!

Imput'st thou that to my default, or will 1145
Of wandring, as thou call'st it, which who knows
But might as ill have happen'd thou being by;
Or to thyself perhaps: hadst thou been
there,
Or here th' attempt, thou could'st not have
have discern'd
Fraud in the serpent, speaking as he spake; 1150
No ground of enmity between us known,
Why he should mean me ill, or seek to harm.
Was I to have never parted from thy side?
As good have grown there still a lifeless rib.
Being as I am, why didst not thou, the
Head, 1155
Command me absolutely not to go,
Going into such danger, as thou said'st?
Too facil thou then, didst not much gainsay,
Nay didst permit, approve, and fair dismiss.
Hadst thou been firm, and fix'd in thy dis-
sent, 1160
Neither had I transgress'd, nor thou with me.

To whom then first incens'd Adam reply'd:
Is this the love, is this the recompense
Of mine to thee, ingrateful Eve! express'd
Immutable, when thou wert lost, not I; 1165
Who might have liv'd, and joy'd immortal bliss:
Yet willingly chose rather death with thee.
And am I now upbraided, as the cause
Of thy transgressing? Not enough severe,

It seems, in my restraint! What could I
more? 1170

I warn'd thee, I admonish'd thee; foretold
The danger, and the lurking enemy
That lay in wait: beyond this had been force;
And force upon free will hath here no place.

But confidence then bore thee on; secure 1175
Either to meet no danger, or to find
Matter of glorious trial: and perhaps
I also err'd, in overmuch admiring

What seem'd in thee so perfect, that I thought
No evil durst attempt thee: but I rue 1180
That error now, which is become my crime;
And thou th' accuser! Thus it shall befall

Him, who to worth in woman overtrusting,
Lest her will rule: restraint she will not brook;
And left to herself, if evil thence ensue, 1185
She first his weak indulgence will accuse. —

Thus they in mutual accusation spent
The fruitless hours; but neither self-condem-
ning:

And of their vain contest appear'd no end.

The End of the Ninth Book.



Milton, John,

Paradise lost a poem in twelve books

Bd.: 1

Gotha (1805)

Passau, Staatliche Bibliothek -- S nv/Lc (b) 16-1
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